



Public Swimming Pool Hydraulic Analysis Worksheet

Pool Name _____ Date _____

Pool Address _____

Shape _____ Perimeter ft. _____ Width _____

Length _____ Min. Depth _____ Break _____ Max. _____
Depth _____ Depth _____

Slope = 1 ft. in _____ ft. Area = _____ Sq. ft. Volume = _____ gallons

Gunite _____ Poured _____ Other _____ Pipe Mat'l _____
Outdoor, Indoor or Both

Design Flow Rate = $\frac{\text{Pool Volume () Gal.}}{\text{Turnover time *1 () Min.}}$ = _____ gpm

Check minimum skimmer flow rate. If turnover rate is inadequate for minimum skimmer operation (as per manufacturer or rule (25 gpm) then design flow rate must be increased to provide minimum skimmer flow rate.

I. Number of Skimmers Required:

_____ Quantity = no. of skimmers required from Swimming Pool Rules.

Surface Area of Pool _____ sq. ft. No. of skimmers required _____
No. of skimmers provided _____.

II. Skimmer Flow Rate:

_____ A.) Skimmer flow rate = 100% of Design flow rate = _____ gpm.

_____ B.) Flow through each Skimmer = skimmer flow rate (above) = $\left(\frac{\text{gpm}}{\text{no. of skimmers provided*2}}\right)$ = _____ gpm

_____ C.) Select equalizer line cover(s) with a flow in gpm equal to the maximum pump flow divided by the # of skimmers.

III. Number of Inlets Required:

No. of inlets = $\frac{\text{perimeter}}{20'}$ = $\left(\frac{\text{ }}{20' \text{ }}\right)$ = _____ (Use next whole number)

*1 For pool use minimum 6 hr. turnover (360 min.) or product of 1.5 x average water depth, whichever is less. For special purpose pools and others listed use turnover rate in Rule .07.

*2 Must be 25 – 55 gpm or based on manufacturer specifications.



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IV. Pipe Size Selection

A. Skimmer Line Size:

Select pipe size which gives max. 6' fps velocity at skimmer flow rate.

No. Skimmers Served by Pipe	Branch 1 _____	Branch 2 _____	Branch 3 _____	Branch 4 _____
Pipe Size	_____	_____	_____	_____
Flow in Pipe	_____	_____	_____	_____
Velocity (fps)	_____	_____	_____	_____
(Indicate which chart used for velocity numbers)	_____			

B. Return Line Size:

Select pipe size and branches, which gives max. 8 fps velocity at design flow rate.

No. inlets served by pipe	Branch 1 _____	Branch 2 _____	Branch 3 _____	Branch 4 _____
Pipe Size	_____	_____	_____	_____
Flow in pipe	_____	_____	_____	_____
Velocity (fps)	_____	_____	_____	_____
(Indicate which chart used for velocity numbers)	_____			

V. Main Drain Pipe and (Suction) Outlet Covers Selection

A. Main Drain Size:

Select pipe size which gives max. 6 fps velocity at highest flow rate on the pump curve.

Pipe size _____ ¹Max. Pump Flowrate _____ Velocity (fps) _____

B. Pipe Cover Size	^{1,2} Max.Pump flow (gpm)	# of Covers	Flowrate/Cover* (Q=Max. flow/N-1)	(Capacity) (All Covers)
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

Frame & Grate Cat. No. _____ Quant. _____

1. Use the pump's maximum flow rate from the pump curve to obtain flowrate/cover.
2. If therapy flow is through these covers, this flow must also be figured into all calculations.

*Covers meet APSP-16



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CALCULATE RETURN LINE LOSS:*

STATE WHICH CHART, GRAPH, NOMIGRAPH, ETC. USED _____ ADD _____ AT
BOTTOM OF COLUMN

1. Straight pipe size _____ = _____ @ _____ gpm
_____ Elbows x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Tees x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Valves x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
Friction loss per 100' _____ x total equiv. length _____ ÷ 100 = _____ ft.
(for above pipe size)

2. Straight pipe size _____ = _____ @ _____ gpm
_____ Elbows x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Tees x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Valves x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
Friction loss per 100' _____ x total equiv. length _____ ÷ 100 = _____ ft.
(for above pipe size)

3. Straight pipe size _____ = _____ @ _____ gpm
_____ Elbows x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Tees x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Valves x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
Friction loss per 100' _____ x total equiv. length _____ ÷ 100 = _____ ft.
(for above pipe size)

