

Georgia Weekly Influenza Report

Updated 10/11/2019

Week 40 (September 29 — October 5, 2019)

Snapshot of Influenza Activity During Week 40:

- Outpatient Illness Surveillance (ILINet): The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was 2.4%, which is AT the regional baseline of 2.4%
- Activity Indicator Map: MINIMAL
- Geographic Spread of Influenza: SPORADIC
- Influenza-associated Deaths: 0 deaths were confirmed
- Metro Area Hospitalizations: 3 hospitalizations were reported
- Influenza Outbreaks: 0 outbreaks were reported
- **Viral Surveillance:** The percent of specimens testing positive for influenza by clinical laboratories was 2.23%

Summary of Select Influenza Surveillance Measures

	Week 40	Cumulative Data since September 29, 2019 (Week 40)
No. of Influenza- associated Deaths	0	0
No. of Metro Area Influenza Hospitalizations	3	3
No. of Influenza Out- breaks	0	0

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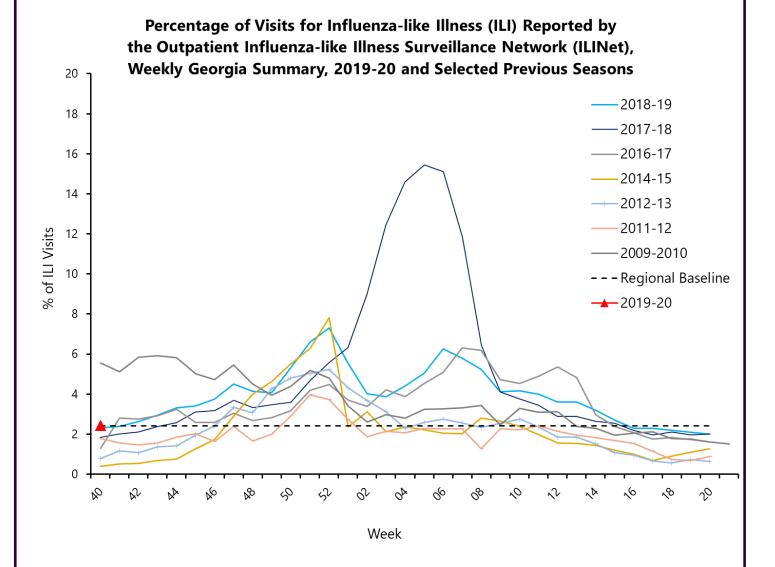


Outpatient Illness Surveillance

In Georgia during week 40, 2.4% of patient visits reported through the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) were due to influenza-like illness (ILI). The percentage is at the regional baseline of 2.4%. (ILI is defined as fever (temperature of 100°F [37.8°C] or greater) and cough and/or sore throat.)

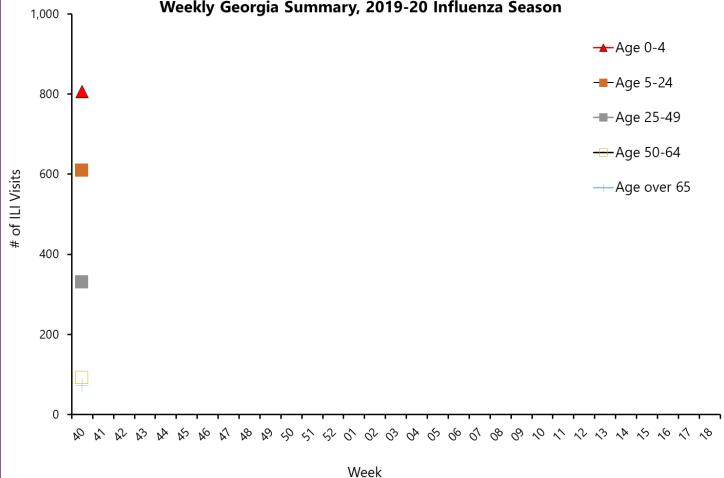
A total of 94 sentinel providers reported data for week 40.

