# Georgia Part C Babies Can't Wait (BCW) Program Annual Performance Report (APR) Data

January 1, 2021 - March 31, 2021

State Interagency Coordinating Council (SICC) January 21st, 2022

### Annual Performance Report (APR)

Submitted annually to the Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP)

✓ Evaluates the state's efforts to implement the requirements and purposes of Part C The APR includes Compliance and Performance Indicators

• Compliance Indicators: Indicators where 100% compliance is the requirement

Indicator 1: Timely Service Delivery

Indicator 7: 45- Day Timeline

Indicator 8: Early Childhood Transition

• <u>Performance Indicators</u>: Indicators that focus on system, child and family outcomes

Indicator 2: Settings Indicator 5: Child Find Birth to 1

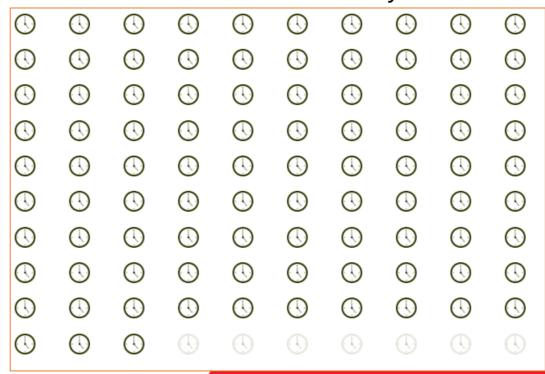
Indicator 3: Child Outcomes Indicator 6: Child Find Birth to 3

Indicator 4: Family Outcomes

### Indicator 1: Timely Service Delivery

- Percent of infants and toddlers with Individualized Family Service Plans (IFSPs) who
  receive early intervention services on their IFSPs in a timely manner
- Timely: <=45 days between Service Consent Date and Initial Date of Service</li>
- In FFY2020, **93%** of infants and toddlers received timely services





### Indicator 7: 45-Day Timeline

- Percent of eligible infants and toddlers with IFSPs for whom an evaluation and assessment and an initial IFSP meeting were conducted within Part C's 45-day timeline
- Timely: <=45 days between primary referral date and initial IFSP date</li>
- In FFY2020, 98% of the infants and toddlers received an initial evaluation, assessment and initial IFSP meeting within 45 days



\*Target is 100%

IFSP: Individualized Family Service Plan

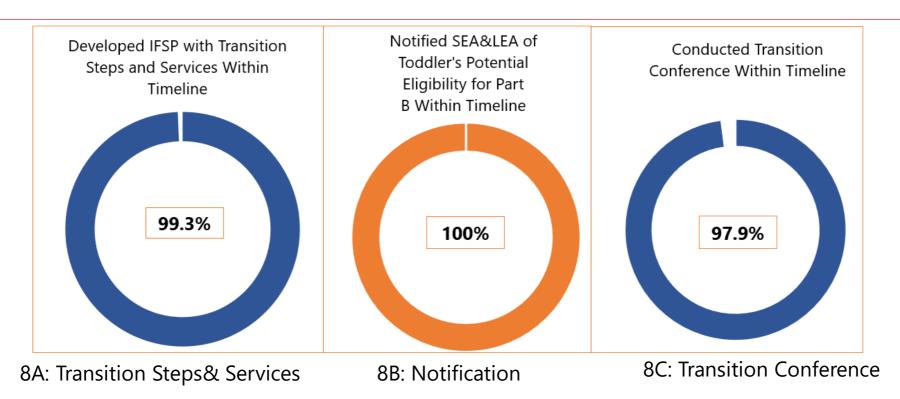
### Indicator 8: Early Childhood Transition

- Percent of all children exiting Part C who received timely transition planning to support the child's transition to preschool and other appropriate community services by their third birthday including:
  - 8A: Timely Transition Steps and Services;
  - 8B: Timely Notification to SEA & LEA; and
  - 8C: Timely Transition Conference

\*Target is 100%

SEA: State Education Agency LEA: Local Education Agency

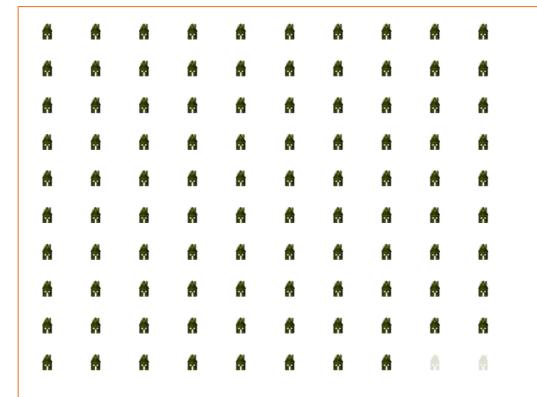
## Indicator 8: Early Childhood Transition



