# Standard Data Properties of Department Core Data Items

## **Georgia Department of Public Health Office of Health Indicators for Planning**

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#### Definition of Terms

Property	Definition
Variable Name (s)	Name of the data item used for storage and if applicable,
	presentation. Storage Name(s) for gold standard data items
	(variables) begin with GS. (Gold standard), followed by a domain
	identifier (e.gbirth.), followed by an owner (e.ginfant.),
	followed by the variable name (gs.birth.infant.sex). Presentation
	Name(s) (or "label") is used when to present data, such as
	"mother's education level."
Definition and Variable	A statement containing the reason to collect or use the variable and
Associated Standards	external standards that applies to the variable.
Valid Values	Acceptable values for the variable being defined (e.g., mother's
	age range = 10-55 years inclusive.).
Categorical Attributes	Standard categories to be used for a variable when applicable (e.g.
	birthweight can be categorized into 'low birth weight' and 'very
	low birthweight'). Categories are groupings of valid values.
Data Type	The characteristic of a variable that determines what kind of data it
	can hold. For example, data types include Byte, Boolean, Integer,
	Long Integer, Currency, Decimal, String, Double, and Date.
Field Length	The number of numerical places or characters for a specific field.
	This is character field length, not data storage field length.
Unit of Measurement	Refers to the specific unit within a measurement system, at which
	measurements for a variable are made. Examples include
	birthweights measured in grams, or dates measured in days.
	"Unitless" refers to cases where a unit per se is not measured.
Level of Measurement	Nominal - categorical properties or labels; such as the variable
	race; Ordinal - objects are ordered by some nominal category
	irrespective of magnitude, and irrespective to the distance between
	ordered levels; such as a variable representing the level of
	agreement with a statement represented by disagree, somewhat
	agree, agree, disagree; Interval - ordering of objects is respective to
	a nominal category, the distance between objects respective to the
	nominal category, and without respect to the magnitude of the
	nominal category such as the number of hours a client waited for
	service measured in hours represented by 1, 2, 3, 4 etc.; and Ratio -
	objects are ordered respective to a nominal category, where the
	distance between objects is known, and each objects measurement
	is respective to a known zero value such as annual income
	measured in dollars represented by 20,051, 55,987, 42,042, etc.
Unit of Analysis.	The unit of measurement assigned to a variable for analysis.
	"Unitless" refers to cases where a unit per se is not analyzed.
Level of Analysis	The level of measurement assigned to a variable for analysis

Property	Definition
Derivation	For calculated fields, the data items used and method to derive the
	calculated variable.
Time Stamp of Standard	The date on which the variable definition was defined or revised.
Access	Some data items can by themselves or with other data items reveal
	the identity of a person and thus make record protected health
	information per HIPAA guidelines. Therefore these data items are
	not public use.
	Data items with demonstrated business value to the Department for
	health planning are considered datamart data items.

PERSON (Age, Race, Ethnicity, Sex)

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	AGE
Definition	Elapsed time since birth. Age in years at the time of this event. Age is reported as age at last birthday - that is, age in completed years, and calculated by subtracting date of delivery from the reference date, with the reference date being the date of the examination, interview, or other contact with an individual (NCHS).
Valid Values	0 - 44,194 days. 0 - 120 years. (44,194 translates into 120 years); -1=unknown. Four (4) years = (365 x 4) + 1.
Data Type	Long Integer
Field Length	5
Unit of Measurement	Day
Level of Measurement	Interval
Unit of Analysis	Day
Level of Analysis	Interval
Derivation	EVENT_DATE -DOB = AGE IN DAYS. CONVERT TO YEARS FOR PRESENTATION.
Time Stamp of Standard	3/27/2002.

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	RACE
Definition	White = a person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East or North Africa; Black or African- American = A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa; Asian=A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand and Vietnam; American Indian/Alaska Native=A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central American), and who maintains tribal affiliation or community attachment; Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander=A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. Multiracial = 2 or more of these races (OMB-15, 1997).
Valid Values	1=White, 2=Black or African American, 3=Asian, 4=American Indian/Alaska Native, 5=Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander, 6=Multiracial; -1=unknown.
Data Type	Integer
Field Length	2
Unit of Measurement	Unitless

Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Time Stamp of Standard	6/12/2000.

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	ETHNICITY
Definition	Ethnicity, currently limited to asking whether the person is
	"Hispanic or Latino" (A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican,
	Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or
	origin, regardless of race) (OMB-15, 1997).
Valid Values	1=Hispanic or Latino, 0=No; -1=unknown.
Data Type	Integer
Field Length	2
Unit of Measurement	Unitless
Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Derivation	Practice in vital records for pre-03 version of certificates: Derived
	from Origin values 1-5 inclusive.
Time Stamp of Standard	3/16/2000 per U.S. OMB Directive 15, 1997.