Note: The regional baseline is formulated by averaging ILI percentage during weeks of endemic activity determined by laboratory results for influenza. HHS Region 4 (AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, and TN) (Baseline: 2.4%).





Number of Visits for Influenza-like Illness (ILI), by Age, Reported by the Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet), Weekly Georgia Summary, 2019-20 Influenza Season



Summary of ILI, by Age, Reported to ILINet, Weekly Georgia, 2019-20 Influenza Season

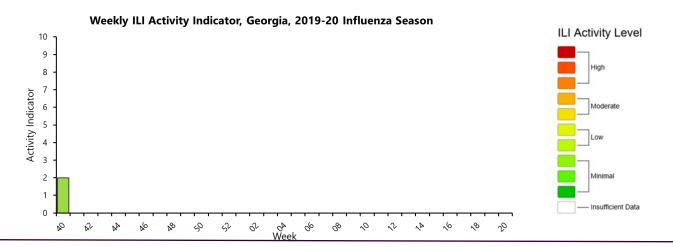
Age Group in Years	No. of ILI Visits (Week 40)	Cumulative Data since September 29, 2019 (Week 40)
0-4	816	816
5-24	630	630
25-49	392	392
50-64	123	123
65+	76	76
Total	2037	2037



ILI Activity Indicator

ILI Activity Levels measure ILI activity each week. Activity levels are based on the percent of outpatient visits in Georgia due to ILI compared to the 3 year average of ILI visits during weeks with little or no influenza virus circulation.

During week 40, the activity level in Georgia was MINIMAL = 2

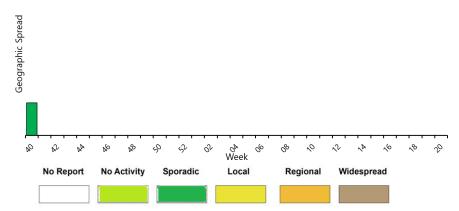


Geographic Spread of Influenza

Geographic spread is measured weekly and reflects geographic dispersion of influenza and is not an indicator of influenza severity.

During week 40, the geographic spread of influenza in Georgia was **SPORADIC**

Weekly Influenza Activity Estimates of Geographic Spread, Georgia, 2019-20 Influenza Season



No Activity: No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI. **Sporadic:** Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been re-

ported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

Local: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state. **Regional:** Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.

Widespread: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.



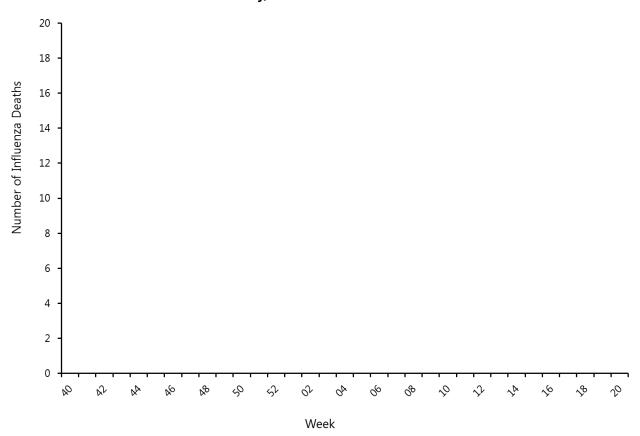
Influenza-Associated Mortality

Influenza-associated deaths (in all ages) are reportable by law in the state of Georgia. To be confirmed as a as influenza-associated death, the person must have a clinically compatible illness, a positive influenza test, no documented recovery between the illness and death.

There were 0 influenza-associated deaths reported in Georgia during week 40.

A total of 0 influenza-associated deaths have been confirmed for the 2019-20 season.

