# Georgia Ryan White Part B, Case Management Standards of Operating Policy and Procedures



2023

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#### Introduction

Georgia Ryan White Part B Case Management Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) provide case management guidance based upon the changing needs of enrolled clients. Medical and Non-Medical Case Management in Georgia is available statewide through Ryan White HIV/AIDS Programs that receive federal funds from the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). Funded case managers in the state also provide referrals to support services such as transportation, housing, food banks, etc. Clients who receive any Ryan White Part B Program services paid by Part B funding must be enrolled in case management.

The purpose of the Georgia Ryan White Part B Case Management SOP is to provide guidance to sub-recipients and case managers that will assist in fulfilling the programs minimum expectations for case management. These Standard Operating Procedures are not meant to replace or override existing, more detailed standards agencies may have in place. If any agency is unable to meet case management standards, there must be documentation explaining why they were unable to meet the standards. The Standards are intended to assist the agency and case managers in fulfilling the following goals:

- Increase the quality of care and life for persons living with HIV/AIDS
- Coordination of services to reduce preventable emergency room, urgent care center and hospital visits
- Provide client advocacy and crisis intervention services upon identified need
- Consistently retain clients in care
- Establish better health outcomes for all clients served

## **Background**

The HIV services system provides several types of coordination, referral, and follow-up services that aim to eliminate barriers to necessary medical and support services entitled to receive. To help people with HIV (PWH) get connected to the needed services and stay in care.

HRSA strongly encourages Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program (RWHAP) recipients, subrecipients, planning bodies, and providers to leverage their expertise and RWHAP infrastructure to incorporate viral suppression messages in service delivery settings where PWH are engaged (e.g., outpatient ambulatory health services, medical and non-medical case management, health literacy, early intervention services, and treatment adherence discussion). Providers should:

- 1) Involve consumers in the decision-making process of their HIV treatment and sexual health
- 2) Develop a trusting relationship with their patients
- 3) Identify all barriers that could affect treatment adherence to medical care and support services
- 4) Support PWH to achieve and maintain healthy outcomes

The continuum of HIV/AIDS interventions is generally referred to as the HIV Care Continuum or the HIV Treatment Cascade. The HIV Care Continuum includes the diagnosis of HIV, linkage to primary

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care, <u>lifelong retention</u> in primary care, an appropriate prescription of antiretroviral therapy (ART), and ultimately HIV viral load suppression.

Sub-recipients are encouraged to assess the outcomes of their programs along the HIV Care Continuum. Sub-recipients should work with their community and public health partners to improve outcomes across the continuum. This is to ensure that PWH are linked to care, engaged in care, and encouraged to begin ART based on readiness of medical adherence. Remember, we must meet the client where they are at taking medications every day for life.

## Section 1: Case Management Defined (Medical and Non-Medical)

Case management is a directed program of care and social service coordination. Typically, PWH are enrolled into case management to ensure a comprehensive continuum of care. PWH are also enrolled into case management to eliminate barriers to accessing care with the goal to improve health outcomes. Case managers should assist with coordination of support services and follow-up to medical treatment. There are many definitions that vary among agencies; however, the definition of case management used will be that from HRSA PCN 16-02 for Ryan White Programs:

#### Medical Case Management, including Treatment Adherence Services

Medical Case Management is the provision of a range of client-centered activities focused on improving health outcomes in support of the HIV care continuum. Activities under this service may be provided by an interdisciplinary team that includes other specialty care providers. Medical Case Management includes all types of case management encounters (e.g., face-to-face, phone contact, email and telehealth and any other forms of communication).

#### Key activities for Medical Case Management services include,

- Initial assessment of service needs
- Development of a comprehensive, individualized care plan
- Timely and coordinated access to medically appropriate levels of health, support services and continuity of care
- Continuous client monitoring to assess the efficacy of care plan
- Re-evaluation of the care plan at least every 3 to 6 months with adaptations as necessary for the client's medical care plan. This is not 6 monthly eligibility criteria
- Ongoing assessment of the client and other key family members for client's personal support systems
- Treatment adherence counseling to ensure readiness for the adherence to complex HIV treatments
- Client-specific advocacy and/or review of utilization of services
- Coordination of Prenatal Care

Medical case management services collaborate with Ryan White Medical providers and referred OB-GYN offices to maintain care for pregnant women living with HIV and improve communication between prenatal and HIV care providers. Case managers must conduct monthly phone consultations with the OB-

GYN office to collect information on the patient's prenatal care. All case managers are required to document consultation notes into their prospective electronic medical record or client paper chart.

Additional information regarding the Prenatal Operating Procedure can be found in Appendix H page 46.

In addition to providing the medically oriented services above, Medical Case Management may also provide benefits counseling by assisting eligible clients in obtaining access to other public and private programs for which they may be eligible. Other eligible services may include, Medicaid, Medicare enrollment and Part D, State Pharmacy Assistance Programs, Pharmaceutical Manufacturer's Patient Assistance Programs, other state or local health care, supportive services, and insurances plans through the health insurance Marketplace/Exchanges.

Visits to ensure treatment readiness and adherence to, complex HIV treatments shall be considered Medical Case Management or Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services. Treatment Adherence Services provided during a Medical Case Management visit should be reported in the Medical Case Management service category whereas Treatment Adherence services provided during an Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Service visit should be reported under the Outpatient/Ambulatory Health Services category.

The Medical Case Management service category objective is to provide guidance and assistance to improve health care outcomes.

#### **Non-Medical Case Management Services**

Non-Medical Case Management Services (NMCM) is the provision of a range of client centered support services focused on improving access and retention in medical services. NMCM provides coordination, guidance, and assistance navigating through healthcare and support services. Non-medical case managers educate and guide PWH in accessing medical, housing, linguistic, legal, financial, vocational, and other support services to eliminate barriers to care. NMCM services may also include assisting eligible clients to obtain access to other public and private programs for which they may be eligible. These include programs such as Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), private health insurance, Medicare Part D, State Pharmacy Assistance Programs, Patient Assistance Programs (PAP), Department of Labor, Housing Authority applications and referrals, educational services, other state, or local healthcare and/ support services.

Non-medical case management services include all types of encounters including face-to-face, telehealth, electronic mail (e-mail), and any other form of communication. All encounters are documented in the client chart. Non-medical case management services are provided for PWH who have a lower acuity score ranging from one to three. Acuity Scoring is described in greater detail later in the Case Management Standard Operating Procedures. Non-Medical Case Management services provide support for PWH who are self-sufficient with non-urgent circumstances that provides structured guidance for PWH to develop client centered goals.

#### **Key activities for Non-Medical Case Management Services include**,

- Initial assessment of service needs
- Development of a comprehensive, individualized care plan
- Timely and coordinated access to medically appropriate levels of health and support services and continuity of care
- Client-specific advocacy and/or review of utilization of services
- Continuous client monitoring to assess the efficacy of the care plan

- Re-evaluation of the care plan at least every 6 months with adaptations as necessary
- Ongoing assessment of the client's and other key family members' needs and personal support systems All clients should have documented evidence of coordination of services required to implement the ISP during service provision, referrals, and follow-up area

The Non-Medical Case Management service category objective is to provide guidance and assistance to improve access to support services.

#### **Assessment of Service Need**

Complete the Acuity Scale and develop key NMCM activities that are not intensive and are less frequent than medical case management activities. PWH enrolled in non-medical case management are self-sufficient and able to manage life situations within their own environment independently. Self-management allows case managers the opportunity to serve more clients and provide intensive support to those identified with a higher acuity score. Case Managers must ensure the following activities are completed for new and established clients.

- A comprehensive ISP within 30 days of beginning intake
- Timely and coordinated access to medically appropriate levels of health, support services and continuity of care
- Client-specific advocacy and/or review of utilization of services
- Continuous client monitoring to assess the ISP efficacy
- Re-evaluation of the ISP at least every 6 months with adaptations as necessary
- Ongoing assessment of the client's and other key family members' needs and personal support systems
- All clients should have documented evidence of coordination of services required to implement the ISP during service provision, referrals, and follow-up area

The Non-Medical Case Management service category objective is to provide guidance and assistance to improve access to support services.

## **Medical and Non-Medical Case Manager**

### The Case Manager

The roles of the case manager are varied and require that case managers assist clients in addressing problems in all facets of their lives. Case managers often act in, but are not limited to the following roles:

- Advocate
- Counselor
- Problem solver
- Coordinator with Service Providers/Planners
- Prudent Purchaser

#### **Skillset of a Case Manager**

In addition, to requiring that staff be knowledgeable in all areas listed above, case managers must possess a wide range of skills to perform job functions effectively and efficiently. The case manager must have considerable skills to locate, develop, and coordinate the provision of support services in the community. In addition, a case manager must coordinate and follow-up on medical treatment and adherence counseling. Case managers can benefit from training in the following areas regardless of their educational background:

- Motivational Interviewing
  - o Oral, written, and communication skills
  - Establish rapport and maintain relationships
- Knowledge of eligibility requirements of applicable local, state, and federal programs
- Community Based Organizations (CBO's)
- Consultation strategies
- Basic working knowledge of HIV/AIDS
- Basic understanding of highly active antiretroviral therapy (HAART) including treatment adherence
- Record keeping and documentation
- Knowledge regarding the current standards of HIV/AIDS care and case management procedures

All staff should be provided opportunities for training to become familiar with the aspects of HIV/AIDS to better understand the needs of the clients served. Case managers should be provided an opportunity for training in all aspects of the disease including coordination and follow-up of medical treatments and the provision of treatment adherence counseling.