4. Straight pipe size _____ = _____ @ _____ gpm
_____ Elbows x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Tees x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Valves x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
Friction loss per 100' _____ x total equiv. length _____ ÷ 100 = _____ ft.
(for above pipe size)

5. Straight pipe size _____ = _____ @ _____ gpm
_____ Elbows x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Tees x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Valves x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
Friction loss per 100' _____ x total equiv. length _____ ÷ 100 = _____ ft.
(for above pipe size)

6. Straight pipe size _____ = _____ @ _____ gpm
_____ Elbows x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Tees x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
_____ Valves x Equiv. Length _____ = _____
Friction loss per 100' _____ x total equiv. length _____ ÷ 100 = _____ ft.
(for above pipe size)

Friction loss due to inlet resistance at _____ gpm = _____ ft.
(from manufacturer) Total Return Line friction loss = _____ ft.
(add all _____ totals) *(Enter on page 6)



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CALCULATE SKIMMER LINE LOSS: *

STATE WHICH CHART, GRAPH, NOMIGRAPH, ETC. USED ADD AT BOTTOM OF COLUMN

1. Straight pipe size = @ gpm
Elbows x Equiv. Length =
Tees x Equiv. Length =
Valves x Equiv. Length =
Friction loss per 100' x total equiv. length ÷ 100 = ft.

2. Straight pipe size = @ gpm
Elbows x Equiv. Length =
Tees x Equiv. Length =
Valves x Equiv. Length =
Friction loss per 100' x total equiv. length ÷ 100 = ft.
(for above pipe size)

3. Straight pipe size = @ gpm
Elbows x Equiv. Length =
Tees x Equiv. Length =
Valves x Equiv. Length =
Friction loss per 100' x total equiv. length ÷ 100 = ft.
(for above pipe size)

4. Straight pipe size = @ gpm
Elbows x Equiv. Length =
Tees x Equiv. Length =
Valves x Equiv. Length =
Friction loss per 100' x total equiv. length ÷ 100 = ft.
(for above pipe size)

5. Straight pipe size = @ gpm
Elbows x Equiv. Length =
Tees x Equiv. Length =
Valves x Equiv. Length =
Friction loss per 100' x total equiv. length ÷ 100 = ft.
(for above pipe size)

6. Straight pipe size = @ gpm
Elbows x Equiv. Length =
Tees x Equiv. Length =
Valves x Equiv. Length =
Friction loss per 100' x total equiv. length ÷ 100 = ft.
(for above pipe size)

Friction loss over the weir at gpm = ft.
(from manufacturer)

Total Skimmer Line friction loss = ft.
(add all totals) *(Enter on page 6)



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Total Dynamic Head Required:

Return Line Loss (from page 4) = _____ ft.
Filter Loss When Dirty *(see below) = _____ ft.
Skimmer Line Loss (from page 5) = _____ ft.
Heater Loss (from manufacturer) = _____ ft.
Other (Multiport valves, etc.) (from manufacturer) = _____ ft.
Total Loss _____ ft.

Pump Selection: (Submit Curve)

Make _____ Model _____, _____ gpm @ _____ TDH
Backwash rate _____ gpm @ _____ TDH**

Filter Selection:

Filter area required = (Design flow rate) = (_____) = _____
(Flow Rate per sq. ft.) (_____)

Flow rate per sq. ft. = (Hi rate = 15 gpm per sq. ft.- minimum 15 inch bed depth)
(Hi rate = 12 gpm per sq. ft. - less than 15 inch bed depth) (Sand = 5 gpm per sq. ft.)
(Cartridge = .3 gpm per sq. ft.) (Vacuum pre-coat = 2 gpm per sq. ft.)
(Continuous vacuum pre-coat = 2.5 gpm per sq. ft.) (Pressure pre-coat = 2 gpm per sq. ft.)

Cat. No. _____ Model _____

Filter Area _____ sq. ft. No. Tanks _____ Size _____

Pump Specifications _____ HP _____ Cycle _____ Phase _____ Volt _____ RPM

Pool Design Professional _____ GA. License # _____

Pool Contractor _____

Approved & Checked By _____ Date _____
(Health Dept.)

* Cartridge Filter = 23.1 ft. Sand Filter = 34.7 ft. Pressure pre-coat = 57.8 ft. Vacuum pre-coat = 4.3 ft.

** Backwash TDH = TDH - Return Piping and Fixtures + Backwash Line Loss