- \*8A Timely: Developed an IFSP with transition steps and services at least 90 days and not more than 9 months prior to the toddler's 3rd birthday
- \*8B Timely: Notified the State Educational Agency (SEA) and the Local Educational Agency (LEA) at least 90 days and not more 9 months prior to the toddler's 3rd birthday for toddlers potentially eligible for Part B preschool services
- \*8C Timely: Conducted the transition conference at least 90 days and not more than 9 months prior to the toddler's 3rd birthday for toddlers potentially eligible for Part B preschool services

## Indicator 2: Settings

- Percent of infants and toddlers with IFSPs who primarily receive early intervention services in the home or community-based settings
- In FFY2020, 98.1%\* of infants and toddlers received services in a home or community setting



\*Based on children with IFSPs as of 12/1/2020

\*State Target is 98.0%

### **Indicator 3: Child Outcomes**

- Percent of infants and toddlers with IFSPs who demonstrate improved outcomes during their time in Part C including:
  - 3A: Positive social-emotional skills (including social relationships);
  - 3B: Acquisition and use of knowledge and skills (including early language/communication);
  - 3C: Use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs

### Indicator 3: Child Outcomes progress

Progress for child outcomes is summarized and reported to OSEP using two summary statements:

**Summary Statement 1 (SS1)**: Of those children who entered the program below age expectations in each outcome, the percent who substantially increased their rate of growth by the time they turned 3 years or exited the program

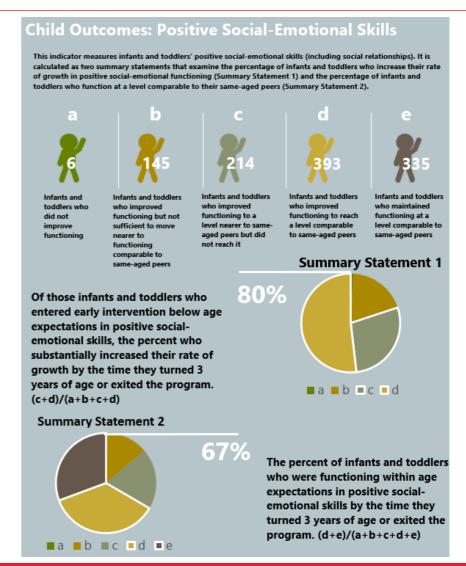
$$\frac{c+d}{a+b+c+d}$$

**Summary Statement 2 (SS2):** The percent of children who were functioning within age expectations in each outcome by the time they turned three years or exited the program