Publications and newsletters relating to HIV/AIDS can provide informative reading material for case managers. All case managers need to be trained in the use of state approved forms and methods of documentation.

#### Number of clients per Caseload

Caseload size is one of the most important factors affecting job performance. Generally, a caseload of up to 1:75 is considered optimum. However, only a few case management agencies have caseloads at this level. Ryan White agencies are encouraged to have caseloads below 75. Unfortunately, caseloads are generally higher than 75. With a caseload size greater than 75 clients, the nature of the case manager's role may change in the following ways:

- Interactions with clients can become reactive rather than proactive
- More demanding clients may receive the greatest amount of attention from the case managerplease remember to maintain proper boundaries
- Case managers may not have enough time to develop a suitable rapport with the client
- Case managers should not do more for clients; rather work with the clients to foster their independence- clients are responsible to engage in their own care
- More time will be spent on documentation requirements, data collection and reporting
- Staff turnover may increase secondary to burnout

Caseload size alone is not necessarily indicative of the case manager's workload. The stage of the client's illness and/or the emergency circumstances which a client may or may not have (i.e., housing needs) often dictates how a case manager's time is spent. Case managers should be assigned caseloads in several ways including the number of PWH already assigned per case manager, distance from service provider,

available funding criteria used to assign cases. Case management programs should establish a method of assigning caseloads based on the service organization population.

	O		
Sta	ndard	Measure	
1.1	<ul> <li>Newly hired HIV case managers will have the following minimum qualifications:</li> <li>The appropriate skill set and relevant experience to provide effective case management, as well as be knowledgeable about HIV/AIDS and current resources available</li> <li>The ability to complete documentation required by the case management position</li> <li>Have a bachelor's degree in a Social Science or be a Registered Nurse with at least one year of Case Management experience. One year of full-time (or equivalent part-time) work experience in social services delivery (case management, outreach, prevention/education, etc.)</li> </ul>	Resume in personnel file	
1.2	Newly hired or promoted HIV Case Manager Supervisors will have at least the minimum qualifications described above for case managers plus two years of case management experience, or other experience relevant to the position (e.g., volunteer management experience)	Resume in personnel file	
1.3	Case management provider organizations will give a written job description to all case managers and all case manager supervisors	Written job description on file	
1.4	Case managers will comply with the Georgia HIV/AIDS Case Management Standards	Review of case management records	
1.5	Case managers will receive at least two hours of supervision per month to include client care, case manager job performance, and skill development	Documentation in personnel file of case manager job performance	
1.6	The optimum caseload per case manager is up to 75 active clients	Observations during site visit and self-report by case manager	
1.7	Case managers will receive training on the Case Management Standards and standardized forms	Documentation in training records/personnel file	
1.8	Case managers will participate in at least six (6) hours of education/training annually	Documentation in training records/personnel file	
1.9	Each agency will have a case management supervision policy	Written policy on file at provider agency	

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Table 1. Case Management Personnel	
Standard	Measure
1.10 Each agency must maintain the Case Managers credentials and/or evidence of training of health care staff providing case management services	Documentation of credentials in records/personnel file

## **Agency Policy and Procedures**

#### Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)

An agency must provide the client with the agency's Notice of Privacy Practices on the first date of service delivery as required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA). They should obtain a signed copy of the patient acknowledgement of Notice of Privacy Statement (HIPAA form) and provide the client with a copy of the signed statement.

Table 2. Agency Policy and Procedures		
Standard	Measure	
2.1 Each agency must have an eligibility policy and procedure that comply with state and federal regulations (i.e., linguistically appropriate for the population being served)	Written policy on file at provider agency	
2.2 Each agency must have a client confidentiality policy (i.e., linguistically appropriate for the population being served). Every employee must sign a confidentiality agreement	Written policy on file at provider agency Copy of signed confidentiality agreement in personnel file	
2.3 Each agency must have grievance policies and procedures; and client's rights and responsibilities (i.e., linguistically appropriate for the population being served)	Written policy on file at provider agency	
Each agency must implement, maintain, and display documentation regarding client's grievance procedures and client's rights and responsibilities	Grievance procedures and client's rights and responsibilities displayed in public areas of the agency	
2.4 Inform the client of the client confidentiality policy, grievance policies and procedures, and client's rights and responsibilities at intake and annually	Documentation in the client's record indicating that the client has been informed of the confidentiality policy, grievance policies and procedures and client's rights and responsibilities	

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Table 2. Agency Policy and Procedures		
Standard	Measure	
The case manager and client will sign documentation of the above. The case manager will provide the client with copies of the signed documents	Signed documentation in client's record	
2.5 Obtain written authorization to release information for each specific request. Each request must be signed by the client or legal guardian. (e.g., linguistically appropriate for the population being served)	Release of information forms signed by client in case management record	
<b>Note</b> : If releasing AIDS Confidential Information (ACI), the client must sign an authorization for release of information, which specifically allows release of ACI. (See Georgia Code Section 24-9-47 for medical release of ACI)		
2.6 Provide the client with the agency's Notice of Privacy Practices on the first date of service delivery as required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA). Obtain a signed copy of the patient acknowledgement of Notice of Privacy Statement (HIPAA form). Provide the client with a copy of the signed statement	Signed acknowledgement of Notice of Privacy Statement (HIPAA form) in the client's record	

#### **Eligibility Policy**

The purpose of the intake process is to ensure PWH understand the purpose of case management and to screen if the client is currently receiving Ryan White Case Management service at another agency. It is extremely important to provide mandated information and obtain required consents, releases, and disclosure. An intake is also a time to gather and provide basic information to and from PWH with care and compassion. It is a pivotal moment to establish trust, confidence, and rapport between both parties. If there is an indication that the client may be facing an imminent loss of medication or other forms of medical crisis at intake, the process should be expedited, and appropriate intervention take place prior to formal enrollment.

Five steps must be completed for every client who is new or re-enrolling into case management: Client Intake, Income/Expense Spreadsheet, Acuity Scale, Individualized Service Plan (ISP), and case note documentation. The above-mentioned forms will be discussed in further detail throughout this document.

#### **Confidentiality Policy**

A confidentiality policy protects client's personal and medical information such as HIV status, behavioral risk factors, and use of services. The confidentiality policy must:

- include consent for release of medical information
- include how medical records are securely stored for privacy

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#### **Client Right and Responsibilities Policy**

Active participation in one's health care and sharing in health care decisions maximizes the quality of care and quality of life for people living with HIV/AIDS. Case Managers should encourage clients to actively participate in their own care. Case managers must explain options available to them regarding their rights and responsibilities to create a better health outcome. A signed copy of the rights and responsibility policy must be provided to the client and the agency is required to follow and maintain the original signed copy within the client chart record.

#### **Grievance Policy**

An agency's grievance policy must outline the process to report unfair treatment or lack of providing quality services. The grievance policy procedure must be posted and visible to everyone provided services. The policy should be specific detailing personnel to contact and the process to file a complaint.

#### **Section 2: Intake Process Overview**

The purpose of the intake process is to ensure PWH understand the purpose of case management and to screen if the client is currently receiving Ryan White Case Management service at another agency. It is extremely important to provide mandated information and obtain required consents, releases, and disclosure. An intake is also a time to gather and provide basic information to and from PWH with care and compassion. It is a pivotal moment to establish trust, confidence, and rapport between both parties. If there is an indication that the client may be facing an imminent loss of medication or other forms of medical crisis at intake, the process should be expedited, and appropriate intervention take place prior to formal enrollment.

Five steps must be completed for every client who is new or re-enrolling into case management: Client Intake, Income/Expense Spreadsheet, Acuity Scale, Individualized Service Plan (ISP), and case note documentation. The above-mentioned forms will be discussed in further detail throughout this document.

#### Intake

The first step in the enrollment process is to complete the Client Intake form. Upon completing this form, the case manager will review the document to ensure that the requested information is complete and accurate. The intake form should be signed by both the person receiving services and the case manager. All supporting documents provided should be reviewed for accuracy. Case Management intake must be completed within 15-30 days of beginning the initial services based on the client's level of acuity. Additional information regarding a Client Intake Form can be found in Appendix A, page 26.

#### **Income and Expense Spreadsheet**

The second document to be completed is the Income/ Expense Spreadsheet. This document will tabulate as numbers are entered into the cells. The purpose of this form is to obtain information regarding a client's financial expenses/resources. The Income/Expense Spreadsheet must be completed within 15-30 days of beginning the initial intake assessment based on the client's level of acuity. **The spreadsheet is in Appendix B, page 28.** 

#### **Acuity Scale Document**

The third step is to complete the Acuity Scale assessment. It is not necessary for a client to sign this document, only the case manager. The scale is a tool for case managers that can be used in conjunction with the initial intake to develop an ISP. The Acuity Scale translates the assessment into a level of support designed to provide appropriate aid to the client's assessed level of functioning. This document must be completed within 15-30 days of assessment based on the level of acuity. Additional information regarding the Case Management Acuity Scale is in Appendix C, page 30.

#### **Individualized Service Plan (ISP)**

The fourth step is to develop the initial comprehensive ISP, which constitutes another essential function of case management. The ISP is the "bridge" from the assessment phase to the actual delivery of services. The primary goal of the ISP is to ensure client's access, retention, and adherence to primary medical care by removing barriers to care. A comprehensive assessment is developed using information gathered while completing the Intake and Acuity Scale to determine the level of client's needs and personal support systems. The information is then used to develop a mutually agreed upon comprehensive ISP with specific goals and action steps to address barriers to care.

