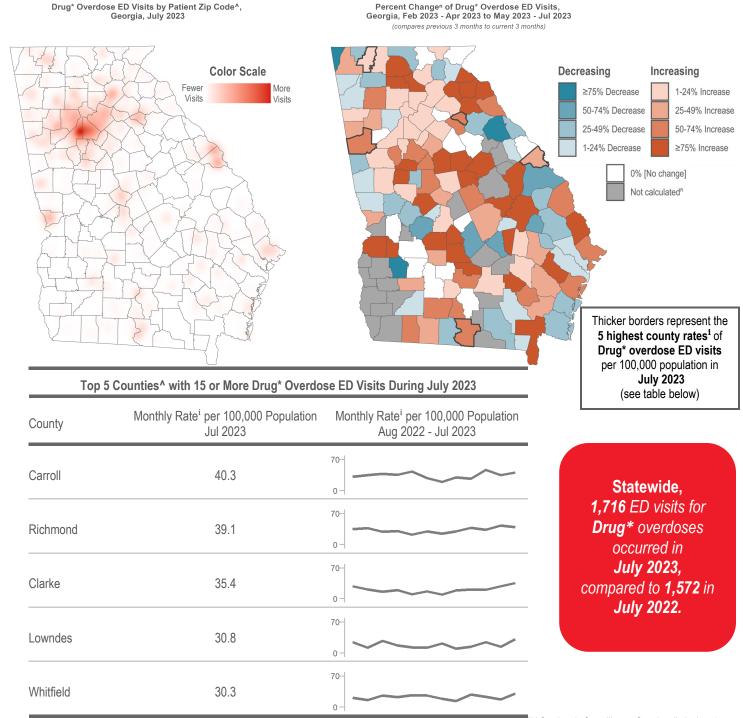
Syndromic Surveillance Drug Overdose Emergency Department Visits: Georgia, July 2023

What is Syndromic Surveillance (SyS)? SyS is used as an early detection method for potential clusters or outbreaks, by tracking suspected drug overdose-involved emergency department (ED) visits based on the patient's chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis. Participating Georgia hospitals and urgent care facilities share these SyS data within the State Electronic Notifiable Disease Surveillance System (SendSS).



Data source: Suspected drug overdose ED/Urgent Care visits by chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis reported to DPH Syndromic Surveillance. See data limitations here. *Drugs may include any over the counter, prescription, or illicit drug.

Note: All data excludes patients ≤9 years of age. Counts represent the number of ED visits instead of the number of patients, therefore, patients with repeat visits may have been counted more than once.

Note: SyS data is not the same as emergency department discharge data; drug overdose SyS data is limited and based on accuracy of chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis and what is reported to DPH SyS. Data is subject to change due to the current number of participating facilities and/or improvements to data quality. Data shown on this report may not depict the true burden of drug overdose in Georgia.



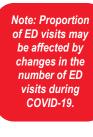
[^]Zip code and county are based on patient residence.

¹Rate indicates visits per 100,000 persons using 2022 Census data as the denominator. Excluded rates for counties with <15 visits.

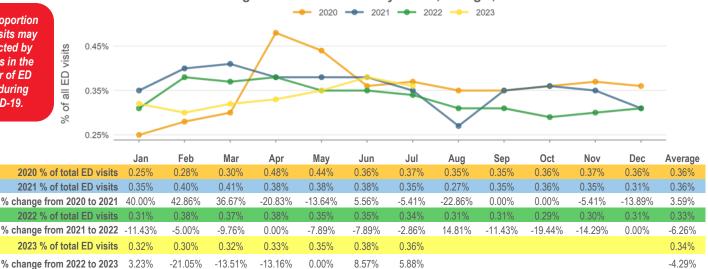
ⁿPercent change data by county excludes counties with less than 3 visits.

^{*}Drug Specific Categories are not mutually exclusive and include illicit and prescription drugs. Specific drugs identified using the chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis fields and are not meant to be comprehensive.

