## Syndromic Surveillance Drug Overdose Emergency Department Visits: Georgia, May 2019

What is Syndromic Surveillance (SS)? SS is used as an early detection method for potential clusters or outbreaks, by tracking drug overdoserelated emergency department (ED) visits based on the patient's chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis. Participating Georgia hospitals and urgent care facilities share these SS data within the State Electronic Notifiable Disease Surveillance System (SendSS).

Drug* Overdose ED Visits by Patient Zip Code^, Georgia, May 2019


Percent Change ${ }^{\text {a }}$ of Drug* Overdose ED Visits, Georgia, December 2018-February 2019 to March 2019-May 2019


Top 5 Counties^ with 15 or More Drug* Overdose ED Visits During May 2019

Monthly Rate ${ }^{i}$ per 100,000 Population May 2019

Monthly Rate ${ }^{\text {i }}$ per 100,000 Population June 2018 - May 2019


Data source: Suspected drug overdose ED/Urgent Care visits by chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis reported to DPH Syndromic Surveillance. See data limitations here. *Drugs may include any over the counter, prescription, or illicit drug.
${ }^{\wedge}$ Zip code and county are based on patient residence.
${ }^{\text {i}}$ Rate indicates visits per 100,000 persons using 2017 Census data as the denominator. Excluded rates for counties with <15 visits.

Note: All data excludes patients $\leq 14$ years of age. Counts represent the number of $E D$ visits instead of the number of patients, therefore, patients with repeat visits may have been counted more than once.
Note: SS data is not the same as emergency department discharge data; drug overdose SS data is limited and based on accuracy of chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis and what is reported to DPH SS. Data is subject to change due to the current number of participating facilities and/or improvements to data quality. Data shown on this report may not depict the true burden of drug overdose in Georgia.


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*Drugs may include any over the counter, prescription, or illicit drug.
${ }^{\text {i }}$ Rate indicates visits per 100,000 persons using 2017 Census data as the denominator. Excluded rates for counties with $<15$ visits.
${ }^{\circ}$ Cases with unknown sex, race, and age group were excluded from respective analyses.
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