The ISP's should be developed using SMART objectives. Smart objectives are as follows; **S**pecific, **M**easurable, **A**ttainable, **R**ealistic, and **T**ime Specific. A comprehensive ISP must be signed by both the client and case manager within 15-30 days of beginning the initial services based on the client's level of acuity. **Additional information regarding the ISP can be found in Appendix E, page 38.** 

#### **Section 3: Initial Intake Process**

An Initial Intake is the formal process of collecting information to determine the client's eligibility for services and his/her immediate service needs. The case manager becomes familiar with the eligibility requirements of numerous assistance programs to provide appropriate referrals to address client barriers to care. The Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program requires that funds be utilized as the payer of last resort. The following eligibility documents must be provided during intake referenced to <a href="https://example.com/hRSA PCN: 21-02">https://example.com/hRSA PCN: 21-02</a> guidelines

- 1. HIV Status
- 2. Low-Income
- 3. Residency

During intake, clients should be informed of the case management services available that can assist with improving health outcomes and gain self-sufficiency. The information collected during the intake process provides the basis to obtain informed consent for case management services and conducting the comprehensive needs assessment. The following are the objectives of an intake process:

- 1. Establish rapport and trust between the client and case manager
- 2. Determine the client's immediate needs assessment and link them to the appropriate resources
- 3. Inform the client of the scope of services offered by the Ryan White program which includes.
  - a. Benefits and limitations
  - b. Rights and responsibilities as a participant in the program

c. Case managers should allow the interactions with the client to evolve in such a way that the client feels free to express needs openly and for those needs to be acknowledged by the case manager

An intake must be completed for new or re-enrolling case management clients. The client should serve as the primary source of information. A case manager should actively engage the client in the assessment process avoiding yes/no questions, utilize open ended questions and enhance communication between the two parties.

Clients may be asked to identify their own strengths/weaknesses and to assist in identifying support services that will be needed for independent living. The healthcare team may be contacted for more information regarding the client's medical condition and support services. Additional sources of information might include hospital or social service agency records, family, friends, and therapists. These sources of information must be utilized only with the knowledge and consent of the client. Six major areas of a client's life for consideration when conducting an intake include the following:

- 1. <u>Clinical/Medical</u> This includes discussion of the client's health status, diagnosis, possible treatments, the client's right to refuse care or insist upon a different approach and access to primary care.
- 2. <u>Psychosocial</u> This includes discussion of the client's level of coping or functioning and past coping strategies that were tried. A review of available resources for client support, an assessment of the client's strengths/weaknesses, support groups and barriers to care should also be addressed.
- 3. Social This includes discussion of the client's family structure, significant others, and cultural background. The case manager should meet with the client's family members and significant others only when deemed appropriate for continuum of care and treatment and at the agreement of the client wishes. The client's history of family, friends, spouses, domestic partners, and others are essential to the client's well-being. This network can provide a range and depth of services which can only be enhanced.
- 4. <u>Economic</u> This includes the current financial resources and insurance coverage, and financial assistance that has not been explored (i.e., food, housing, transportation, etc.). Budget counseling and debt management should be provided as an option. All resources including but not limited to employment and disability coverage vigorously be explored continuously documented in chart records. The client and family should be educated about insurance and terminology. (See Appendix B, Page 30 Income/Expenses Form).
- 5. <u>Cultural</u> This includes assessing culturally specific needs of the client and ensuring that case management services are provided in the preferred language of the client. Please note that it is not encouraged to rely on children or family to interpret for the client.
- 6. <u>Linguistic</u> Language assistance must be provided by the agency when an interpreter is required to communicate effectively with staff to translate key information including, but not limited to, the consent for services, consent for release of medical/psychosocial information, grievance policy and any other similar documents that a provider might typically use during service provision to clients.

Typically, the initial intake interaction with the client regarding case management services will occur via face-to-face encounter. However, the intake can be conducted in other locations such as: office, hospital,

clinic, home, or shelters. The intake is necessary to determine whether the client is experiencing a crisis and/or requires an immediate referral. The case manager and client will discuss services offered, the expectation from both client and case manager, and requirements to access case management services. It is during this interaction that the case manager and client establish the basis for developing rapport and trust, which are essential elements of case management. This information must be discussed during the intake to avoid future miscommunication and inappropriate expectations.

If it is determined that the client is eligible for HIV/AIDS services, the case manager or another staff member proceed with the following:

- Obtain consent for services based on agency's policies
- Explain medical and support services available and other case management procedures
- Explain the agency's regular, after-hours, weekend, and holiday policies (if applicable)
- Explain the agency's grievance policy, policies/procedures and client rights and responsibilities
- Advise client of his/her rights to confidentiality as specified by state statutes and obtain authorization to release confidential information as needed
- Initiate a client file/record to be maintained throughout the duration of the client's involvement with the case management agency

Note: The client must sign an authorization for release of information, which specifically allows release of AIDS Confidential Information (ACI). (See Georgia Code Section 24-9-47 for medical release of ACI.)

Table 3. Intake		
Standard	Measure	
3.1 Determine Ryan White Part B Program eligibility for services	Documentation of eligibility in client's records including proof of HIV/AIDS positive medical diagnosis, proof of Georgia residency, income at or below 400% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL) and must have no other payer source for the services provided	
3.2 Obtain client's authorization to obtain and/or release information if there is an immediate need to release or request information	Signed Release (or No-Release) of Information in client's record	
3.3 Complete the Initial Intake, Income/Expense Spreadsheet, Acuity Scale, initial ISP, and case note within 15-30 days of beginning the initial Intake assessment	Completed Intake, Income/Expense Spreadsheet, Acuity Scale, initial ISP, and case note in client's record	

## **Section 4: Acuity Scale**

All new and re-enrolling clients must have an Acuity Assessment Scale completed. The scale is a tool for case managers to use in conjunction with the initial intake to develop an Individualized Service Plan (ISP). The intent is to provide a framework for documenting important elements and standardizing the key questions that should be asked as part of an assessment. This scale also translates the assessment into a level of programmatic support designed to provide the client assistance appropriate to ensure that the unmet needs are addressed and considered vital to create a better treatment plan for each client to achieve a better health outcome.

The case manager can, at his/her discretion, increase the acuity level based upon his/her assessment and client needs, i.e., there are circumstances which indicate the client may benefit from additional services or support.

\*Please note: The acuity level can only be decreased after completing a new Acuity Scale, which indicates a lower level of acuity than the previously dated Acuity Scale.

#### **Determining the Client Acuity Level Score**

<u>Level 1 and 2</u> - Clients are lower levels of acuity, which require less intensive case management services. Most case management services provided for level 1 and 2 clients are non-medical vs. medical. The objective is to provide coordination, guidance and assistance in improving access to and retention in needed medical and support services to mitigate and eliminate barriers to HIV care services.

<u>Level 3</u>- Clients are at a higher acuity level which require more case management services.

Level 4 - Clients are at the highest acuity level which require intensive case management services. Most case management services provided for level 3 and 4 clients will be medical vs. non-medical, as the objective is to improve health care outcomes. Appropriate case management activities are assigned in accordance with the Activities by Acuity Level document according to the indicated acuity scale levels. Below are the Acuity Levels, point values and a brief description of a client who has been assigned that level of acuity,

#### Level 1 Self-Management 16-17 points

Self-management is appropriate for clients who are adherent to medical care and treatment, are independent, and can advocate for themselves. Clients may need occasional assistance from the case manager to update eligibility forms. These clients have demonstrated capability of managing self and disease, are independent, medically stable, virally suppressed and have no problem getting access to HIV care. Additionally, their housing and income source(s) should be stable. If clients have a mental health diagnosis, they should be in the care of a mental health provider and adherent to their treatment plan. If clients have a history of substance abuse, they should have more than 12 months of sobriety and should preferably be accessing continued support services to maintain their sobriety. Most case management services provided will be non-medical vs. medical. Re-evaluation of the acuity scale and ISP must occur at least every 6 months with adaptations, as necessary.

#### Level 2 Supportive 18-22 points

Supportive case management is appropriate for clients with needs that can be addressed in the short term. Clients should be adherent to their medical care and treatment, independent, and able to advocate for themselves. Additionally, these clients require minimal assistance, and their housing and income source(s) should be stable. Clients may require service provision assistance no more that 2-3 times a year.

If the clients have a mental health diagnosis, they should be in the care of a mental health provider and adherent to their treatment plan. If clients have a history of substance abuse, they should have no less than 6-12 months of sobriety and should preferably be accessing continued support services to maintain their sobriety. This includes the provision of advice and assistance in obtaining medical, social, community, legal, financial, and other needed services. Most case management services provided will be non-medical vs. medical. Re-evaluation of the acuity scale and ISP must occur at least every 6 months with adaptations, as necessary.

#### Level 4 Intensive 38-56 points

Intensive case management is appropriate for clients who are considered medically case managed. These clients require assistance to access and/or remain in care. The clients are at risk of becoming lost to care and are considered medically unstable without MCM assistance to ensure access and participation in the continuum of care. The case manager should ensure timely and coordinated access to medically appropriate levels of health and support services, and continuity of care, through ongoing assessment of the client's and other key family members' needs and personal support systems. Key activities include but are not limited to completing initial intake within 15 days of beginning the intake, development of an individualized service plan (ISP) within 15-30 days of beginning the intake, and re-evaluation of the acuity scale and ISP with a revision at least every 3 months. Most case management services provided are for medical services rather than non-medical. Documentation should be reflective of goals, activities, and outcomes in the case notes. All services provided must be documented any service provided without documentation will not be acknowledged.

