## Syndromic Surveillance Drug Overdose Emergency Department Visits: Georgia, August 2021

<u>What is Syndromic Surveillance (SS)?</u> SS is used as an early detection method for potential clusters or outbreaks, by tracking suspected drug overdose-involved emergency department (ED) visits based on the patient's chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis. Participating Georgia hospitals and urgent care facilities share these SS data within the State Electronic Notifiable Disease Surveillance System (SendSS).



Data source: Suspected drug overdose ED/Urgent Care visits by chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis reported to DPH Syndromic Surveillance. See data limitations here. \*Drugs may include any over the counter, prescription, or illicit drug.

^Zip code and county are based on patient residence.

<sup>1</sup>Rate indicates visits per 100,000 persons using 2019 Census data as the denominator. Excluded rates for counties with <15 visits.

<sup>a</sup>Percent change data by county excludes counties with less than 3 visits.

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Overall	(per 100,000 Population) 14.8	(per 100,000 Population) 14.6	Drug* overdose ED		15-24			20.5% 18.2%		
<b>Sex</b> ° Male	15.3	16.3	visits in <b>August 2021</b>		25-34				29.0% 27.4%	
Female	14.2	13.0	were predominantly:		35-44			19.7% 20.7%	l	
Race°			Male (53.7%),	Age (years)			12.3%			
White	15.5	15.5	White	Š	45-54		13.8%			
Black Other	10.2 16.5	8.6 21.2	<b>(69.5%),</b> and	Age	55-64		10.5% 11.8%		rease in the count of Dr oses among aged 55-64	
Age Group <sup>°</sup>	(years)		between			5.2%			to the same month last y	
15-24	17.9	15.7	25-34		65-74	5.2%		compareu		l'eal
25-34	24.5	22.9	years of age							
35-44	18.0	18.8	(27.4%).		75+	2.8%				
45-54 55-64	11.1 10.2	12.3 11.3	(=,),			2.1 /	15.1% decrease	in the <b>count</b> of	of <b>Drug* overdoses</b> amo	ng
65-74	7.0	7.3					Blacks col	npared to the	same month last year.	
75+	5.9	5.8			Pe	ercent of Al	I Drug* Overdos	e ED Visits	by Race°	
	Percent of A	II Drug* Overdose	ED Visits by Sex <sup>°</sup>			1	■Aug 2020 ■Au	ıg 2021	•	
			g 2021	68.	6% 69.	.5%		J		
.4% decrease in i		53.7%								
count of Drug*	00.070		50.0%							
overdoses amon emales compared the same month la	d to		46.3%				23.5% 20.2%	7	2.9% 10.3%	
	1	Male	Female		White		Black		Other	

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## Opioid-Involved<sup>‡</sup> OD ED Visits by Month, Georgia, 2018-2021



## % of ED Visits with OD Syndrome Involving Any Opioid

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Average
2018	27.04%	23.31%	20.91%	26.36%	23.36%	25.56%	26.40%	25.30%	20.10%	18.94%	29.83%	23.83%	24.24%
2019	21.32%	20.91%	22.09%	19.47%	18.40%	22.30%	18.77%	20.33%	22.39%	24.50%	23.53%	23.79%	21.48%
% Change from 2018 to 2019	-21%	-10%	6%	-26%	-21%	-13%	-29%	-20%	11%	29%	-21%	0%	-10%
2020	26.72%	26.98%	27.22%	34.29%	29.20%	34.63%	28.53%	36.00%	29.84%	30.44%	29.95%	34.16%	30.66%
% Change from 2019 to 2020	25%	29%	23%	76%	59%	55%	52%	77%	33%	24%	27%	44%	44%
2021													33.43%
% Change from 2020 to 2021	21%	29%	30%	8%	26%	-13%	8%	-16%					12%





#### % of ED Visits with OD Syndrome Involving Heroin

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Average
2018	4.89%	3.47%	3.47%	3.93%	3.28%	3.87%	3.93%	3.40%	3.83%	4.24%	3.72%	3.99%	3.83%
2019	4.08%	3.12%	4.79%	4.76%	4.46%	4.36%	4.33%	6.36%	7.49%	6.76%	5.98%	5.55%	5.17%
% Change from 2018 to 2019	-16%	-10%	38%	21%	36%	12%	10%	87%	95%	60%	61%	39%	36%
2020	6.04%	6.04%	7.84%	10.69%	7.56%	9.01%	7.31%	8.64%	7.72%	9.68%	5.55%	8.15%	7.85%
% Change from 2019 to 2020	48%	94%	64%	125%	69%	107%	69%	36%	3%	43%	-7%	47%	58%
2021													8.69%
% Change from 2020 to 2021	12%	88%	26%	-13%	21%	-30%	26%	-14%					15%

#### Link(s) of interest:

Georgia Department of Public Health, Updated Suspect Drug Overdose Increases in Georgia Amid COVID-19 – April 2021

#### Georgia Department of Public Health, 2021 Quarterly Drug Overdose Surveillance Report, Quarter 1

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