GEORGIA:

MATERNAL MORTALITY

WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW

The **Maternal Mortality Review Committee (MMRC)** reviews maternal deaths that occur during pregnancy or within a year of the end of a pregnancy **to determine cause**, **contributing factors**, and **to recommend interventions** to **prevent maternal deaths** in Georgia.

THE NUMBERS

(2012-2015)

67
MATERNAL DEATHS

PER 100,000 LIVE BIRTHS

PREGNANCY-RELATED DEATHS

PER 100,000 LIVE BIRTHS

WERE PREVENTABLE

PREGNANCY-RELATED

BLACK WOMEN
NON-HISPANIC
MORE LIKELY TO DIE FROM
PREGNANCY-RELATED CAUSES THAN
WHITE WOMEN

NON-HISPANIC

PREGNANCY-ASSOCIATED, BUT NOT RELATED:

The death of a woman while pregnant or within one year of the end of pregnancy due to a cause unrelated to pregnancy.

PREGNANCY-RELATED:

The death of a woman while pregnant or within one year of the end of pregnancy from any cause related to or aggravated by pregnancy or its management.

THE LEADING CAUSE OF DEATHS (PREGNANCY-RELATED)

- Cardiomyopathy Cardiovascular / Coronary Hemorrhage Embolism
- Preeclampsia + Eclampsia

MATERNAL DEATHS BY RELATEDNESS + TIMING OF DEATH IN RELATION TO PREGNANCY IN GEORGIA



MATERNAL DEATHS
OCCURRING AFTER
DELIVERY (WITH A KNOWN PRIMARY PAYOR),
BY PAYOR



34
PERCENT

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Medicaid should extend coverage up to one year postpartum.
- Make autopsy investigations mandatory for every maternal death.
- All birthing hospitals should implement patient safety bundles.
- Insurers should provide case management for pregnant and postpartum women.