<u>Upon completing and scoring the Acuity Scale, the Activities by Acuity Level document in Appendix D</u>

Page 35 provides timelines and activities that must be followed depending on the acuity level score.

Information obtained while completing the Acuity Scale can be used to develop the ISP.

After the initial documents have been completed for a new or re-enrolling client, the next step is to <u>determine when the Acuity Scale and ISP will need to be revised.</u>

#### When to Revise the Acuity Scale Score and ISP form

<u>Level 1-3 Scoring Clients</u> will require revision at least every 6 months. However, the ISP and Acuity scale can be updated more frequently if needed.

<u>Level 4 Scoring Clients</u> will be at least every 3 months.

Table 4. Acuity Scale		
Standard	Measure	
4.1 All new or re-enrolling case management client charts will have a completed Acuity Scale within 15-30 days of initial assessment	Acuity Scale must be assessed, and a score assigned and in the client chart	
4.2 All case managed client charts containing a completed Acuity Scale will have a level of acuity assigned	Every Acuity Scale must contain the Total Score and Assigned Acuity Level reflective on each completed Acuity Scale Assessment and in the client chart	

4.3 All Acuity Scale assessments will be upda	tted At a minimum, the Acuity Scale should be
in accordance with the Activities by Acuit	revised as follows:
Level document. (see Appendix D)	Level 4 – Every 3 months.
	Level 1-3 – Every 6 months

## Section 5: Individualized Service Plan (ISP)

The development of the ISP consists of the translation of information acquired during intake and completion of the acuity scale into short and long-term objectives for the maintenance and independence of the client. The service plan includes:

- identification of all services client currently needs
- identification of agencies with capacity to provide needed services to client
- specification of how client will acquire needed services
- the process identified to assure client has successfully obtains needed services
- develop a plan for how the various services the client receives will be coordinated while specifically defining the role of the case manager.
  - O Client participation in the development of the service plan is fully required as is possible
  - Client feedback should be obtained on each element of the service plan before it is implemented and signed by case managers and PWH.

Every new or re-enrolling case management client must have an ISP completed and signed by both the case manager and PWH. Additionally, there must be an ISP completed for every new and re-certifying Ryan White Part B Program ADAP/HICP client at least every 6 months. If an ADAP/HICP client already has a case manager, the same ISP can be utilized for the ADAP/HICP client charts and documented to include ADAP/HICP service screenings and current enrollment status of all applicable clients. Any client who only receives ADAP/HICP must be informed of the additional services offered by the Ryan White Part B Program. If the client decides to decline these additional services except for ADAP/HICP, the client must sign a Declination of Services except ADAP/HICP form. The declination form must be updated accordingly to the RW Eligibility guidelines and remain within the chart record. See Appendix G page 45.

The primary goal of the ISP is to ensure clients access, retention, coordination of care and follow-up, and medical/treatment adherence to primary medical care by removing barriers to care. A medical, psychosocial, and financial portrait of the client is created using information gathered during the intake and acuity scale process. The information is then utilized to develop a mutually agreed upon comprehensive ISP with specific goals and action steps to address barriers to care.

The ISP is the "bridge" from the assessment phase to the actual delivery of services and constitutes another essential function of case management. It is developed based on the information obtained from the client assessment and pinpoints the individualized needs of the client and links the appropriate services with the needs. The ISP is a map of actions that documents the interventions, actions, responsibilities, and timeframes needed to meet the identified goals. Interventions and actions may be immediate, short term or future focused. Future focused interventions anticipate a persons' changing life

circumstances and recognize the role of prevention. The realistic needs of the client should be reflected in the development of the plan. The ISP must include coordination and follow-up of medical treatments, referrals for outside medical treatments, and treatment adherence.

The client is involved with the planning of the ISP, but it is the responsibility of the case manager to write the plan. The client's primary physician, mental health provider, caregiver, and other appropriate individuals should be contacted for additional information if deemed appropriate. It is important that the case manager have a comprehensive knowledge of the community resources to address the needs of the client during the development of the ISP. ISP's should be developed using **SMART objectives**; **Specific**, **Measurable**, **Attainable**, **Realistic**, and **Time Specific**. Information documented on the ISP can be brief statements that explain the client's situation. The document contains a set of goals and activities that help client's access and maintain access to services, particularly primary medical care, gain or maintain medication adherence, and move towards self-sufficiency. Short term goals address immediate needs, especially those required to stabilize the client or to deal with a crisis. These are goals that the client can realize soon, such as in a day, within the week or even a few months. Long term goals are achieved over a longer period. These goals are usually those that are meaningful, thus giving the client a sense of greater importance. It is important to prioritize goals and help clients decide what is most important right now. The ISP documents the resources readily available to help the client make immediate improvements in his/her situation.

After completing the assessment, case managers should be able to answer basic questions about the new client and his/her care needs. Information collected should be used as a baseline from which to update the client's health status and change service needs over time. Both the case manager and client must sign and date the ISP; however, agencies using electronic medical records (EMR) may use an electronic signature for case managers. Additionally, the client must be offered a copy of his/her ISP and \(\pma\) retain a copy in the client chart.

Implementation requires the case manager and the client to work together to achieve the goals and objectives of the ISP. Providing social support and encouragement to the client is as much a part of implementation as the actual brokerage and coordination of services. To make the ISP work, the case manager and client need to determine how much autonomy the client can exercise on his/her own behalf and how much assistance he/she needs to acquire the services. Implementation of the ISP includes careful documentation in the case notes of each encounter with the client, dates of contact, information on who initiated contact, and any action that resulted from the contact be included in the case notes.

#### When to revise the ISP

The ISP should be completed for all case managed clients. Level 4 clients should have an ISP revised at least every 3 months and Level 1-3 revised at least every 6 months. The acuity scale should be updated during this time as well. Upon revising the ISP, a case note must be completed. Case Managers must ensure that the following activities are completed for all new and established **Medical Case Managed** clients:

- Assessment of service needs
- Complete the Acuity Scale and develop a comprehensive ISP within 30 days of beginning the intake
- Timely and coordinated access to medically appropriate levels of health and support services and continuity of care

- Continuous client monitoring to assess the efficacy of the ISP
- Re-evaluation of the ISP at least every 3-6 months with adaptations as necessary
- Ongoing assessment of the client's and other key family members' needs and personal support systems
- Treatment adherence counseling to ensure readiness for adherence to complex HIV treatments
- Client-specific advocacy and/or review of utilization of services
- All clients should have documented evidence of coordination of services required to implement the ISP during service provision, referrals, and follow-up

Tahl	e 5	ISP	Assessment
Iau			поособинсии

Standard	Measure
5.1 Conduct client eligibility evaluation every 6 months. The process to determine client eligibility must be completed in a time frame so that services are not delayed	Proof of income     Proof of residency     Proof of active participation in primary care or documentation of the client's plan to access primary care
5.2 All newly enrolled or reactivated case managed clients must have an acuity scale and comprehensive ISP completed within 15 days for a Level 4 and 30 days for a Level 1-3 of beginning the initial intake	At minimum, the initial assessment should cover the following areas:  • Medical History/Physical Health Status • Medical Treatment and Adherence • Health Insurance
5.3 All newly enrolled or re-certifying ADAP/HICP client must have an ISP completed within 30 days of beginning the application	<ul> <li>Family/Domestic Situation</li> <li>Housing Status</li> <li>Source of Income</li> <li>Nutrition/Food</li> <li>Mental Health</li> <li>Substance Abuse</li> <li>Personal and Community Support Systems</li> <li>Disclosure</li> <li>Risk Reduction</li> <li>Legal Issues</li> <li>Transportation</li> <li>Cultural Beliefs and Practices/Languages</li> <li>Dental</li> <li>Emergency Financial Assistance</li> <li>Additional Service Needs</li> </ul>
	Ensure that documentation (case notes, initial assessment, or re-assessment) is in the client's record

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#### **Coordination of Care and Re-Evaluating ISP**

Coordination involves communication, information sharing, and collaborating regularly with case management and other agencies serving the client. The case manager and other agencies work together on a case-by-case basis to ensure that clients receive appropriate services without duplication. During coordination of services the case manager will focus on the clients' strength and accomplishments rather than focusing on short comings or relapses. Coordination activities may include directly arranging access, reducing barriers to obtaining services, establishing linkages, and other activities recorded in the case note.

