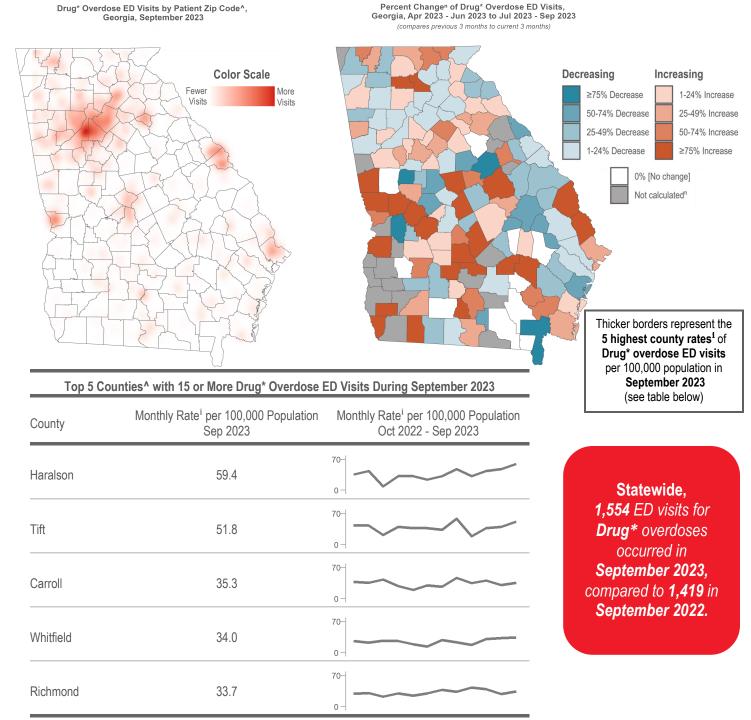
## Syndromic Surveillance Drug Overdose Emergency Department Visits: Georgia, September 2023

What is Syndromic Surveillance (SyS)? SyS is used as an early detection method for potential clusters or outbreaks, by tracking suspected drug overdose-involved emergency department (ED) visits based on the patient's chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis. Participating Georgia hospitals and urgent care facilities share these SyS data within the State Electronic Notifiable Disease Surveillance System (SendSS).



Data source: Suspected drug overdose ED/Urgent Care visits by chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis reported to DPH Syndromic Surveillance. See data limitations here.
\*Drugs may include any over the counter, prescription, or illicit drug.

Note: All data excludes patients ≤9 years of age. Counts represent the number of ED visits instead of the number of patients, therefore, patients with repeat visits may have been counted more than once.

Note: SyS data is not the same as emergency department discharge data; drug overdose SyS data is limited and based on accuracy of chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis and what is reported to DPH SyS. Data is subject to change due to the current number of participating facilities and/or improvements to data quality. Data shown on this report may not depict the true burden of drug overdose in Georgia.



<sup>^</sup>Zip code and county are based on patient residence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Rate indicates visits per 100,000 persons using 2022 Census data as the denominator. Excluded rates for counties with <15 visits.

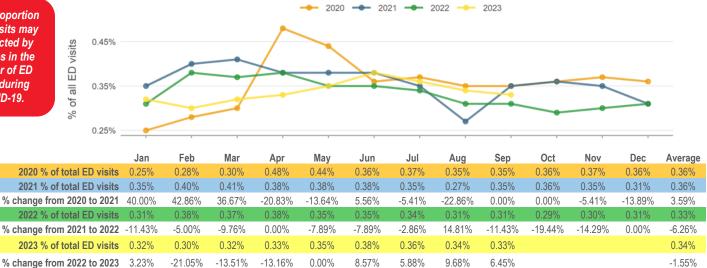
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>n</sup>Percent change data by county excludes counties with less than 3 visits.

<sup>\*</sup>Drug Specific Categories are not mutually exclusive and include illicit and prescription drugs. Specific drugs identified using the chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis fields and are not meant to be comprehensive.

# Syndromic Surveillance Drug Overdose Emergency Department Visits: Georgia, September 2023

**Note: Proportion** of ED visits may be affected by changes in the number of ED visits during COVID-19.

### Drug\* Overdose ED Visits by Month, Georgia, 2020-2023



Drug\* Overdose ED Visits by Sex, Race, and Age Group, Georgia, September 2022 and September 2023

Rate<sup>i</sup> of Drug\* Overdose ED Visits

Sep 2022 Ratei

tion)

Sep 2023 Ratei (per 100,000 popula-(per 100,000 population)

11.1

12.1

|                   | 11011) | 11011) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Overall           | 16.0   | 17.6   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sex               |        |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female            | 14.8   | 17.2   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male              | 17.3   | 17.9   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Race              |        |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black             | 12.8   | 15.4   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White             | 16.4   | 17.5   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other             | 16.2   | 13.4   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age Group (years) |        |        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-14             | 6.3    | 6.0    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-24             | 37.1   | 34.3   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25-34             | 23.2   | 23.3   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35-44             | 18.4   | 21.9   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45-54             | 14.1   | 15.0   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55-64             | 11.0   | 13.3   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

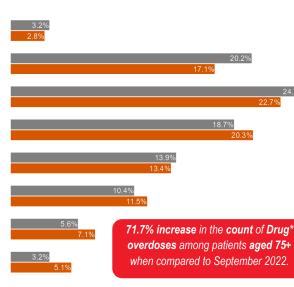
8.0

7.1

Drug\* overdose ED visits in September 2023 were predominantly: Female (50.6%), White (60%),and between 25-34 years of age (22.7%).



