GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Georgia Weekly Influenza Report

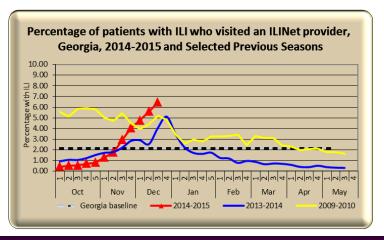
MMWR Week 51

Updated 12/30/2014

Week 51 (Dec.14 - Dec. 20, 2014) Synopsis

During week 51 there was widespread influenza activity in Georgia with high occurrences of sustained flu transmission.

- Outpatient Illness Surveillance (ILINet): The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was 6.44%, which is above the Georgia baseline of 2.1%.
- Geographic Spread of Influenza: The geographic spread of influenza in Georgia was WIDESPREAD during week 51.
- Metro Area Hospitalizations: There were 88 hospitalizations due to influenza infection during week 51. There have been 459 hospitalizations due to influenza infection so far this season.
- Influenza Related Deaths: There have been 3 confirmed influenza-associated deaths during week 51. There have been 12 confirmed influenza-associated deaths as of 12/30/2014.
- Viral Surveillance: Of the 1,297 Specimens tested and reported by the Georgia Public Health Laboratory (GPHL) and the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 51, 340 (26.21%) were positive for influenza.
- **Reported Influenza Outbreaks:** There were 6 influenza-related outbreaks reported to public health during week 51 and 6 influenza-related outbreaks reported in week 52. There have been **25** influenza-related outbreaks so far this season.
- RSV Viral Surveillance: Of the 568 specimens tested and reported by the Georgia Public Health Laboratory (GPHL) and the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 51, the percent positive of ALL laboratory confirmed tests was 17.10%.



ILINet Provider Network Data

This Week: **6.44%** of patients seen in ILINet Provider offices were diagnosed with ILI.

Note: The Georgia baseline is formulated by averaging ILI percentage during weeks of endemic activity determined by laboratory results for influenza.

Percentage of patients with ILI reported by

ILINet providers (Volunteer providers who report percentage of patients with ILI seen by their practice or facility weekly. This week there are currently 21 ILINet providers reporting in Georgia.)

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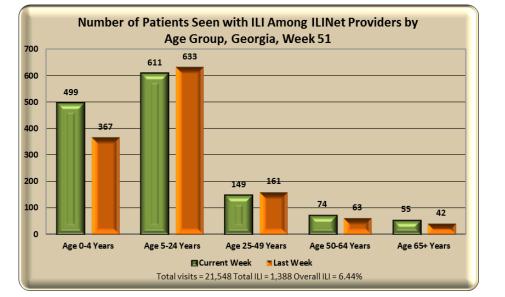
ILINet patient visits by age group

This graph displays the number of patients seen at sentinel provider offices and diagnosed with ILI in the past week. The data are stratified by age-group.

ILI Activity Level Indicator - ILINet

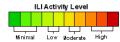
(This graph uses the proportion of outpatient visits for ILI to measure the ILI severity in Georgia.) For a national view, visit <u>http://cdc.gov/flu/</u> weekly/)

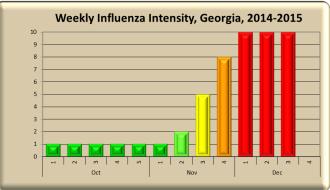
ILINet Patient Visits By Age Group



During **week 51** those aged 0 to 24 years were most often seen with ILI symptoms by ILINet providers.

Georgia ILI Intensity Indicator





Georgia ILI Geographic Dispersion

This Week's Flu Code is:

ILI Activity Levels (1 - 10) correspond to the number of

standard deviations away from

week.

the 3-year mean for the current

This week the intensity level is:

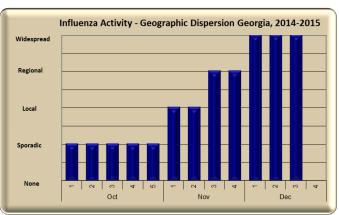
High = 10

WIDESPREAD

Widespread = Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least half of the regions

AND

Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state



Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists Report – Geographic Dis-

persion

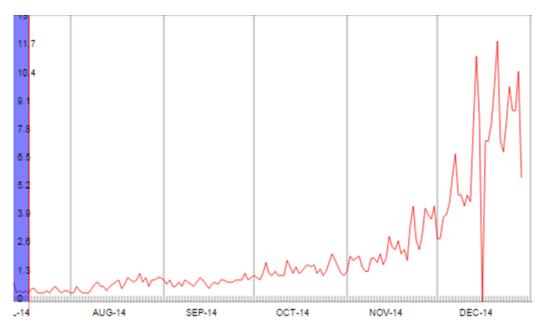
(This graph reflects geographic dispersion and is not an indicator of influenza severity)

