GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Georgia Weekly Influenza Report

MMWR Week 15

Updated 4/22/2016

2 Peachtree St. N.W. Atlanta, GA 30303

Phone: 404-463-4625 Fax: 404-657-7517 E-mail: Audrey.Kunkes@dph.ga.gov

GA DPH on the web ! http://dph.georgia.gov/

Week 15 (April 10 - 16 2016) Synopsis

During week 15 there was low influenza activity in Georgia with sporadic occurrences of sustained flu transmission.

- **Outpatient Illness Surveillance (ILINet):** The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was **2.19%**, which is **above** the Georgia baseline of 1.6%.
- Geographic Spread of Influenza: The geographic spread of influenza in Georgia was SPORADIC during week 15.
- **Metro Area Hospitalizations:** There were 10 hospitalizations due to influenza infection during week 15. There have been 527 hospitalizations due to influenza infection so far this season.
- Influenza Related Deaths: There were 0 confirmed deaths due to influenza. There have been 5 confirmed influenza-associated death as of 4/22/2016.
- Viral Surveillance: Of the 600 specimens tested by Georgia clinical laboratories reporting to the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) during week 15, 56 (9.33%) were positive for influenza. Public Health Laboratories tested 17 specimens during week 15, 6 were positive for influenza.
- **Reported Influenza Outbreaks:** There were 0 outbreaks reported to public health during week 15. There have been 3 influenza-related outbreaks so far this season.
- **RSV Viral Surveillance:** Of the **I18** specimens tested and reported by the Georgia Public Health Laboratory (GPHL) and the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during

week 15, the percent positive of ALL laboratory tests was 3.89%.

Flu News

Flu Scan: Influenza A, then B; Flu vaccine protection surprise; Global flu update



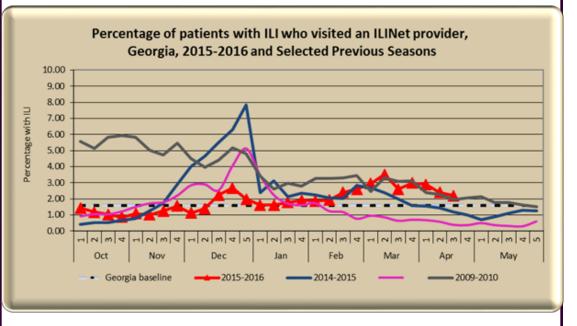
Study: Flu vaccine efficacy can wane over single season

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Percentage of patients with ILI reported by ILINet providers

(Volunteer providers who report percentage of patients with ILI seen by their practice or facility weekly. This week there are currently **27** ILINet providers reporting in Georgia.)

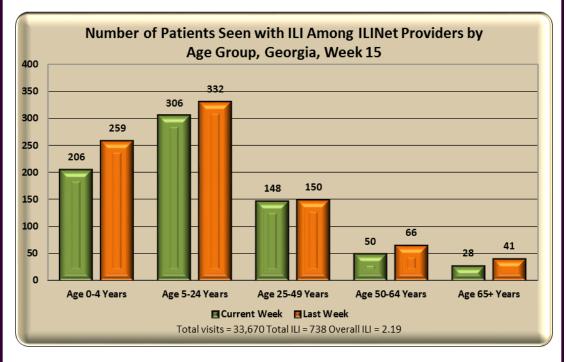
ILINet Provider Network Data



This Week: 2.19% of patients seen in ILINet Provider offices were diagnosed with ILI.

Note: The Georgia baseline is formulated by averaging ILI percentage during weeks of endemic activity determined by laboratory results for influenza.

ILINet Patient Visits By Age Group



ILINet patient visits by age group

This graph displays the number of patients seen at sentinel provider offices and diagnosed with ILI in the past week. The data are stratified by age-group.

During week 15 those under 24 years of age were most often seen with ILI symptoms by ILINet providers.

GEORGIA year mean for the current week. Weekly Influenza Intensity, Georgia, 2015-2016 tor - ILINet 10 9 8 7 6 5 weekly/) 4 3 2 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 Week ILI Activity Level Ļ Minimal Low Moderate Georgia ILI Geographic Dispersion Influenza Activity - Geographic Dispersion Georgia, 2015-2016 Widespread Regional Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists Report - Geographic Dis-Local persion (This graph reflects geo-Sporadic graphic dispersion and is not an indicator of influenza severity) None 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 Week This Week's Flu Code is: **SPORADIC** ILI activity has not increased and isolated lab-confirmed cases of influenza OR

ILI activity has not increased and a lab confirmed influenza outbreak in one institution.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

ILI Activity Level Indica-

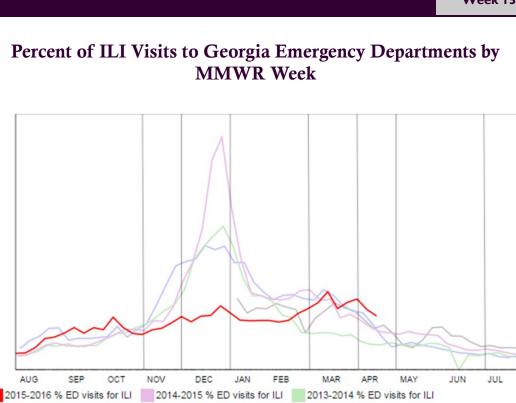
(This graph uses the proportion of outpatient visits for ILI to measure the ILI severity in Georgia.) For a national view, visit <u>http://cdc.gov/flu/</u>