Percent of All Drug\* Overdose ED Visits by Sex and Race



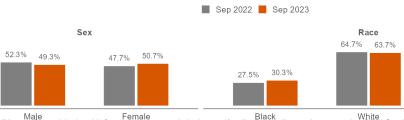
Percent of All Drug\* Overdose ED Visits by Age Group

Sep 2022 Sep 2023

16% increase in the count of **Drug\* overdoses** among females when compared to September 2022

65-74

75+



19.7% increase in the count of Drug\* overdoses among Blacks when compared to September 2022.

7.8% 6.0%

Data source: Suspected drug overdose ED/Urgent Care visits by chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis reported to DPH Syndromic Surveillance. See data limitations here. \*Drugs may include any over the counter, prescription, or illicit drug.

Note: All data excludes patients ≤9 years of age. Counts represent the number of ED visits instead of the number of patients, therefore, patients with repeat visits may have been counted more

Note: SyS data is not the same as emergency department discharge data; drug overdose SyS data is limited and based on accuracy of chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis and what is reported to DPH SyS. Data is subject to change due to the current number of participating facilities and/or improvements to data quality. Data shown on this report may not depict the true burden of drug overdose in Georgia.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>n</sup>Percent change data by county excludes counties with less than 3 visits.

<sup>\*</sup>Drug Specific Categories are not mutually exclusive and include illicit and prescription drugs. Specific drugs identified using the chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis fields and are not meant to be comprehensive.

# Syndromic Surveillance Drug Overdose Emergency Department Visits: Georgia, September 2023

### Opioid-Involved+ OD ED Visits by Month, Georgia, 2020-2023 2020 -- 2021 -- 2022 -- 2023 35.0% syndrome involving any opioid of ED visits with OD 32.5% 30.0% 27.5% May Jul Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr Jun Aug Average 2020 % of OD ED visits 25.96% 33.54% 28.65% 33.74% 27.84% 35.00% 34.44% 29.64% 29.10% 33.12% 30.28% **2021** % of OD ED visits 31.36% 35.33% 29.38% 29.97% 30.59% 33.09% 31.91% 33.36% 34 23% 34 44% 29.60% 32.41% 29.18% % change from 2020 to 2021 20.43% 28.51% 30 40% 2.68% 23.32% -12.92% 7.65% -15.43% -11.18% 9.35% 0.27% -0.09% 6.92% 2022 % of OD ED visits % change from 2021 to 2022 1.59% -14.36% -9.96% -9.58% -13.42% 16.07% 3.80% 5.20% -3.69% -15.67% 2.23% -5.11% -3.58% 2023 % of OD ED visits 29.07% 31.76% 33.36% 30.84% 28.82% 32.21% 31.44% 31.92% 31.24% 31.70% % change from 2022 to 2023 -8.76% 11.17% 8.24% -0.96% -5.79% -5.54% 1.90% 0.96% 8.35% 1.06% Heroin-Involved<sup>+</sup> OD ED Visits by Month, Georgia, 2020-2023

# 11.0% 11.0% 9.0% 7.0% 3.0% 12022 2023 2021 2022 2023 2021 2022 2023

|                   |           | Jan     | Feb     | Mar     | Apr     | May     | Jun     | Jul     | Aug     | Sep     | Oct     | Nov     | Dec     | Average |
|-------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 2020 % of OD      | ED visits | 5.89%   | 5.81%   | 7.56%   | 10.46%  | 8.98%   | 8.78%   | 7.14%   | 8.40%   | 7.49%   | 9.43%   | 8.66%   | 9.20%   | 8.15%   |
| 2021 % of OD      | ED visits | 6.60%   | 10.94%  | 9.68%   | 9.28%   | 8.82%   | 6.26%   | 8.97%   | 7.59%   | 7.43%   | 8.49%   | 6.12%   | 8.36%   | 8.21%   |
| % change from 202 | 0 to 2021 | 12.05%  | 88.30%  | 28.04%  | -11.28% | -1.78%  | -28.70% | 25.63%  | -9.64%  | -0.80%  | -9.97%  | -29.33% | -9.13%  | 4.45%   |
| 2022 % of OD      | ED visits | 5.02%   | 6.18%   | 6.76%   | 5.15%   | 5.76%   | 6.24%   | 5.53%   | 6.46%   | 4.58%   | 4.53%   | 4.53%   | 4.10%   | 5.40%   |
| % change from 202 | 1 to 2022 | -23.94% | -43.51% | -30.17% | -44.50% | -34.69% | -0.32%  | -38.35% | -14.89% | -38.36% | -46.64% | -25.98% | -50.96% | -32.69% |
| 2023 % of OD      | ED visits | 4.95%   | 4.39%   | 4.52%   | 3.71%   | 3.84%   | 4.62%   | 3.44%   | 3.35%   | 3.99%   |         |         |         | 4.09%   |
| % change from 202 | 2 to 2023 | -1.39%  | -28.96% | -33.14% | -27.96% | -33.33% | -25.96% | -37.79% | -48.14% | -12.88% |         |         |         | -27.73% |

### Link(s) of interest:

Georgia Department of Public Health, Drug Overdose Emergency Medical Service (EMS) Monthly Report, August 2023

CDC MMWR, Drug Overdose Deaths with Evidence of Counterfeit Pill Use - United States, July 2019 - December 2021

Data source: Suspected drug overdose ED/Urgent Care visits by chief complaint upon admission and/or discharge diagnosis reported to DPH Syndromic Surveillance. See data limitations <a href="here.">here.</a>
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