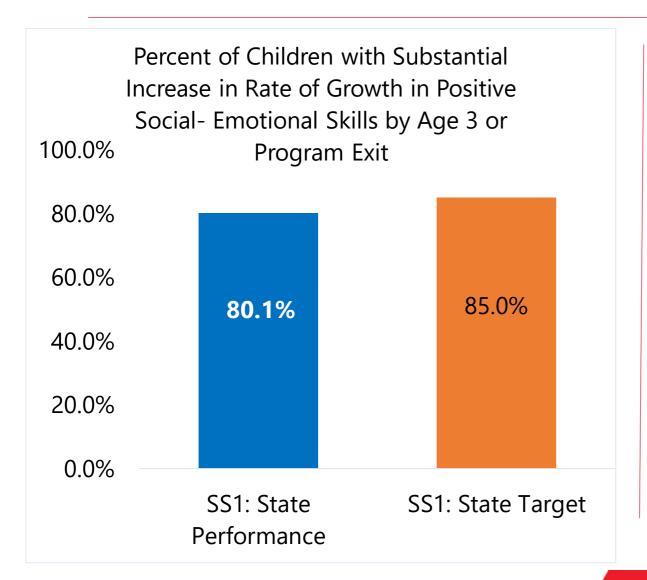
$$\frac{d+e}{a+b+c+d+e}$$

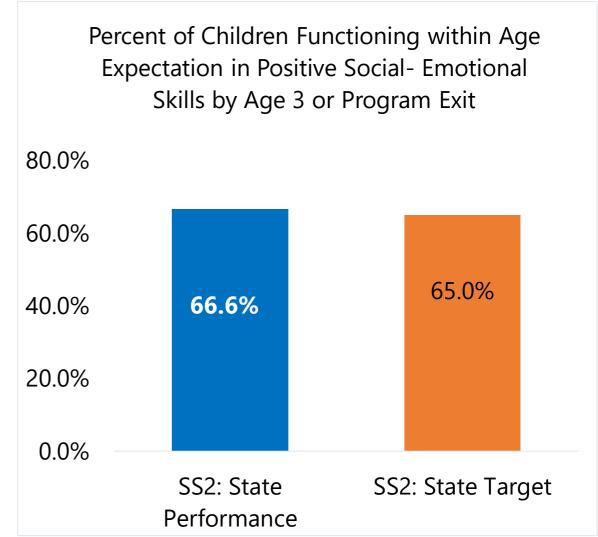
### Indicator 3A: Positive social-emotional skills

Progress Categories	Number of children	Percent
A. Percent of infants and toddlers who did	6	0.5%
not improve functioning		
B. Percent of infants and toddlers who	145	13.3%
improve functioning but not sufficient to		
move nearer to functioning comparable to		
same-aged peers		
C. Percent of infants and toddlers who	214	19.6%
improved functioning to a level nearer to		
same-aged peers but did not reach it		
D. Percent of infants and toddlers who	393	36.0%
improved functioning to reach a level		
comparable to same-aged peers		
E. Percent of infants and toddlers who	335	30.6%
maintained functioning at a level		
comparable to same-aged peers		
Total	1,093	100.0%



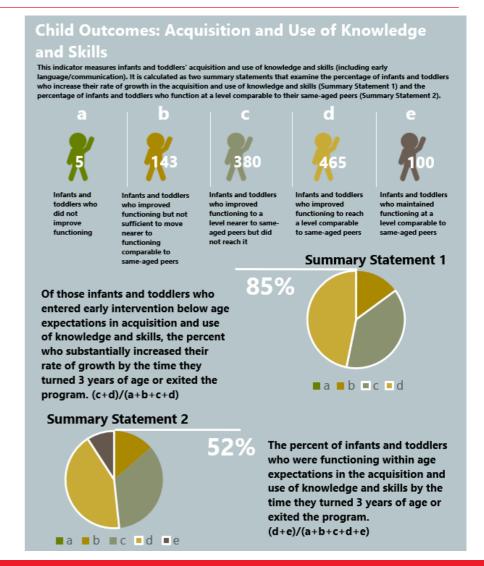
### Indicator 3A: Positive social-emotional skills



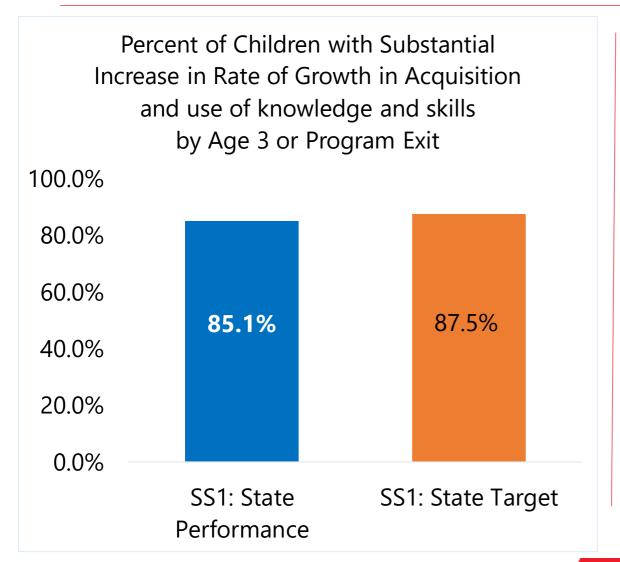


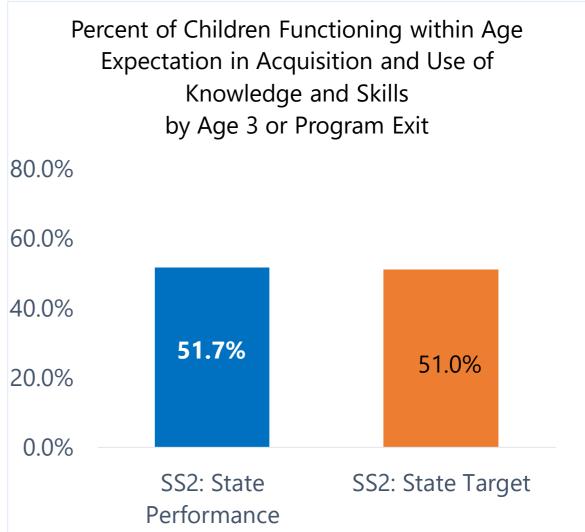
## Indicator 3B: Acquisition & use of knowledge & skills

