

Live, Attenuated Intranasal Vaccine Quadrivalent (LAIV4)

Indications for Use and Schedule

-LAIV4 (intranasal) is for persons <u>2 years through 49 years who</u>: -Are healthy and are not pregnant -Begin vaccinating as soon as flu vaccine is available and continue

throughout the flu season (until vaccine is expired)

Key Points

-Both LAIV and IIV have demonstrated to be effective in children and adults

-There is no preference between LAIV4 over IIV3 or IIV4 for any age group for the 2015-16 flu season, including children aged 2-8 years -Vaccinate with an **age appropriate** IIV dose or LAIV4 dose

-Vaccinate with an age appropriate invices of LAIV4 dose -Some children aged 6 months through 8 years may require 2 doses of seasonal flu vaccine in 2015-16 to best protect them -Persons aged 9 years and older only need 1 dose of flu vaccine

regardless of previous flu vaccination history

LAIV4 Administration -Administer intranasal 0.2 mL

- -Spray 0.1 mL into each nostril as indicated by dose-divider clip on sprayer -Use 0.2 mL dose for all ages 2-49 years
 - -Use 0.2 mL dose for all ages 2-49 yea

-Can be given with all other vaccines -If LAIV4 is not given on the same day as other Live vaccines (MMR, VAR, and MMRV), must be separated by 28 days

Storage and Handling

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-Store in the refrigerator unit at	
35°-46°F (2°-8°C); Do NOT freeze	F
-Keep in original box with lid on	
-Do NOT use expired vaccine	
-LAIV4 expiration dates differ from	
other flu	
-Stand-alone purpose built storage	
units are preferred	



INFORMATION ON 2-DOSE INFLUENZA VACCINE PEDIATRIC RULE FOR CHILDREN AGED 6 MONTHS THROUGH 8 YEARS

•Children aged 6 months through 8 years who received at least 2 or more doses of seasonal flu vaccine (IIV3, IIV4, LAIV3, or LAIV4) prior to July 1, 2015, only need 1 dose of 2015-16 flu vaccine

•If a child has not received at least 2 seasonal flu doses (IIV3, IIV4, LAIV3 or LAIV4) before July 1, 2015, administer 2 doses of flu vaccine, separated by 4 weeks

-Doses of monovalent H1N1 vaccine do not count towards assessment; it is not considered a seasonal flu vaccine CONTRAINDICATIONS (PERSONS WHO SHOULD NOT RECEIVE LAIV4)

- · Serious allergic reaction (e.g. anaphylaxis) to a previous dose of flu vaccine or one of its components
- · Aged less than 2 years or older than 49 years
- Children aged 2-4 years with a history of asthma or recurrent wheezing Within the past 12 months
- Children receiving long-term aspirin therapy

- Pregnancy
- Immunosuppression from any cause
- Persons with egg allergy**
- Received flu antivirals within past 48 hours

PRECAUTIONS (IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES PERSONS MAY RECEIVE LAIV4)

- Aged 5 years and older with asthma
- Moderate to severe illness with or without fever
- History of Guillain-Barre ´ Syndrome (GBS) within 6 weeks of a previous influenza vaccination
- Medical conditions that put them at higher risk for complications due to influenza, e.g., chronic pulmonary, cardio, renal, hepatic, neurologic, hematologic or metabolic disorders (diabetes)
- Persons who care for severely immunosuppressed persons requiring a protective environment should not receive LAIV, or Avoid contact for 7 days after receiving LAIV

**NOTE: For persons who report an egg allergy: give Recombinant Influenza Vaccine, trivalent (RIV3) to those aged 18 years and older if available or determine if it is safe to give Inactivated Influenza Vaccine, trivalent (IIV3) or quadrivalent (IIV4)

-Refer to the CDC Vaccine Screening Algorithm for Persons who report an Egg Allergy at <u>www.cdc.gov/flu</u>

FURTHER POINTS TO CONSIDER

• Healthcare personnel 49 years of age or younger may receive LAIV, except those who have contact with severely immunosuppressed persons requiring a protective environment. If they receive a dose of LAIV they should avoid contact for 7 days after receiving LAIV

- HCP who are pregnant or have chronic medical conditions other than severe immunosuppression, can administer LAIV4
- · LAIV4 should not be given with antiviral medications; Give IIV; for further information: www.cdc.gov/flu
- LAIV4 may be given on the same day as a TB test (PPD). If not same day, wait at least 4 weeks after LAIV4 to administer the PPD test
- Use the current LAIV4 Vaccine Information Statement (VIS).

1For further guidance on the influenza recommendations and the preference for LAIV4 refer to the "Prevention and Control of Seasonal Influenza with Vaccines: Recommendations of the ACIP, U.S.,