Table 6. Coordination of Services		
Standard	Measure	
6.1 Implement client's ISP	Documentation in client's record of progress toward resolution and outcome of each item in client's ISP	
6.2 Identify and communicate with other case managers with whom the client may be working with. Collaboratively determine with all parties and the client the person most appropriate to serve as the primary case manager	Documentation in client's record of other case managers with whom the client may be working with and documentation of who is the most appropriate person to serve as the primary case manager	
6.3 With consent of the client, identify and communicate with other service providers with whom the client may be working. This can occur during team meetings to coordinate continuity of care	Documentation of communication in client's record  Agenda or meeting notes	
6.4 Coordination and follow-up of primary medical care and treatment adherence. Clients should have one visit with their primary care provider (i.e., MD/DO, PA, and APRN) at least every six (6) months. For clients who have not had a visit with their primary care provider, the case manager should follow-up with the client within 30 days to determine barriers to care and adherence	Attendance at medical visits  Documentation of referrals to primary care and follow-up within 30 days	

#### Re-evaluating the ISP

The case manager must complete an assessment of the client's needs in accordance with the Activities by Acuity document. It is critical that the ISP be updated in collaboration with the client, considering his/her priorities and perception of needs. The ISP should be revised at least every 6 months, including any new goals identified and completed. This includes a re-evaluation of health issues related to HIV and non-HIV, resources available to a client, as well as compliance with treatment adherence. The case manager will ensure that PWH who do not access or utilize primary medical care from the RW facility itself can

still receive other supportive services if desired. Access to other HIV supportive services is *not* conditional upon access to or use of primary medical care.

Standard	Measure	
<ul> <li>7.1 ISPs for medical and non-medical case management clients should ensure that all areas of assessment have been completed and updated in accordance with the Activities by Acuity Level document</li> <li>7.2 ISPs for ADAP and HICP clients should ensure that all areas of assessment have been addressed and updated at least every 6 months</li> </ul>	At minimum, the assessment should cover the following areas:  • Medical History/Physical Health Status • Medical Treatment and Adherence • Health Insurance • Family/Domestic Situation • Housing Status • Source of Income • Nutrition/Food • Mental Health • Substance Abuse • Personal and Community Support System • Disclosure • Risk Reduction • Legal Issues • Transportation • Cultural Beliefs and Practices/Languages • Dental • Emergency Financial Assistance • Additional Service Needs  Ensure that documentation (case notes, initial assessment, or re-assessment) is in the client's record	
7.3 All medical and non-medical case management clients must have an Acuity Scale and ISP revised in accordance with the Activities by Acuity Level document	The following information must be provided for each area assessed on the ISP: Identified Needs, Goals, Interventions/Timelines, and Outcomes.  Documentation (case notes, initial assessment, or re-assessment) in client's record	

## **Termination of Case Management Services/Discharge Planning**

Termination of Case Management Services/Discharge Planning is an important component of medical and non-medical case management. There are legitimate reasons for terminating medical case management services with a client, but keep in mind that termination must never be assumed. A good faith effort must be attempted and clearly documented in the client's chart prior to discharge from case management.

Table 8. Transition and Discharge				
Standard	Measure			
<ul> <li>8.1 Discharge a client from case management services if any of the following conditions apply: <ul> <li>Client is deceased</li> <li>Client requests discharge and is no longer receiving RW Part B Program services (except ADAP/HICP only clients with completed declination form)</li> <li>If a client's actions put the agency, staff, or other clients at risk (i.e., terrorist threats, threatening or violent behavior, obscenities, harassment, or stalking behavior)</li> <li>If client moves/re-locates out of service area</li> <li>If after repeated and documented attempts, a case manager is unable to reach a client for six (6) months.</li> <li>If the client no longer meets Ryan White eligibility requirements</li> </ul> </li></ul>	Reason for discharge must be documented  Upon re-enrolling in case management services, the prior documentation detailing the reason for discharge must remain in the chart for explanation of lapses in case management services			

#### **Section 6: Crucial Documentation**

Documentation is a key means of communication amongst team members. It contributes to a better understanding of PWH and their family/caregiver's unique needs and allows for interdisciplinary service delivery to address those needs while reflecting the accountability and involvement of the case manager. Documentation is an important process that facilitates and explains what services were provided and what actions were taken. Documentation will facilitate communication between service providers and ensure coordinated, rather than fragmented service provision. It is important to be able to provide relevant client information at any given time. This is necessary for the legal protection of both the agency and the case manager. *Remember "if it's not documented, it never happened"*.

Documentation runs concurrently throughout the entire case management process and should be objective, specific, descriptive, substantive, concise, accurate, up-to-date, meaningful, and consistent. The following information should be documented:

- history and needs of client
- any services that were rendered
- outcomes achieved or not during periodic review
- any additional information (e.g. case conferences, email exchanges, consultation with others, and any additional exchanges regarding the client)

Case note documentation should be complete so anyone reading the case notes can understand who the client is, what brought them to the office, what goals were established, what is the plan, what interventions were used, and what referral/follow-up will happen, if any (who, what, where, when, why and how). It is also useful to record contact and other details of agencies used, such as phone numbers and contact names of an interpreter service, or the hours of availability of a service provider for future reference. Language in case notes needs to be strengths based. Anyone reading the case note can clearly identify how a timeline of events has or will occur systematically. Documentation must ensure that the following activities are being completed for all new and established case management clients:

#### New

- Standardized Case Management Intake
- Acuity Scale
- Acuity Scale completed and leveled in accordance with the Activities by Acuity Level document
- ISP
- Case note

#### **Established Clients**

- Acuity Scale updated every 3-6 months and leveled in accordance with the Activities by Acuity Level document
- The ISP updated every 3-6 months and leveled in accordance with the Activities by Acuity Level document
- Case notes documented in client's chart, in accordance with the Activities by Acuity Level document

To standardize documentation and be in alignment with federal guidelines, all case note documentation must be reflective of how healthcare outcomes are being improved as well as how providing guidance and assistance is improving access to services for clients. In 2017, the Georgia Ryan White Part B Program adopted two standardized formats for documenting case notes for charting: 1) APIE (Assessment, Plan, Intervention, and Evaluation); and 2) SOAP notes (Subjective, Objective, Assessment, and Plan). Medical and Non-Medical Case Management services are provided by both case managers and nurse case managers. The nurse case manager often functions in a dual capacity as both nurse and case manager, which means he/she is also expected to follow Georgia Case Management Standard Operating Procedures during service provision.

The case manager will have the option of using an APIE or SOAP note format. Nurse case managers can continue to use the SOAP note format for documentation in client charts. APIE is a format that condenses client statements by combining subjective and objective information into the Assessment

section. APIE format combines the actions with the expected outcomes of client care into the Plan component.

The four phases of **APIE** are:

- Assessment: information about the client's presenting issues, gathering of the facts, some historical perspective, and assessment of the client's needs
- Plan: a plan is developed to address the identified need of the client
- Implementation: specific tasks or action steps that need to be taken to fulfill the plan
- Evaluation: provides a means for accountability in ensuring that the plan is being worked on and progress is updated. It should include timelines and specific measurable outcomes

A **SOAP** note is another documentation format used to document in a client's chart.

The four parts of SOAP note documentation are:

- Subjective: describes the client's perception of their condition in narrative form
- Objective: documents your perception of the client's physical state or status
- Assessment: details the assessment or presenting reason for the visit
- Plan: describes the plan for managing the client's concern/condition

Regardless of the documentation format utilized APIE or SOAP, the content must detail the following: Reason for the interaction with the client, client's needs, if any; unique circumstances or changes since the last assessment/encounter; current medical status; if any changes and actions taken to address the needs and/or interventions performed on behalf of the client. The strength of case management services provided depends on good documentation in the client's records. Charts should include:

- Important enrollment forms and information such as intake forms, consent for enrollment forms, release of information forms, etc.
- Client information used to develop the initial assessment and the individualized service plan (ISP), monitoring activities, and revisions to the ISP
- Medical information and service provider information, and confirmation of diagnosis
- Benefits/entitlement counseling and referral services provided. Documentation should include
  assistance in obtaining access to both public and private programs, such as but not limited to,
  Medicaid, Medicare Part D, Patient Assistance Programs (PAP), co-pay cards, AIDS Drug
  Assistance Programs (ADAP), other state and local healthcare documents and supportive services
- The nature, content, units of case management services provided and whether the goals specified in the care plan have been achieved and/ next steps to achieve goal
- Whether the client has declined services at any time while being an active client in case management
- Timelines for providing services and re-evaluations
- Clear documentation of the need and coordination with case managers of other programs
- Entries should be documented in chronological order. Do not skip lines or leave spaces
- Be specific, use time frames, and quotations if indicated. Avoid generalizations with documentation
- Avoid labeling or judging a client, family, or visitor in the documentation
- Use a problem-oriented approach: identify the problem, state what was done to solve it, and document any follow-up instructions including timelines as well as the outcome
- Document all interactions with the client, outside organizations and other consulting disciplines

#### **General Documentation Principles**

Follow general documentation principles including:

- Document in ink only or typed notes for electronic medical record (EMR)
- Record the PWH name and identifiers (e.g., date of birth or clinic ID number) on every page
- Record date on all entries
- Document the duration of the encounter (i.e., 15 minutes, 30 minutes, 1 hour etc.)
- Ensure the type of encounter is identified (face-to-face, telephone contact, consult, etc.)
- Personnel must sign all entries with full name and professional title
- Ensure that entries are legible
- All entries should be made in a timely manner (i.e., the same day).
- Late entries should be clearly indicated as such (i.e., document as Late entry for (date of encounter
- If an error is made, then make one strike through the error, initial and date the error, *do not use* white out under any circumstances
- Thoroughly complete all forms, applications, and other documents with the most accurate information available
- **Do not** alter forms, applications, or other documents
- **Do not** forge signatures (i.e., do not sign for the provider (MD/DO, APRN, PA), client, etc.)
- Things staff must avoid:
  - Casual abbreviations
  - o Taking shortcuts at the cost of clarity (re-read out loud)
  - o Generalizations or over-interpretations
  - Grammatical errors
  - o Negative, biased, and prejudicial language
- Use of medical diagnoses that have not been verified by a medical provider (i.e., rather than "the client is depressed", say, "client states that PWH is having feelings of sadness or depressed mood" or "describes seeing hallucinations or feeling sad daily"

Note: Submission of incomplete, inaccurate, or altered applications may result in delays in client services. Submission of incomplete ADAP applications will result in the delay of medications to the client.