Number of Laboratory Confirmed Influenza Deaths by Week of Death: Georgia Summary, 2019-20 Influenza Season



Summary of Influenza-associated Deaths, by Age, Georgia, 2018-19 Influenza Season

Age Group in Years	No. of Flu Deaths (Data Cumulative since Week 40)
0-4	0
5-17	0
18-49	0
50-64	0
65+	0
Total	0

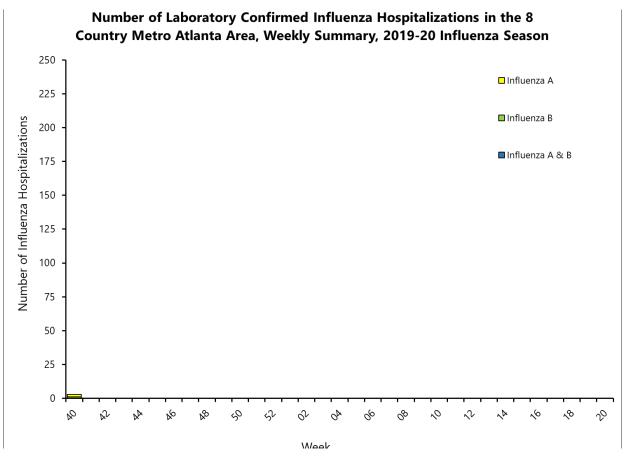


Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations

The Influenza Hospitalization Surveillance Network (FluSurv-Net) reports laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations in the eight county metro Atlanta area (Fulton, DeKalb, Clayton, Cobb, Douglas, Gwinnett, Rockdale, and Newton) for the 2019-20 influenza season.

There were 3 laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations confirmed for week 40.

A total of 3 laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations have been reported for the 2019-20 season.



Summary of Influenza Hospitalizations, by Age, Georgia, 2019-20 Influenza Season

Age Group in Years	No. of Flu Hospitalization (Cumulative Data since Week 40)	Hospitalization Rate (per 100,000 population)
0-4	0	0
5-17	0	0
18-49	2	0.11
50-64	0	0
65+	1	0.22
Total	3	0.07



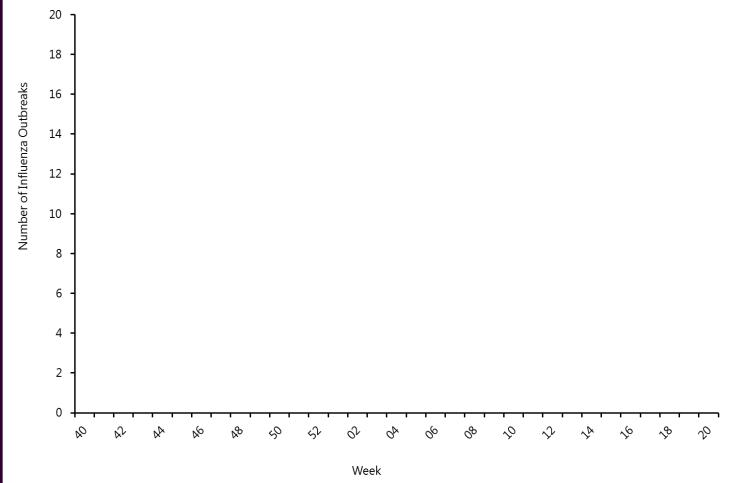
Influenza Outbreaks

Influenza outbreaks are reportable by law in the state of Georgia.

0 influenza outbreaks were reported for week 40.

A total of 0 laboratory confirmed influenza outbreaks have been reported in Georgia for the 2019-20 season.

Number of Laboratory Confirmed Influenza Outbreaks by Onset Week Weekly Georgia, Summary, 2019-20 Influenza Season