Progress Categories	Number of children	Percent
A. Percent of infants and toddlers who did	5	0.5%
not improve functioning		
B. Percent of infants and toddlers who improve functioning but not sufficient to	143	13.1%
move nearer to functioning comparable to same-aged peers		
C. Percent of infants and toddlers who improved functioning to a level nearer to same-aged peers but did not reach it	380	34.8%
D. Percent of infants and toddlers who improved functioning to reach a level comparable to same-aged peers	465	42.5%
E. Percent of infants and toddlers who maintained functioning at a level comparable to same-aged peers	100	9.1%
Total	1,093	100.0%



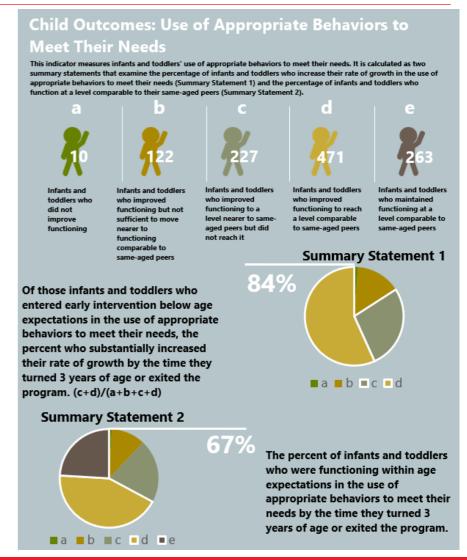
## Indicator 3B: Acquisition & use of knowledge & skills



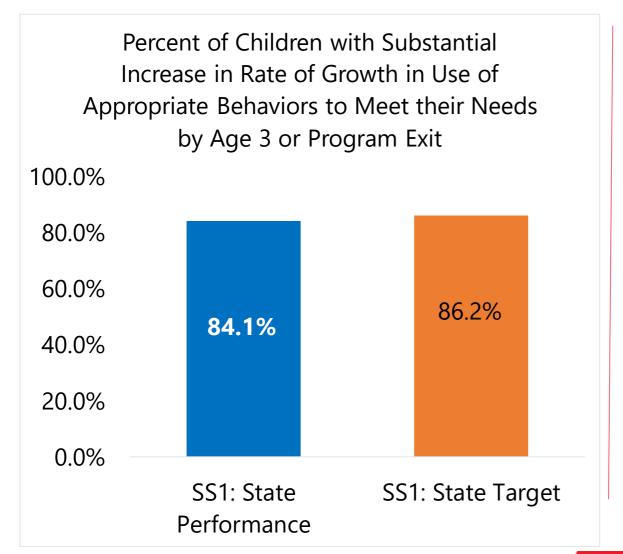


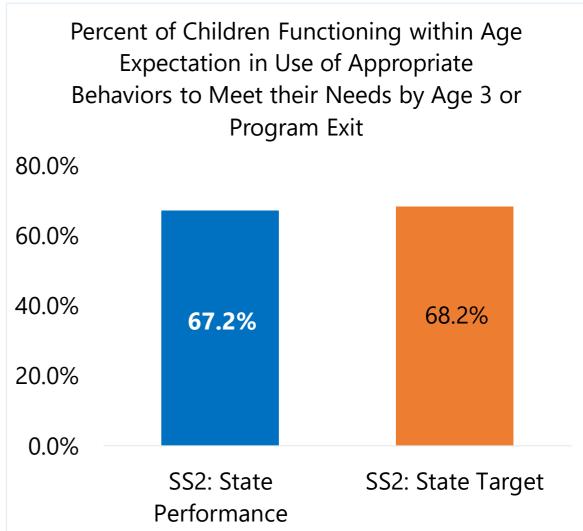
## Indicator 3C: Use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs

Progress Categories	Number of children	Percent
A. Percent of infants and toddlers who did not improve functioning	10	0.9%
B. Percent of infants and toddlers who improve functioning but not sufficient to move nearer to functioning comparable to same-aged peers	122	11.2%
C. Percent of infants and toddlers who improved functioning to a level nearer to same-aged peers but did not reach it	227	20.8%
D. Percent of infants and toddlers who improved functioning to reach a level comparable to same-aged peers	471	43.1%
E. Percent of infants and toddlers who maintained functioning at a level comparable to same-aged peers	263	24.0%
Total	1,093	100.0%