Table 9. Documentation				
Standard	Measure			
9.1 Each agency must have a documentation policy	Written policy on file at provider agency			
9.2 Case Managers must participate in documentation training	Training records in personnel file			
9.3 Case managers must ensure that appropriate signatures are on all applicable documents	Documents maintained in client's charts			

9.4 Case Managers must document all interactions or collaborations which occurred on client's behalf	Documents maintained in client's charts
9.5 Each client's case management record must be complete and include all relevant forms and documentation	Client chart contains all relevant forms, proof of eligibility, ISP, case notes, and other pertinent documents

## Appendix A

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Date: Social Security #: Client #:  PERSONAL INFORMATION PRIMARY LANGUAGE	CLIENT INTAKE	☐ New Client ☐ Ann	nual Recert 🔲 R	e-Enroll	
NAME:	Date: Social	l Security #:	(	Client #:	
ALTERNATE ADDRESS  CITY/STATE COUNTY SEXUAL IDENTITY:  Preferred Method of Contact   PHONE   MAIL   EMAIL  Consent to Send Mail   YES   NO   Consent to Send Email   YES   NO   Email   Anonymous return address requested   YES   NO   Message/Day Phone     HOME PHONE   May we leave a message?   YES   NO   Message/Day Phone     HOME PHONE   Discreet message only:   YES   NO   May we contact you at work?   YES   NO   PHONE   May Welfort message only:   YES   NO   May we contact you at work?   YES   NO   PHONE   May Welfort message only:   YES   NO   May Welfort message only:   YES   NO   PHONE   HAWAIIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER   MAIL   MAIL   PHONE NUMBER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   YES   NO   PHONE NUMBER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   YES   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   YES   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   YES   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   YES   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   NO   HIV/AIDS PROVIDER   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   NO   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE   NO   MAY WELFORD MESSAGE					
COUNTY SEXUAL IDENTITY:  Preferred Method of Contact	STREET ADDRESS	CITY/STATE		ZIP	
Consent to Send Mail   YES   NO   Consent to Send Email   YES   NO   Email   Anonymous return address requested   YES   NO   Message/Day Phone (		CITY/STATE COUNTY SEXUA	L IDENTITY:		_
Anonymous return address requested	Preferred Method of Contact PHO	ONE MAIL EMAIL			
HOME PHONE  Discreet message only:  YES NO May we contact you at work? YES NO PHONE (			YES□ NO Em	ail	
RACE: WHITE BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN AMERICAN NATIVE HAWAIIAN /PACIFIC ISLANDER  AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKAN NATIVE OTHER  KEY CONTACTS  EMERGENCY CONTACT RELATIONSHIP PHONE NUMBER  AWARE OF STATUS? YES NO  HIV /AIDS PROVIDER ()  PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER ()  DENTAL PROVIDER ()  BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROVIDER ()  BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROVIDER ()	HOME PHONE				
EMERGENCY CONTACT  RELATIONSHIP  PHONE NUMBER  AWARE OF STATUS?  YES NO  HIV /AIDS PROVIDER  PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER  DENTAL PROVIDER  BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROVIDER  (	RACE: WHITE BLACK OR AFR	ican American 🔲 Asia	n 🗌 native Hav	VAIIAN /PACIFIC ISLA	ANDER.
HIV /AIDS PROVIDER ()  PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER ()  DENTAL PROVIDER ()  BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROVIDER ()		RELATION	ISHIP		
PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER ()  DENTAL PROVIDER ()  BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROVIDER ()	AWARE OF STATUS? YES NO				
DENTAL PROVIDER	HIV /AIDS PROVIDER			)	
Behavioral health Provider(	PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER			)	
	DENTAL PROVIDER_		_	)	
Referral Agencies ()	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROVIDER				
	REFERRAL AGENCIES				
EDUCATION/ DISABILITY Do you have a disability?  YES NO If yes, please explain.	Do you have a disability?   YES	□ №			
Highest level of education completed?  Place Client Label Here			PI	ace Client Labe	l Here
Case Managers Initials: Date:					
1 of 1 Case Management Intake 4/1/21	lofl	Case Managem	ent Intake		4/1/21

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## **Appendix B**

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#### 2023 Income Expense Spreadsheet

Is client's income enough to cover monthly expenses? yes 
No Income Expenses Amount Itemization of Payment Responsibilities Source Amount Paid Salary RENT/Mortgage Spouse's Salary Property Tax Short-Term Disability Insurance (renters/house) Long-Term Disability Phone (cell/home) Utilities (Electric) SSDI Utilities (Gas) TANF Utilities (Water) Pension Cable/Internet Child Support Garbage Collection Alimony Car Payment General Assistance Car insurance Food Stamps Car maintenance Rental Income Gasoline Transportation (Taxi/public transportation/ Unemployment Retirement Benefits CARE Assist Cost Share Food (grocery, lunch, eating out) Family Support Savings/Investments Day Care Children SSI Child Support Annuity Alimony Military Income Medical Insurance Other Support Medical Expense/Co-Pay Medical Equipment Prescription Meds/ Co-Pays Over The Counter Meds Life insurance Personal Hygiene and Toiletries Household and Laundry Recreation/ Leisure (movies, books, activities) Substance Use (Tobacco products, Alcohol, Drugs) Pet expenses (vet, food, maintenance) Monthly Dues (Tithes, probation, memberships) Credit Card Other: TOTAL \$0.00 TOTAL \$0.00 CM Signature: Date:

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client label here

## **Appendix C**

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Simply chose the best acuity level representing client's current situation and enter the Level number in the LIFE AREA below	Level 1 (1 point)	Level 2 (2 points)	Level 3 (3 points)	Level 4 (4 points)
Medical/Physical Health Please select	Periodically has lab work Asymptomatic, in medical care	Needs Primary care/referral Short-term acute condition treated Non-HIV related issue under control HIV symptomatic w/comorbidities impairs overall health	Treatment/medication needed for non- HIV condition Pregnant Debilitating HIV condition Multiple medical diagnosis Home health /home bound services needed	In medical emergency End-stage HIV condition Intensive and/or complicate home care required Hospice service or placement needed
Medical Treatment/Adherence Please select	Adheres to medication > 6 months w/o assistance/ no medication prescribed No issues w/medication side effects or schedule	Adherent to medication as prescribed < 6 months or > 3 months with minimal assistance Keeps majority of medical appointments	Adherent only with assistance Does not understand prescribed med Misses' doses consistently Misses ½ of scheduled medical appts. Known to take drug holidays against medical advice	Resists medication & treatment plan adherence w/assistance Refuse/decline taking meds Uses ER for primary care Cannot take medication as directed or keep appointments w/o assistance Cannot name current medication New to Care
Dental Care Please select	Currently in Dental care Seen dentist < 6 months w/o complaint Practice oral hygiene	No dental care > six months Has dentures requests follow-up No oral hygiene practiced daily	No dental care > 1 year Episodic issues in mouth w/pain Problems w/teeth, gums, and mouth Difficulty eating due to lack of dental care	Never seen a dentist Reports current/severe pain issue Severe or major problems w/teeth, gums, and mouth Few to no teeth Severe difficulty w/eating

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Simply chose the best acuity level representing client's current situation and enter the Level number in the LIFE AREA below	Level 1 (1 point)	Level 2 (2 points)	Level 3 (3 points)	Level 4 (4 points)
Behavioral Health	No history of issues No referrals needed for BH	Has history of BH issues for client/family background	Acute episodic & or in crisis Severely stressed referral needed	Is danger to self/others Needs immediate psychiatric
Denavioral Health	provider	High stress level dynamics of	Nonfunctional and depressed	assessment
Please select	provider	client/family referral needed	Not getting along w/others	Active chaos from
I loade delect		Functions w/depression	Recent hospitalization	violence/abuse w/I situation
		Difficulty getting along w/others	Requires significant emotional support	Requires therapy but refusing
		Current w/ treatment plan	Not adherent to plan	Pregnant and not taking medication
	No alcohol, drugs, sex, or	History of addiction < 1 year in	Addiction issues current and willing to	Refuses treatment
Substance Abuse	gambling addiction	recovery	access treatment	Disregards the consequences on
	History > 1 year in recovery	No affect on paying bills or	Impacts functionality	impact of life from substance
Please select	No referral needed	being medically adherent	Impaired by significant other	abuse
				Pregnant and using
	Support of family, friends,	Requests additional support	Has no stable support system	Crisis is imminent
Support System	peers	system	Only support system available is	In current acute situation unable
	No additional support needed	Few to no friends in area	professional provider	to cope requires professional
Please select		Family, friends, peers not		assistance
		available when crisis occurs		
	No history of violence/abuse	History of past violence/abuse	Current abuse/violence occurs	Chronic abuse/violence
Violence and Trauma	No intimate partner violence	with family, friends, or peers	Professional services involved for	occurring now
	disclosed	Has history of intimate partner	abuse (emotional, sexual, and	Medical/legal intervention
Please select		violence but stable	physical)	needed or involved now
				Unsafe home environment
	No current legal issues	Possible legal issues occurring	Current civil/criminal issues exist	In crisis with legal situation
Lega1	All legal documents needed	Has not completed legal	Unaware of standard legal documents	(with landlord, employer,
71	are completed (HC-POA,	documents (HC-POA, living	for current situation and/or health care	coworkers, civil/criminal)
Please select	living will, etc.)	will, etc.)	decisions	Needs legal assistance
		Requests assistance to complete	Incarcerated	