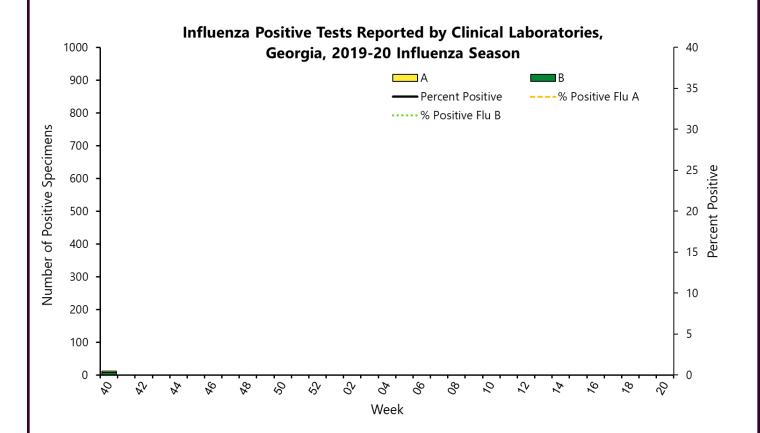




Virologic Surveillance

The National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) and World Health Organization (WHO) collaborating laboratories (a combination of clinical and public health laboratories) report the total number of respiratory specimens tested for influenza and the number of positive for influenza, by virus type. Public Health Laboratories provide data about influenza virus subtypes and lineages (next page).

During week 40, clinical laboratories in Georgia reported testing 538 specimens, of which 2.23% were positive for influenza.

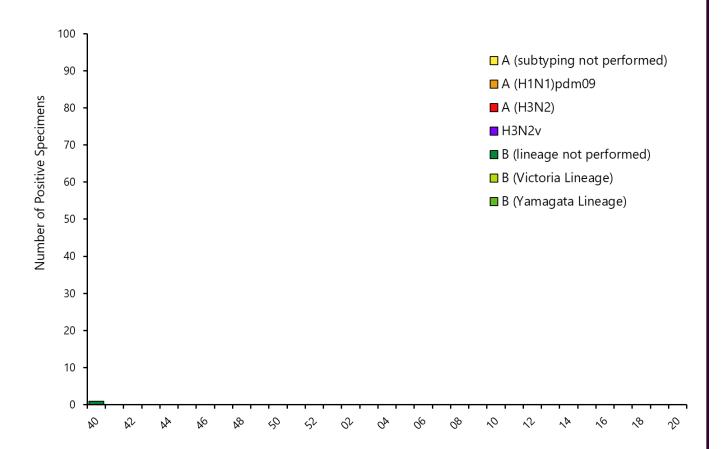


Summary of Influenza Tests from Clinical Laboratories, Georgia, 2019-20 Influenza Season

	Week 40	Cumulative Data Since Week 40
No. of specimens tested	538	538
No. of positive specimens	12	12
Influenza A	4	4
Influenza B	8	8



During week 40, public health laboratories in Georgia reported testing 17 specimens for influenza, 1 was positive.



Summary of Influenza Tests from Public Health Laboratories, Georgia, 2019-20 Influenza Season

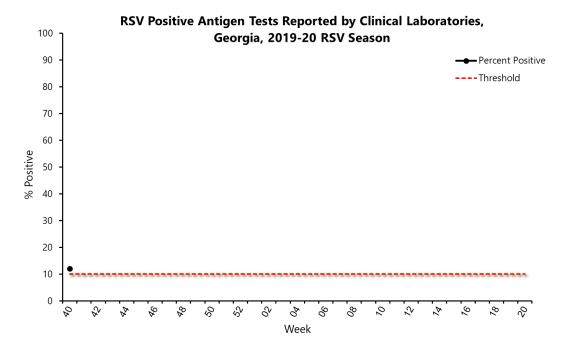
	Cumulative Data Since Week 40
No. of specimens tested	17
No. of Positive Specimens	1
Influenza A (subtype not performed)	0
A(H1N1)pmd09	0
НЗ	0
Influenza B (lineage not performed)	1
Yamagata lineage	0
Victoria lineage	0



Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infection (RSV) Surveillance

Data from NREVSS are also analyzed to measure the RSV seasonality. Antigen and polymerase chain reaction (PCR) tests are analyzed separately to determine the start and end of RSV season. Season onset is defined as the first week of two consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL laboratory confirmed tests are greater than or equal a certain threshold. The end is defined as the first week of two consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL laboratory confirmed tests are less than a certain threshold. For antigen-based testing, the threshold is 10% and for PCR the threshold is 3%.

During week 40, clinical laboratories in Georgia reported testing 193 specimens with antigen testing methods, 11.92% were positive for RSV.



During week 40, clinical laboratories in Georgia reported testing 231 specimens with PCR testing methods, 14.29 % were positive for RSV.