Syndromic Surveillance Drug Overdose Emergency Department Visits: Georgia, July 2023

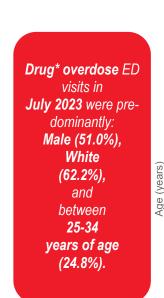


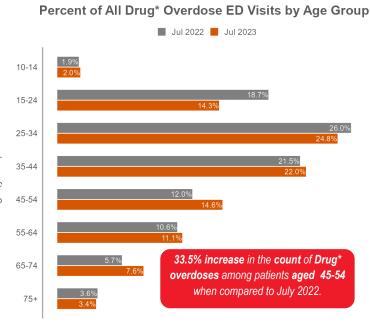
Drug* Overdose ED Visits by Month, Georgia, 2020-2023



Drug* Overdose ED Visits by Sex, Race, and Age Group, Georgia, July 2022 and July 2023

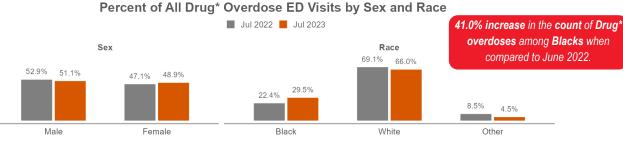
Rateⁱ of Drug* Overdose ED Visits Jul 2022 Rate¹ Jul 2023 Rate¹ (per 100,000 (per 100,000 population) population) Overall 17.8 19.4 Sex Female 16.2 18.3 Male 19.5 20.5 Race 16.6 Black 11.8 White 19.7 20.1 19.9 Other 11.8 Age Group (years) 10-14 4.8 4 1 15-24 38.0 31.8 25-34 27.1 28.2 35-44 23.4 26.2 45-54 18.0 13.5 55-64 12.5 14.2 65-74 9.1 13.2





13.2% increase in the count of Drug* overdoses among females when compared to July 2022.

75+



Data source: Suspected drug overdose ED/Urgent Care visits by chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis reported to DPH Syndromic Surveillance. See data limitations here.
*Drugs may include any over the counter, prescription, or illicit drug.

8.6

9.1

Note: All data excludes patients ≤9 years of age. Counts represent the number of ED visits instead of the number of patients, therefore, patients with repeat visits may have been counted more than once.

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[^]Zip code and county are based on patient residence.

Rate indicates visits per 100,000 persons using 2022 Census data as the denominator. Excluded rates for counties with <15 visits.

ⁿPercent change data by county excludes counties with less than 3 visits.

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Syndromic Surveillance Drug Overdose Emergency Department Visits: Georgia, July 2023

Opioid-Involved+ OD ED Visits by Month, Georgia, 2020-2023 2020 --- 2021 --- 2022 --- 2023 35.0% % of ED visits with OD syndrome involving any opioid 32.5% 30.0% 27.5% Dec Jan Feb Mar May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Average Apr 2020 % of OD ED visits 25.96% 26.25% 33.54% 28.65% 33.74% 27.84% 35.00% 34.44% 29.64% 29.10% 33.12% 30.28% 2021 % of OD ED visits 31.36% 33.36% 34.23% 35.33% 29.38% 29.97% 30.59% 32.41% 33.09% 31.91% 34.44% 29.60% 29.18% 6.92% % change from 2020 to 2021 20.43% 28 51% 30 40% 2 68% 23 32% -12 92% 7.65% -15.43% -11.18% 9 35% 0.27% -0.09% % change from 2021 to 2022 1.59% -14.36% -9.96% -9.58% -13.42% 16.07% 3.80% 5.20% -3.69% -15.67% 2.23% -5.11% -3.58% 2023 % of OD ED visits 29.07% 31.76% 33.36% 30.84% 28.82% 32.21% 31.64% 31.10% % change from 2022 to 2023 -8.76% 11.17% 8.24% -0.96% -5.79% -5.54% 1.70% 0.01%

Heroin-Involved+ OD ED Visits by Month, Georgia, 2020-2023



Link(s) of interest:

Georgia Department of Public Health, Drug Overdose Emergency Medical Service (EMS) Monthly Reports, Apr – May 2023

Cannabis-Involved Emergency Department Visits Among Person Aged <25 Years Before and During the COVID-19 Pandemic – United States, 2019-2022

Data source: Suspected drug overdose ED/Urgent Care visits by chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis reported to DPH Syndromic Surveillance. See data limitations here.
*Drugs may include any over the counter, prescription, or illicit drug.

Note: All data excludes patients ≤9 years of age. Counts represent the number of ED visits instead of the number of patients, therefore, patients with repeat visits may have been counted more than once.

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