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Simply chose the best acuity level representing client's current situation and enter the Level number in the LIFE AREA below	Level 1 (1 point)	Level 2 (2 points)	Level 3 (3 points)	Level 4 (4 points)
	No barriers to navigating the	Needs language interpreter for	Interpreter required to access	Cannot access system w/o
Culture and Language	system	services	additional services	interpreter
	No barriers to understanding	Family/others needs education	Family/others does not understand	Family is a major barrier to care
Please select	language (includes signing)	interpretation to provide support	HIV and is a barrier to care	due to cultural/language issues
		Few cultural barriers accessing	Cultural barriers to accessing services	Cultural crisis intervention
		services	more prevalent	needed
	Eats at least 2 meals per day	Changes in eating habits < 3	Moderate eating problems with dental	Severe eating related issues
Food and Nutrition	No problem w/weight	months	or mouth issues	Significant weight loss < 3
	No eating problems	Unplanned wt. loss < 3 months	Signs of "wasting syndrome"/physical	months
Please select	No problem with access to	Some barriers to obtain food to	maladies	Needs dietician referral
	food	eat	Trouble w/obtaining consistent food	Cannot obtain adequate food
	No food morbidities diseases	Overweight and requires diet	Obese and difficulty w/following diet	supply
		plan		
	Consistent transportation	Very little transportation issues	Resides in area but little to no public	No public transport options
Transportation	No problem with access to	May need assistance on	transport available	available causes crisis for
	private / public transport	occasions	No access to private transportation	Medical treatment adherence
	system		No knowledge of public/private	
Please select			transportation options w/I area	
	Income stability	Income source in jeopardy	Has no income source	Emergency financial assistance
Finance and Income	Savings and other options for	Short term benefits available	Financial Benefits denied	required
-	resources available	Needs information on benefits	Needs assistance with applying for	Referral to financial benefits
Please select	Pays own monthly bills	and assistance available	benefits	representative for immediate
		Occasionally needs assistance	Financial planning referral needed	assistance options available
	No emergency Financial	Needed 1-2 times/yearly	Needs assistance > 3 to 6 times year	Needs assistance > 6 times/year
Emergency Financial	assistance needed	Needs information how to	Difficult to maintain basic needs due	In financial crisis needs
Assistance	Able to pay own bills/utilities	access/request financial	to low income	immediate intervention
711		assistance	Needs budget/financial planning	assistance
Please select		Needs assistance w/utilities	referral	

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Simply chose the best acuity level representing client's current situation and enter the Level number in the LIFE AREA below	Level 1 (1 point)	Level 2 (2 points)	Level 3 (3 points)	Level 4 (4 points)
	Has affordable stable housing	Resides in supportive housing	Temporarily housed with family or	Needs assisted living facility
Housing	Meets clients' needs	Housing unstable in jeopardy	friends	Current residence uninhabitable
	Safe secure non-subsidized	Needs assistance with rent and	Eviction imminent	due to health safety hazards
Please select	housing program	utilities to remain housed	Lives in transitional shelter	assistance unavailable
				Recently evicted from housing
				program
				Pregnant
	Practices safe sex 100 % of	Has safer sex practices > 75% of	Has safer sex practices 50-75% of the	Has safer sex practices < 50%
HIV Risk Reduction	time, has a strong	the time and has a fair	time with little understanding as to	of the time with no
	understanding of preventing	understanding of need for safer	importance of safer sex practices	understanding of need for safe
Please select	the spread of HIV	sex practices		sex practices
	Has own medical coverage	Seeking information and	Assistance needed from enrollment	Current health crisis requires
Health Insurance Options	Able to access medical care as	educational assistance to enroll	specialist to obtain medical health	access to medical coverage for
and understanding	needed w/o barriers	in medical coverage	coverage to other payor sources	premium assistance
		Referral to insurance assister		Not currently eligible
Please select				ADAP / HICP only option

Client Name: Click or tap here to enter text. Click or tap here to enter text. Completion Date: Click or tap to enter a date.

Date of Reassessment: (maximum 12 months from completion date: Click or tap to enter a date.

Case Manager Signature: Click or tap here to enter text.

Level 1 (16-17 points) Level 2 (18-22 points) Level 3 (23-37) points Level 4 (38-64 points)

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## **Appendix D**

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## **Activities by Acuity Level**

Level 4 (Intensive)

38-64 points

Level 3 (Intermediate)

23-37 points

#### Intake

- Case Management Intake and assessment should be completed within 15 days of beginning intake.
- Complete the Acuity Scale assessment.
- Develop the initial ISP based on identified needs or current situation including goals, barriers, task, and outcomes within 30 days of beginning Intake.
- An ISP should be completed upon Intake regardless of Acuity Level score.
- Additional goals, activities, and outcomes should be documented in the case notes.
- Newly diagnosed clients should automatically be assigned a Level 3 or 4.

#### **Established Client**

- Revise the Acuity Scale and ISP a minimum of every 3 months from the last date both documents were completed.
- Additional goals, activities, and outcomes should be documented in the case notes. A case note should be completed for every encounter with the client or consult regarding the client.
- Assist with referrals and follow-up as appropriate.
- Timely and coordinated access to medically appropriate levels of health and support services and continuity of care.
- Continuous client monitoring to assess the efficacy of the ISP.
- Ongoing assessment of clients and other family members' needs and personal support systems.
- Treatment adherence counseling to ensure readiness and adherence to HIV treatments.
- Provide benefits counseling by assisting eligible clients in obtaining access to other public and private programs for which they may be eligible.
- Consult with multi-disciplinary team, case management supervisor and others as needed.
- The majority of case management services provided are medical vs. non-medical, the objective is to improve health care outcomes.
- Minimum contact (phone, face-to-face, or consult) every 30 days.

#### Intake

- Case Management Intake and assessment should be completed within 30 days of beginning intake.
- Complete the Acuity Scale assessment.
- Develop the initial based on identified needs or current situation including goals, barriers, task, and outcomes within 30 days of beginning Intake.
- An ISP should be completed upon Intake regardless of Acuity Level score.
- Additional goals, activities, and outcomes should be documented in the case notes.
- Newly diagnosed clients should automatically be assigned a Level 3 or 4.

#### **Established Client**

- Revise the Acuity Scale and ISP a minimum of every 6 months from the last date both documents were completed.
- Additional goals, activities, and outcomes should be documented in the case notes. A case note should be completed for every encounter with the client or consult regarding the client.
- Assist with referrals and follow-up as appropriate.
- Timely and coordinated access to medically appropriate levels of health and support services and continuity of care.
- Continuous client monitoring to assess the efficacy of the ISP.
- Ongoing assessment of clients and other family members' needs and personal support systems.
- Treatment adherence counseling to ensure readiness and adherence to HIV treatments.
- Provide benefits counseling by assisting eligible clients in obtaining access to other public and private programs for which they may be eligible.
- Consult with multi-disciplinary team, case management supervisor and others as needed.
- The majority of case management services provided are medical vs. non-medical, the objective is to improve health care outcomes. minimum contact (phone, face-to-face, or consult) every 2-3 months.

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Level 1 (Self-Management)

16-17 points

#### Intake

- Case Management Intake and assessment should be completed within 30 days of beginning intake.
- Complete the Acuity Scale assessment.
- Develop the ISP based on identified needs or current situation including goals, barriers, task, and outcomes within 30 days of beginning Intake.
- An ISP should be completed upon Intake regardless of Acuity Level score.
- Additional goals, activities, and outcomes should be documented in the case notes.
- Newly diagnosed clients should automatically be assigned a Level 3 or 4.

#### **Established Client**

- Revise the Acuity Scale and ISP a minimum of every 6 months from the last date both documents were completed.
- Continuous client monitoring to assess the efficacy of the care plan
- Ongoing assessment of the client's and other key family members' needs and personal support systems
- A case note should be completed for every encounter with the client or consult regarding the client (phone, face-to-face, or consult).
- Assist with referrals and follow-up as appropriate.
- The majority of case management services provided are non-medical vs. medical, the objective is to provide guidance and assistance in improving access to needed services
- Minimum contact (phone or face-to-face) at least every 6 months with adaptations as necessary

#### Intake

- Case Management Intake and assessment should be completed within 30 days of beginning intake.
- Complete the Acuity Scale assessment.
- Develop the ISP based on identified or current situation including goals, barriers, task, and outcomes within 30 days of beginning Intake.
- An ISP should be completed upon Intake regardless of Acuity Level score.
- Additional goals, activities, and outcomes should be documented in the case notes.
- Newly diagnosed clients should automatically be assigned a Level 3 or 4.

