Drug* Overdose ED Visits by Patient Zip Code^, Georgia, July 2020

Percent Changeª of Drug* Overdose ED Visits, Georgia, February-April 2020 to May-July 2020
(compare previous 3 months to current 3 months)

Top 5 Counties^ with 15 or More Drug* Overdose ED Visits During July 2020

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Monthly Rate¹ per 100,000 Population</th>
<th>Monthly Rate¹ per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CARROLL</td>
<td>48.6</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPALDING</td>
<td>41.0</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RICHMOND</td>
<td>37.3</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BARTOW</td>
<td>35.8</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WALKER</td>
<td>31.3</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Data source: Suspected drug overdose ED/Urgent Care visits by chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis reported to DPH Syndromic Surveillance. See data limitations here.

*Risks may include any over the counter, prescription, or illicit drug.

^Zip code and county are based on patient residence.

ÍRate indicates visits per 100,000 persons using 2019 Census data as the denominator. Excluded rates for counties with <15 visits.

ªPercent change data by county excludes counties with less than 3 visits.

Note: All data excludes patients ≤14 years of age. Counts represent the number of ED visits instead of the number of patients, therefore, patients with repeat visits may have been counted more than once.

Note: SS data is not the same as emergency department discharge data; drug overdose SS data is limited and based on accuracy of chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis and what is reported to DPH SS. Data is subject to change due to the current number of participating facilities and/or improvements to data quality. Data shown on this report may not depict the true burden of drug overdose in Georgia.

Statewide, 1,381 ED visits for Drug* overdoses occurred in July 2020, compared to 1,247 in July 2019

8/18/20 https://dph.georgia.gov/drug-surveillance-unit
Drug* overdose ED visits in July 2020 were predominantly: Male (50.1%), White (72.0%), and between 25-34 years of age (26.6%).

16.7% increase in the count of Drug* overdoses among ages 55-64 compared to the same month last year.

15.6% increase in the count of Drug* overdoses among males compared to the same month last year.

14.0% increase in the count of Drug* overdoses among blacks compared to the same month last year.