

Varicella (Chickenpox): Reporting and Outbreak Recommendations for Childcare and School Facilities



Surveillance

Individual cases of chickenpox are reportable in the state of Georgia and should be reported to 1-866-PUB-HLTH or the local health department.

Outbreak Control Recommendations

An outbreak of chickenpox in a childcare or school setting is defined as:

- ≥ 5 cases within a 3 week period of time (21 days) in persons <13 years of age
- ≥ 3 cases within a **3 week period** of time (21 days) in persons ≥ 13 years of age

When an outbreak is recognized:

- Contact your District Health Department immediately. For a list of local health departments go to: http://health.state.ga.us/epi/disease/districts.asp
- 2. Begin logging information on the varicella outbreak report form. Collect name, dob, date of rash onset, vaccination status, disease severity and classroom for every case.
- 3. Collaborate with Public Health to exclude all varicella cases (primary or breakthrough) until there are no new lesions appearing within 24 hours (usually 4–7 days after rash onset).
- 4. Identify susceptible students and staff who are at high risk for developing severe disease or at high risk for complications.
 - ✓ Unvaccinated persons
 - ✓ Persons with unknown vaccination status
 - ✓ Immunocompromised persons
 - ✓ Susceptible pregnant females
 - Inform them about their risks
 - Recommend vaccination (unless contraindicated)

- Recommend that they contact their healthcare provider. The provider can determine whether the following are necessary:
 - ✓ Immune status testing
 - ✓ Postexposure prophylaxis for those who are at high risk for severe disease and complications without immunity
 - Collaborate with Public Health to exclude susceptible students and staff
- 5. Notify parents and school staff
 - Send a letter home to parents notifying them of the outbreak
 - Provide information about chickenpox including:
 - \checkmark The availability of the vaccine
 - ✓ The potential for varicella to cause severe complications, especially in those who are high risk
 - Recommend a second dose of varicella vaccine for students and staff with no disease history or with a history of only one dose of varicella vaccine (provided the appropriate interval has passed since the first dose).
- 6. Report all students with primary or breakthrough varicella on the outbreak report form.
- 7. Obtain specimens for lab confirmation (Note: A specimen is not required from each ill student; a sample from 2 or 3 students is all that is necessary to confirm the outbreak).
- 8. Collaborate with Public Health to determine when excluded students and staff may return to school.
- 9. The outbreak is deemed ended when no new cases occur within 3 weeks (21 days) from the date the last case is considered to be infectious.

* Note that the steps are not ordered by priority since several of these steps are conducted simultaneously *

Have questions? http://health.state.ga.us/epi/vpd/varicella.asp