High

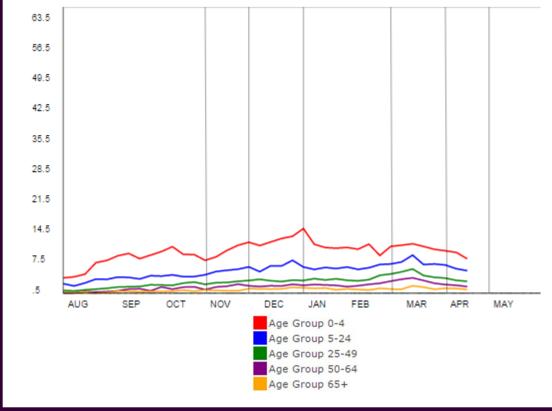
ILI Activity Levels (1 - 10) correspond to the number of standard deviations away from the 3-

This week the intensity level is: Low = 4



During **week 15** the weekly percentage of patients seen for ILI in Georgia Emergency Departments reporting to our syndromic surveillance system decreased compared to the previous week.

Percentage of Patients with ILI Syndrome Visits by Age Group



GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

9

8

7

6 5 4

3

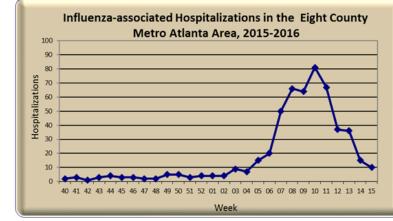
0

Syndromic Surveillance Data Daily Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits)

Syndromic Surveillance Data Weekly Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits by Age Group) GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

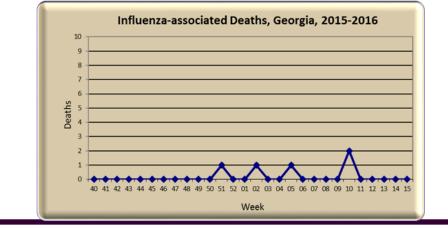
Georgia Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations

Age Group	Number of Hospitalizations (8– County Metro-Area Only)	Hospitalization Rate (Cases/100,000 people)
0 - 4	75 (14.2%)	27.83
5 -17	47 (8.9%)	6.59
18 - 51	156 (29.6%)	8.58
51 - 64	122 (23.1%)	17.59
65+	127 (24.1%)	34.29
Total	527	14.04



Georgia Influenza-Associated Deaths

Age Group	Number of Deaths
0 - 4	0
5 -17	0
18 - 51	I
51 - 64	2
65+	2
Total	5



Influenza Hospitalizations in the eight county metro Atlanta area 2015-2016 (Emerging Infections Program data)

Influenza-Associated Deaths 2015-2016 Statewide (Influenzaassociated deaths are a notifiable condition in Georgia)

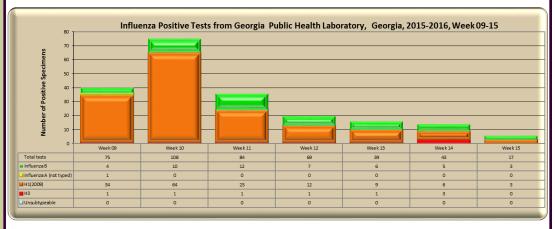
We Protect Lives.

Georgia Virologic Surveillance Data

Influenza Positive Tests Reported to Public Health by Geogia Clinical Laboratories, Georgia, 2015-2016, Week 09-15 27.5% 25.0% 32 300 275 22.5% **Number of Positive Speci** 250 225 200 175 150 125 20.0% 17.5% 15.0% 12.5% 10.0% 7.5% 5.0% 2.5% 0.0% Week 09 Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Week 13 Week 14 Week 15 Total tests 1,272 1,341 1,169 861 703 600 986 Influenza A 187 257 185 120 84 40 25 Influenza B 40 50 53 33 49 41 31 % Positive (Current) 17.85% 22.899 20.369 15.529 15.459 11.529 9.33%

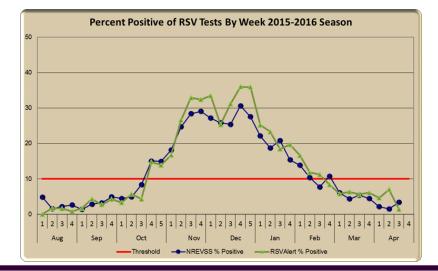
During **week 15** Georgia clinical laboratories reporting to NREVSS tested 600 specimens for influenza, 56 (9.33%) were positive. The predominate strain identified was influenza B.

Note: No subtyping information will be released from clinical laboratories



Public Health Laboratories tested 17 specimen for influenza during **week 15, 6 were positive for Influenza** (3 influenza A and 3 influenza B),

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Surveillance Data



Georgia threshold of RSV season on-

GEORGIA

DEPARTMENT OF

PUBLIC HEALTH

set and end

RSV season onset is defined as the first week of two (2) consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL lab confirmed tests are greater than or equal to 10%. The end of RSV season is now defined as the first week of two consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL lab confirmed tests are less than 10%. **RSV Season Sta**tus: OFF

Week I 5