ATTACHEMENT – E: POST TEST







2. Please mark the site for an infant or toddler's **DTaP** immunization.



 Please indicate above with arrows the angle of the needle used for (a) an intramuscular and (b) a subcutaneous immunization

4. If the following three vaccines were to be administered simultaneously to an adult, which site(s) and method(s) of immunization would be used for each:

Type of Vaccine	Route(s) of Injection/administration	<u>Site(s)</u>
Influenza Pneumococcal		
Td/Tdap		

- 5. What factors should be considered when determining the needle size and site for an intramuscular injection?
 - a. Patient's age
 - b. Volume of material to be administered
 - c. Size of the muscle
 - d. Depth below muscle surface into which the material is to be injected
 - e. All of the above
- 6. Circle the site which is **never** recommended for immunizations.
 - a. Deltoid

- b. Vastus Lateralis
- c. Anterolateral Thigh d. Gluteus Maximus
- 8. Vaccines can be mixed in a single syringe when:
 - a. Vaccines are licensed and labeled to be mixed
 - b. There is need to decrease the number of injections to be given
 - c. Giving all live or all inactivated vaccines.

- 9. Which of the following is not a route of vaccine administration?
 - a. IM
 - b. IT
 - c. SC
 - d. Nasal

10. Which type of injection is this?

- a. SL
- b. SC
- c. IM
- d. IV

- 11. When administering intranasal influenza vaccine it is necessary to re-administer vaccine if client sneezes immediately following administration?
 - a. True b. False
- 12. You must re-administer rotavirus if the infant spits or regurgitates following administration. a. True b. False
- 13. The needle angle is correct for an SC injection. a. True b. False



- 14. Never recap or clip needles prior to disposal. a. True b. False
- 15. If both hepatitis A and B vaccines are indicated, it is acceptable to mix the two vaccines together in one syringe.
 - a. True b. False
- 16. When more than two IM vaccines are given to an infant at one visit, the gluteal (buttock) muscle should be used.
 - a. True b. False
- 17. A new needle and syringe must be used for each vaccination.a. Trueb. False
- 18. MMR and varicella vaccines are both given subcutaneously.a. Trueb. False
- 19. The proper needle length for an SC injection in a child or adult is 5/8inch.a. Trueb. False
- 20. No vaccine should be injected unless epinephrine is immediately available.a. Trueb. False

Name:	Date:	Score: