Georgia Weekly Influenza Report

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MMWR Week 41

Updated 10/23/2015

Week 41 (Oct. 11 - Oct. 17, 2015) Synopsis

During week 41 there was minimal influenza activity in Georgia with sporadic occurrences of sustained flu transmission.

- Outpatient Illness Surveillance (ILINet): The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was 1.37%, which is below the Georgia baseline of 1.6%.
- **Geographic Spread of Influenza:** The geographic spread of influenza in Georgia was **SPORADIC** during week 41.
- **Metro Area Hospitalizations:** There were **2** hospitalizations due to influenza infection. There have been 2 hospitalizations due to influenza infection so far this season
- Influenza Related Deaths: There were 0 confirmed deaths due to influenza during week 41. There have been 0 confirmed influenza-associated deaths as of 10/23/2015.
- **Viral Surveillance:** Of the **248** specimens tested by Georgia clinical laboratories reporting to the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) during week 41, **2** (**0.81%**) were positive for influenza. Of the 3 specimens tested for influenza by the Georgia Public Health Laboratory (GPHL) during week 41, 0 (0.0%) were positive.
- **Reported Influenza Outbreaks:** There were **0** influenza-related outbreaks reported to public health during week 41.
- **RSV Viral Surveillance:** Of the **74** specimens tested and reported by the Georgia Public Health Laboratory (GPHL) and the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 41, the percent positive of **ALL** laboratory tests was 8.11%.

Flu News

Find influenza vaccine providers in your area

<u>FLU SCAN: Risk for severe respiratory infection; Neuraminidase inhibitor effectiveness</u>

FLU SCAN: Southern Hemisphere flu ebb; H5N1 on Nigerian farms

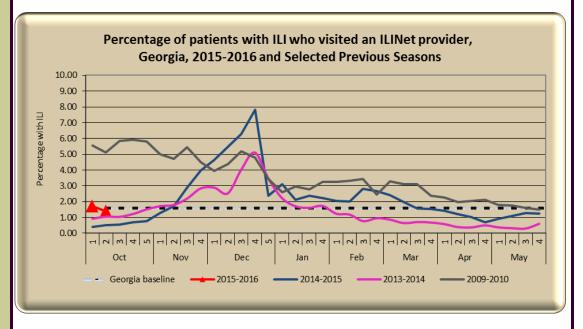


Percentage of patients with ILI reported by ILINet providers (Volunteer providers who report percentage of patients with ILI seen by their practice or facility weekly. This week there are currently 21 ILINet providers reporting in Georgia.)

ILINet patient visits by age group

This graph displays the number of patients seen at sentinel provider offices and diagnosed with ILI in the past week. The data are stratified by age-group.

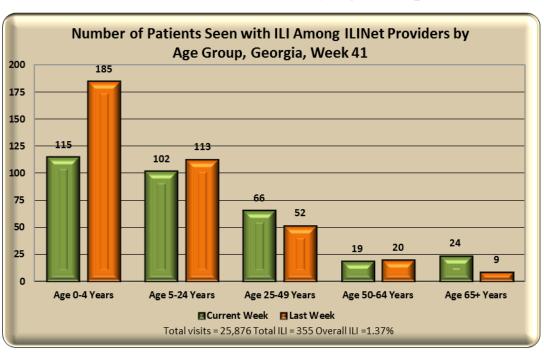
ILINet Provider Network Data



This Week: 1.37% of patients seen in ILINet Provider offices were diagnosed with ILI.

Note: The Georgia baseline is formulated by averaging ILI percentage during weeks of endemic activity determined by laboratory results for influenza.

ILINet Patient Visits By Age Group



During **week 41** those in the age group 0-24 years of age were most often seen with ILI symptoms by ILINet providers.

ILI Activity Level Indicator - ILINet

(This graph uses the proportion of outpatient visits for ILI to measure the ILI severity in Georgia.) For a national view, visit http://cdc.gov/flu/weekly/)

Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists Report – Geographic Dispersion

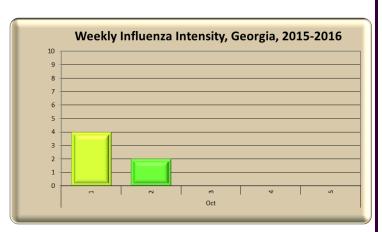
(This graph reflects geographic dispersion and is not an indicator of influenza severity)

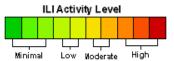
Georgia ILI Intensity Indicator

ILI Activity Levels (1 - 10) correspond to the number of standard deviations away from the 3-year mean for the current week.

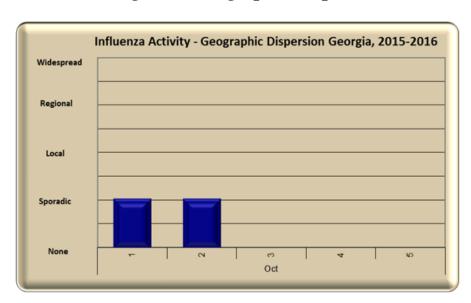
This week the intensity level is:

Minimal = 2





Georgia ILI Geographic Dispersion



This Week's Flu Code is:

SPORADIC

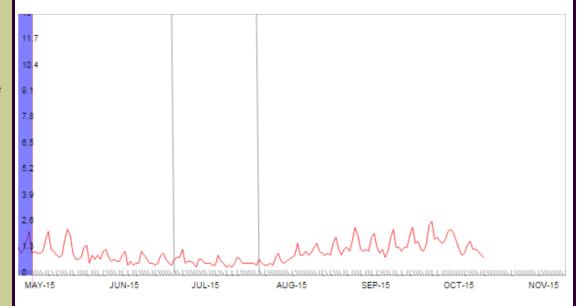
Sporadic = ILI activity has not increased and isolated lab-confirmed cases of influenza

OR

ILI activity has not increased and a lab confirmed influenza outbreak in one institution.

Syndromic Surveillance Data Daily Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits)

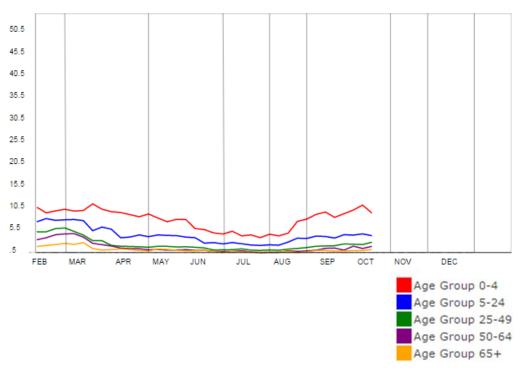
Daily Percent of ILI Syndrome Visits to Georgia Emergency



During **week 41** the daily percentage of patients seen for ILI in Georgia Emergency Departments reporting to our syndromic surveillance system increased slightly compared to the previous week.

Syndromic Surveillance Data Weekly Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits by Age Group)

Percentage of Patients with ILI Syndrome Visits by Age Group



Influenza Hospitalizations in the eight county metro Atlanta area 2014-2015 (Emerging Infections Program data)

Influenza-Associated
Deaths 2014-2015
Statewide (Influenzaassociated deaths are a notifiable condition in Georgia)

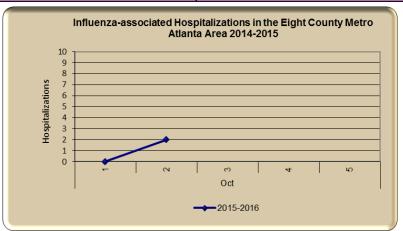
Influenza-Associated hospitalizations in the eightcounty metro Atlanta area (Emerging Infections Program data)

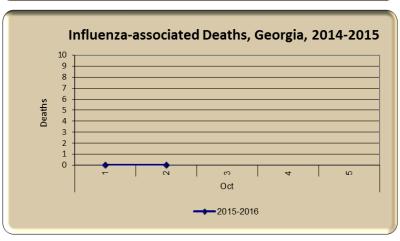
Influenza-Associated deaths reported to Public Health

Georgia Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations and Deaths

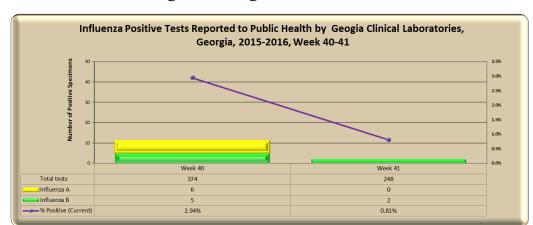
Age Group	Number of Hospitalizations (8– County Metro-Area Only)
0 - 4	0
5 - 17	0
18 - 51	0
51 - 64	0
65+	2
Total	0 (For confirmation, these data are delayed.)

Age Group	Number of Deaths
0 - 4	0
5 -17	0
18 - 51	0
51 - 64	0
65+	0
Total	0 (For confirmation, these data are delayed.)



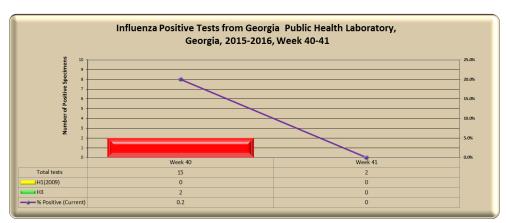


Georgia Virologic Surveillance Data



During week 41 Georgia clinical laboratories reporting to NREVSS tested 248 specimens for influenza, 2 (0.81%) were positive. The predominant strain was influenza B (2).

Note: No subtyping information will be released from clinical laboratories



During week 41 the Georgia Public Health Laboratory tested 2 specimens for influenza, none were positive.

Georgia threshold of RSV season on-

GEORGIA

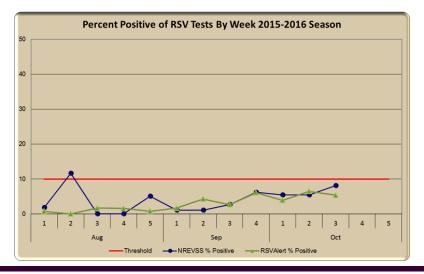
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

RSV season onset is defined as the first week of two (2) consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL lab confirmed tests are greater than or equal to 10%. The end of RSV season is now defined as the first week of two consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL lab confirmed tests are less than 10%.

RSV Season Sta-

tus: OFF

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Surveillance Data



set and end