## Indicator 3C: Use of appropriate behaviors to meet their needs





### Indicator 3: Child Outcomes

#### Slippage Explanation 3A1, B1, C1 and C2:

Impact of COVID-19 pandemic:

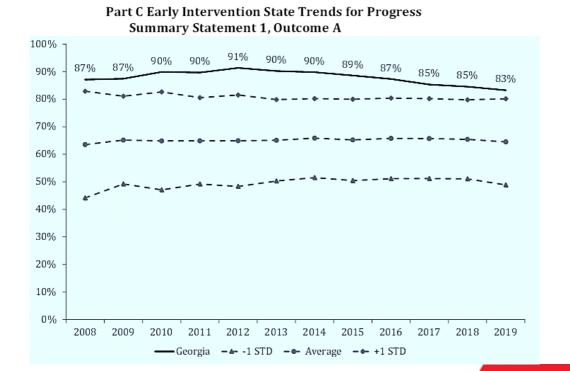
- Relationship development challenges in a virtual a space
- Economic and psychological factors that affected individual and family functioning
- Limited interaction opportunities for children to practice social skills with peers
- Telehealth technology challenges especially for families in rural Georgia

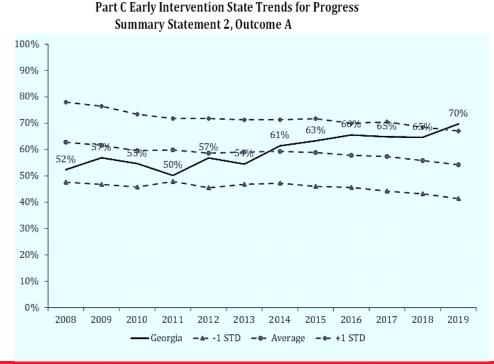
Reflection of statewide efforts on improving consistency in the COS process:

- Provider requirement to complete ECTA's COS modules online training
  - ✓ Practitioners consistently and accurately implement the COS process
- Quarterly review of COS data records by the local program EICs to ensure:
  - ✓ Records contain an Entry COS rating and exit rating (if child exits after at least 6 months in BCW); Evidence to support ratings; Team participation

## Georgia Child Outcomes trends vs national average

- Recent national COS profile data trends:
  - ✓ Georgia's performance has been above the national average for all the 3 child outcomes for summary statement 1
  - ✓ For summary statement 2, Georgia performance was above the national average from 2014 to 2019

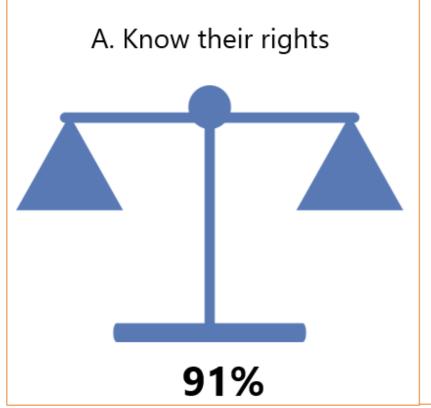




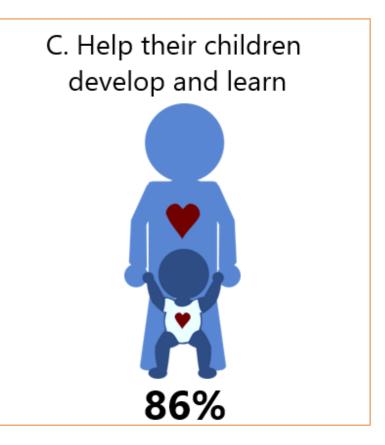
### Indicator 4: Family Outcomes

- Percent of families participating in Part C who report that early intervention services have helped the family:
  - 4A: Know their rights;
  - 4B: Effectively communicate their children's needs;
  - 4C: Help their children develop and learn