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Syndromic Surveillance Data Daily Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits)

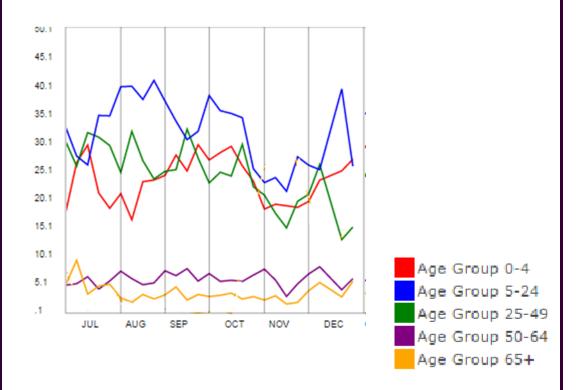
Syndromic Surveillance Data Weekly Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits by Age Group)

Daily Percent of ILI Syndrome Visits to Georgia Emergency



During **week 51** the daily percentage of patients seen for ILI in Georgia Emergency Departments reporting to our syndromic surveillance system increased compared to the previous week.

Weekly Percent of ILI Syndrome Visits by Age Group



Week 51

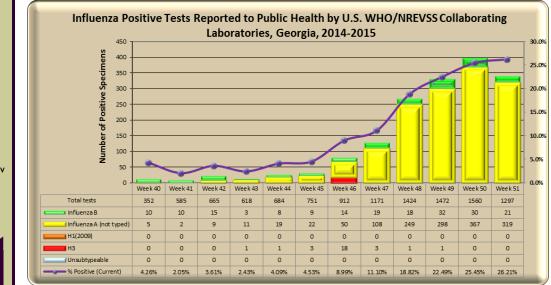
Week 51

Georgia Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations and Deaths **GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF** Number of Hospitaliza-**PUBLIC HEALTH** Hospitalization Rate tions (8- County Metro-Area (Cases/100,000 people) Influenza Hospitaliza-Only) tions in the eight county metro Atlanta area 2014-0 - 4 52 (11.3%) 19.30 2015 (Emerging Infections 9.54 5 - 17 68 (14.8%) Program data) 5.28 18 - 49 96 (20.9%) 50 - 64 55 (12.0%) 7.93 65+ 188 (41.0%) 50.76 Total 459 (For confirmation, these data are delayed) 12.23 Age Group Number of Deaths Influenza-Associated Deaths 2014-2015 0 - 4 I Statewide (Influenzaassociated deaths are a notifi-5 - 17 0 able condition in Georgia) 18 - 49 I 50 - 64 2 65+ 8 12 (death data includes all confirmed influenza Total -associated deaths, 9/29/2014-12/19/2014) Influenza-Associated hos-Influenza-associated Hospitalizations in the Eight County Metro pitalizations in the eight-Atlanta Area 2014-2015 county metro Atlanta 130 120 110 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 area (Emerging Infections Program data) Ho spitalizations N 0 0 0 ര 4 ц 4 Oct Dec Nov 2014-2015 Influenza-Associated deaths reported to Public Influenza-associated Deaths, Georgia, 2014-2015 Health 10 9 8 7 6 Deaths 5 4 0 é Ň 0 4 0 0 4 Oct Dec Nov -2014-2015

We Protect Lives.

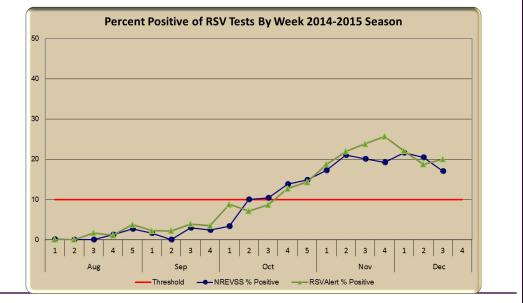
Week 51

Georgia Virologic Surveillance Data



Note: Includes rapid tests reported from reference Laboratories and the Georgia Public Health Laboratory; not all positive laboratory results for influenza are reported to Public Health.

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Surveillance Data



Flu News

Find influenza vaccine providers in your area

<u>CDC Health Advisory Regarding the Potential for Circulation of Drifted</u> <u>Influenza A (H3N2) Viruses</u>

Flu Scan: Flu keeps rising in US; H5N1 cases in Egypt; H7N9 cases in China region; Avian flu in 4 counties

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Georgia threshold of RSV season on-

set and end

RSV season onset is defined as the first week of two (2) consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL lab confirmed tests are greater than or equal to 10%. The end of RSV season is now defined as the first week of two consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL lab confirmed tests are less than 10%. **RSV Season Sta-**

tus: ON