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	SEX
Definition	Biological sex
Categorical Attributes	Male / Female
Valid Values	1=Male, 2=Female, -1=unknown.
Data Type	Integer
Field Length	2
Unit of Measurement	Unitless
Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Time Stamp of Standard	5/4/2000.

## "Place" requires COLLECTION of 4 data items: Street, City, State, and Zip such that geocoding can assign a latitude/longitude. Specifications for collection of each follow:

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	STREET ADDRESS
Definition	Geographic street address of event owner, event, or facility.
Valid Values	Street number followed by street name, followed by street
	direction (e.g. NW), followed by
	Apartment identifier, followed by room identifier. Storage of
	street names will follow standard abbreviations such as RD,
	BLVD, LN, ST.
	(See <u>http://www.gis.co.clay.mn.us/usps.htm</u> )
	-1 = Unknown.
Data Type	String
Field Length	60
Unit of Measurement	Unitless
Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Derivation	Self-report.
Time Stamp of Standard	3/16/2000
	2.10.2004 – no need to proclaim "0"=Out of state.
	6.10.13 – updated spec to be 60 characters instead of 40.

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	CITY NAME
Definition	For use in collection of city names: Geographic city or town or
	parish or Census Designated Place (CDP) or village where the
	event occurred or event owner lived.
Valid Values	USPS City Names; -1 = unknown, 0=non-Georgia resident,
	_UNIN = resident/event in an unincorporated place (not in a city
	limit).
Data Type	STRING
Field Length	27
Unit of Measurement	Unitless
Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Derivation	A collection item. City is Derived from latitude/longitude via a
	Geocoding process where applicable, and stored as a city code.
Time Stamp of Standard	3/16/2000. 1/23/07

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	ZIPCODE
Definition	Geographic zipcode+4 where the event owner lived or where
	event occurred, using USPS standard zipcodes.
Valid Values	USPS zipcodes; -1 = unknown. 0=non-Georgia zip.
Data Type	String
Field Length	9
Unit of Measurement	Unitless
Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Derivation	Derived via geocoding where applicable. Originals stored as
	*_original.
Time Stamp of Standard	3/16/2000

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	STATE
Definition	Geographic state of residence or event.
Valid Values	USPS postal abbreviations.
Data Type	String
Field Length	2
Unit of Measurement	Unitless
Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Derivation	Self-report
Time Stamp of Standard	3/16/2000

### Place STORAGE standards

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	LATITUDE
Definition	Latitude of event or residence.
Categorical Attributes	N/A
Valid Values	0 = non-georgia.
Data Type	Floating point.
Field Length	Float
Unit of Measurement	Unitless
Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Derivation	Derived from geocoding process, using Street, City, State, Zip.
Time Stamp of Standard	3/16/2000. See issue 177.
Access	[] Public Use [X] Datamart Variable

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	LONGITUDE
Definition	Longitude of event or residence.
Categorical Attributes	N/A
Valid Values	0 = non-Georgia.
Data Type	Floating point.
Field Length	Float.
Unit of Measurement	Unitless
Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Derivation	Derived from geocoding process, using Street, City, State, Zip.
Time Stamp of Standard	3/16/2000. See issue 177.
Access	[ ] Public Use [X] Datamart Variable

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	County
Definition	Geographic county of event or residence.
Valid Values	Two digit state FIPS code 00-99 followed by three digit FIPS
	county code 000-999; range
	13001-13321; 0=Non-Georgia county, -1 = unknown.
Data Type	String
Field Length	5
Unit of Measurement	Unitless
Level of Measurement	Nominal
Unit of Analysis	Unitless
Level of Analysis	Nominal
Derivation	Derived from geocoding where applicable. Note encapsulated
	rules for event county in specific instances.
Time Stamp of Standard	3/16/2000. 0 for non-ga 10.21.2003.

#### TIME

Property	Value
Presentation Name(s)	DATE
Definition	Date of an event.
Valid Values	Months (mm)=01-12 / Days (dd)=01-31 / Year (ccyy)=18yy,
	19yy, or 20yy; 12/31/9999=unknown.
Data Type	Date
Field Length	10
Unit of Measurement	Day
Level of Measurement	Interval
Unit of Analysis	Day
Level of Analysis	Interval
Time Stamp of Standard	3/27/2002.