#### **Established Client**

- Revise the Acuity Scale and ISP a minimum of every 6 months from the last date both documents were completed.
- Continuous client monitoring to assess the efficacy of the care plan
- Ongoing assessment of the client's and other key family members' needs and personal support systems
- A case note should be completed for every encounter with the client or consult regarding the client (phone, face-to-face, or consult).
- Assist with referrals and follow-up as appropriate.
- The majority of case management services provided are non-medical vs. medical, the objective is to provide guidance and assistance in improving access to needed services.
- Minimum contact (phone or face-to-face) at least every 6 months with adaptations as necessary

# **Appendix E**

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### 2023 Georgia RW Part B (ISP)

## Case Management Individual Service Plan

Areas of assessment will include the following factors necessary to design the best treatment plan for the client.

#### 1. Medical History/Physical Health:

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 2. Medical Treatment Adherence:

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 3. Mental Health Assessment:

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 4. Dental Care and Treatment Plan

- List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 5. Substance Abuse and/or Addiction

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 6. Health Insurance Planning Process

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

## 2023 Georgia RW Part B (ISP)

#### 7. Current Housing Status

- List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 8. Transportation Planning for Medical Care and Treatment Adherence

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 9. Client Legal Situation

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 10. Client Income Level

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 11. Identification of Cultural Beliefs

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 12. Reducing any HIV Risk Exposure

- List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.
- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 13. Disclosure of Diagnosis Status

- a. List of identified needs: Click or tap here to enter text.
- b. List of desired Goals & Outcomes: Click or tap here to enter text.

## 2023 Georgia RW Part B (ISP)

- c. List of steps for implementing the desires/goals above: Click or tap here to enter text.
- d. Date to review goals, objectives, and reevaluation: Click or tap here to enter text.

<u>Case management Signature:</u> Click or tap here to enter text. <u>Date:</u> Click or tap to enter a date.

This ISP is a client centered plan activity and therefore receives a copy of the plan. Date Receive: Click or tap to enter a date.

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# **Appendix F**

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## Georgia Case Management Definitions

#### **Medical Case Management**

#### Medical Adherence Assessment

- -- new to treatment or experienced
- -- change in regimen
- -- determine willingness to adhere
- -- by RN in clinical setting

#### Individual Medication Adherence Counseling

- -- new to treatment or experienced
- -- change in regimen
- -- ongoing regimen
- -- by RN in clinical setting

#### **Initial Enrollment**

- intake, assessment, and initiation of Individual Service Plan
- -- coordination and follow-up of medical treatment
- -- discussion of treatment adherence

#### Individual Service Plan (ISP)

- -- face-to- face
- -- review progress, identify additional needs, establish next steps, and set new goals
- -- discuss medical treatment, adherence
- -- initial or comprehensive updated
- -- determine acuity level

#### Interim contacts

- -- face-to-face or non face-to-face
- must include coordination and follow-up of medical treatment and adherence
- --follow-up on ISP goals and current needs

#### Discharge linkage

- -- coordinate care for clients leaving hospital
- -- link to clinic, access services and medication
- -- education on enrollment
- -- by RN or medical case manager in treatment setting

Georgia (Revised Version) 2018

#### **Non-Medical Case Management**

#### Initial Enrollment - Nonmedical

- intensive enrollment visit for intake and assessment
- --explanation of program, navigating health care system, discussion of needs, and collection of eligibility information (income, etc.)
- -- may include assistance in obtaining medical, social, community, legal, financial, emergency assistance to selfmanaged client (housing, transportation, food, etc.) and other needed services.

#### **Interim Contacts**

- -- face-to-face or non face-to-face
- -- follow-up on ISP goals and current needs
- including obtaining updates on needs and income.
- -- may include assistance in obtaining medical, social, community, legal, financial, emergency assistance to selfmanaged client (housing, transportation, food, etc.) and other needed services.

#### Supportive/Self Management

- -- face-to-face or non face-to-face
- -- reevaluate and update
- does not involve coordination or follow-up of medical treatment

#### Benefits/Financial Counseling

- enrolling in ADAP, PAP, HICP and other entitlements
- determining eligibility for Medicaid, Medicare, other payer
- regardless of credential of staff performing activity

#### Peer Encounter

- -- face-to-face or non face-to-face
- -- by a peer advocate/educator
- includes follow-up with clients lost to care, other client follow-up, and navigation
- -- does not include benefit/financial counseling
- -- does not include client education

**Source**: Georgia Ryan White Parts A, B, D CAREWare Sub-services and Definitions, 2018

# **Appendix G**

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### Georgia Department of Public Health Ryan White Part B Program Request to Receive ADAP/HICP Only

primary medical care and essential support service uninsured or underinsured. All funded agencies princluding ADAP and HICP, which provide medica refer to HRSA PCN #16-02 for a complete list of soffered are listed below:  Core Medical Services Outpatient/Ambulatory Medical Care (OMAC) Oral Health AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) Health Insurance Premium (HICP) and Cost Sharin Mental Health	ovide primary care services, support services ations and health insurance coverage. Please service definitions. An example of the services
Medical Nutrition Therapy Medical Case Management Substance Abuse Outpatient Care	
Support Service Non-Medical Case Management Emergency Financial Assistance Food Bank/Home Delivered Meals Health Education/Risk Reduction Housing Linguistic Services Medical Transportation Services Psychosocial Support Services	
My signature below confirms that I was informed Part B Program. I decline all additional services ar ADAP/HICP. I understand the process to obtain a circumstances change, I understand how to access assessment.	nd request to only receive assistance with dditional services if needed. If my
Client Signature:	Date:
Case Managers Signature:	Date:

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# **Appendix H**

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Georgia Department of Public Health Office of HIV/AIDS	SOP Name: Ryan White Part A, B, C, D Coordination of Prenatal Care	
Standard Operating		
Procedure ( HIV Perinatal Program)	Implementation Date 2018	
Effective Original Date: 2017	Total Pages: 3	Revised Date: 2018
Approval Date: 2017	Date Reviewed: 2018	Approved By: Program Leadership

#### Standard Operating Procedure

- Purpose: To strengthen collaboration between all Ryan White Part A, B, C, and D Case Managers, Ryan White Medical Providers, and the referred OB-GYN office(s) (including designated staff) to improve continuity of care for HIV positive pregnant women and increase seamless communication between prenatal and HIV Care providers.
- Scope: The identified population is limited to Perinatal HIV/OB-GYN women receiving services.
- Prerequisites: Electronic Medical Record and/or paper charts, telephone, call conference phone line, notepad, etc.
- 4. Responsibilities: All Ryan White Part A, B, C, and D case managers' responsibilities will be to conduct monthly phone consultations with OB-GYN office to collect information on the patient's prenatal care. All case managers are expected to document consultation notes into their prospective electronic medical record or client paper chart. Case managers are responsible for collecting/updating the following information during the call:

"" The following information should be collected from the OB-GYN office for all pregnant clients referred from Ryan White Clinics. ""

#### A. Scheduled prenatal appointment

- Attended prenatal appointment
- Missed prenatal appointment and provide a list of reason(s) for missed appointment
- Rescheduled prenatal appointment
- B. Estimated date of delivery
- C. Discussion on referral for Infectious Disease Pediatrician for infant after delivery

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Georgia Department of Public Health Office of HIV/AIDS	SOP Name: Ryan White Part A, B, C, D Coordination of Prenatal Care	
Standard Operating	Revised Date: 6/21/2018	
Procedure ( HIV Perinatal Program)	Implementation Date 2018	
Effective Original Date: 2017	Total Pages: 3	Revised Date: 2018
Approval Date: 2017	Date Reviewed: 2018	Approved By: Program Leadership

#### D. Plan of delivery and reason why?

- Vaginal
- C-section

#### E. Treatment recommendations (Medication(s) and dosages)

- ARVs
- AZT for mother at delivery
- Newborn prophylaxis

#### F. Nutritional Recommendations

- Discussion of plan relating to formula feeding.
- Discussion of avoidance of pre-mastication of food for baby.

#### 5. Procedure:

Who: Each month all Ryan White Part A, B, C, and D case managers will call OB-GYN office to discuss prenatal care services regarding their pregnant clients. \*All case managers will designate a specific day and time each month with the OB-GYN office to conduct the phone consultation.\*

What: Phone consultation and Quality Improvement.

When: Monthly

Where: Via phone consultation

Why: To improve communication amongst all case managers, medical providers, OB-GYN, Pharmacy, Hospital, Nutritionist, Social Workers, etc.

<sup>\*</sup> Each month all case managers are to submit the HIV Form 582 Perinatal Care Monthly Report to the State Office HIV Perinatal Coordinator.\*

Georgia Department of Public Health Office of HIV/AIDS	SOP Name: Ryan White Part A, B, C, D Coordination of Prenatal Care	
Standard Operating		
Procedure ( HIV Perinatal Program)	Implementation Date 2018	
Effective Original Date: 2017	Total Pages: 3	Revised Date: 2018
Approval Date: 2017	Date Reviewed: 2018	Approved By: Program Leadership

6. Follow up for baby: Highly encourage the Ryan White clinic to follow up with mother and the pediatrician concerning appropriate follow up, testing, and prophylaxis of baby to prevent seroconversion of HIV.

#### 7. Acronyms:

Case manager-CM

Obstetrics and Gynecology- OB-GYN

Follow up- F/U

Electronic medical record-EMR

Cesarean Section- C- section

Zidovudine- AZT

Human Immunodeficiency Virus- HIV

Antiretroviral- ARV

#### 7. Definitions:

Newly enrolled client: Client with initial referral to the OB-GYN for prenatal care and appointment has not yet been attended.

Currently enrolled client: Client has attended one or more prenatal care scheduled appointments.

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