### Indicator 4: Family Outcomes



B. Effectively communicate their children's needs 89%



4A \*State Target 91.2%

4B \*State Target 90.5%

4C \*State Target 86.5%

## Indicator 4: Family Outcomes

#### **Slippage Explanation 4 B & C**:

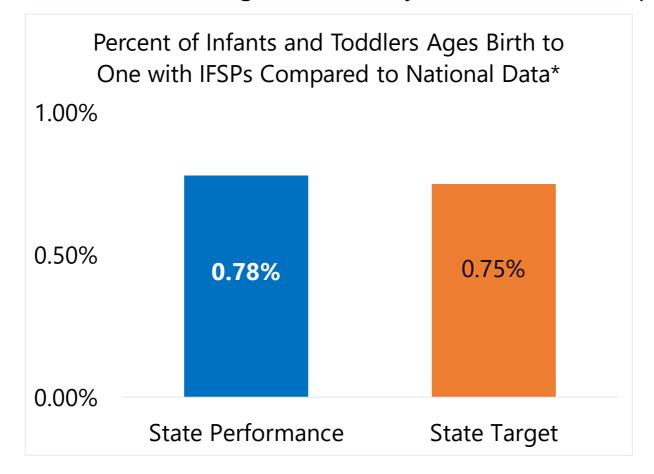
Impact of COVID-19 pandemic:

- Relationship development challenges in a virtual space
- Economic and psychological factors that impacted individual and family functioning
- Telehealth technology challenges especially for families in rural Georgia

### Indicator 5: Child Find Birth to 1

Percent of infants and toddlers ages birth to 1 year with IFSPs compared to the National

data

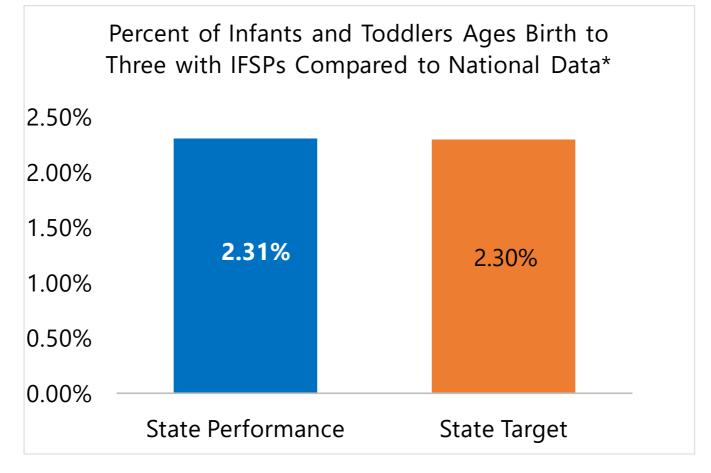


<sup>\*</sup>Based on children with IFSPs as of 12/1/2020

### Indicator 6: Child Find Birth to 3

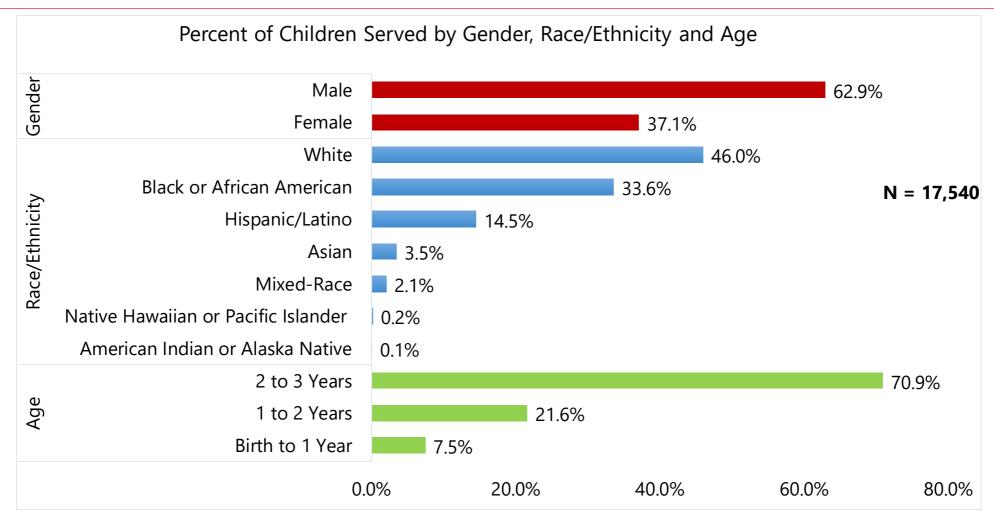
Percent of infants and toddlers ages birth to 3 years with IFSPs compared to the National

data



<sup>\*</sup>Based on children with IFSPs as of 12/1/2020

### Indicator 5 & 6: Children Served, Birth to 3



In Fiscal year 2020, a total of 17,540 children ages birth through 3 years were served by the Georgia Part C Babies Can't Wait Program

## Thank You!!!