Georgia Weekly Influenza Report

MMWR Week 52

Updated 1/2/2015

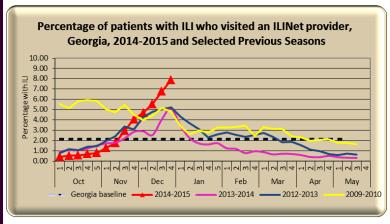
Week 52 (Dec.21 - Dec. 27, 2014) Synopsis

During week 52 there was widespread influenza activity in Georgia with high occurrences of sustained flu transmission.

- Outpatient Illness Surveillance (ILINet): The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was 7.89%, which is above the Georgia baseline of 2.1%.
- **Geographic Spread of Influenza:** The geographic spread of influenza in Georgia was **WIDESPREAD** during week 52.
- Metro Area Hospitalizations: Due to the holidays we do not currently have an update for influenza-associated hospitalizations for week 52. There have been 459 hospitalizations due to influenza infection as of 12/30/2014.
- Influenza Related Deaths: There were 0 confirmed influenza-associated deaths during week 52. There have been 13 confirmed influenza-associated deaths as of 1/2/2015.
- Viral Surveillance: Of the 1,824 Specimens tested and reported by the Georgia Public Health Laboratory (GPHL) and the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 52, 485 (26.59%) were positive for influen-
- Reported Influenza Outbreaks: There were 6 influenza-related outbreaks reported to
 public health during week 52 and 7 influenza-related outbreaks reported in week 01. There
 have been 26 influenza-related outbreaks so far this season.
- RSV Viral Surveillance: Of the 580 specimens tested and reported by the Georgia Public Health Laboratory (GPHL) and the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 52, the percent positive of ALL laboratory confirmed tests was 19.48%.

ILINet Provider Network Data

Percentage of patients with ILI reported by ILINet providers (Volunteer providers who report percentage of patients with ILI seen by their practice or facility weekly. This week there are currently 23 ILINet providers reporting in Georgia.)



This Week: **7.89**% of patients seen in ILINet Provider offices were diagnosed with ILI.

Note: The Georgia baseline is formulated by averaging ILI percentage during weeks of endemic activity determined by laboratory results for influenza.

ILINet patient visits by age group

This graph displays the number of patients seen at sentinel provider offices and diagnosed with ILI in the past week. The data are stratified by age-group.

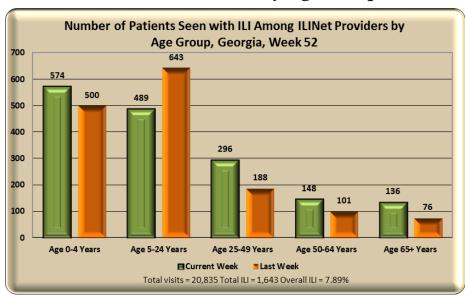
ILI Activity Level Indicator - ILINet

(This graph uses the proportion of outpatient visits for ILI to measure the ILI severity in Georgia.) For a national view, visit http://cdc.gov/flu/weekly/)

Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists Report – Geographic Dispersion

(This graph reflects geographic dispersion and is not an indicator of influenza severity)

ILINet Patient Visits By Age Group

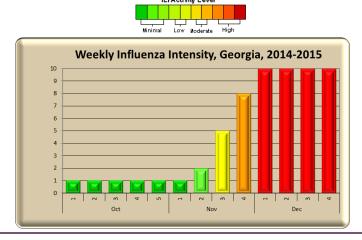


During week 52 those aged 0 to 24 years were most often seen with ILI symptoms by ILINet providers.

Georgia ILI Intensity Indicator

ILI Activity Levels (1 - 10) correspond to the number of standard deviations away from the 3-year mean for the current week.

This week the intensity level is: High = 10



Georgia ILI Geographic Dispersion

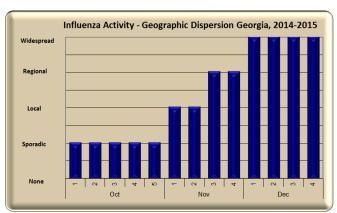
This Week's Flu Code is:

WIDESPREAD

Widespread = Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least half of the regions

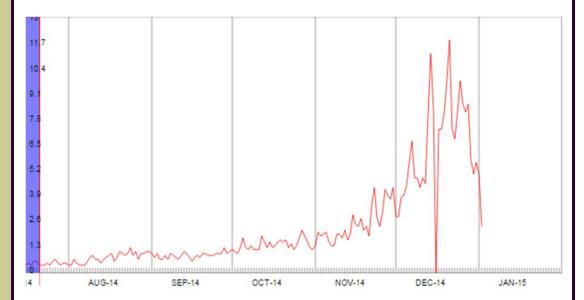
AND

Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state



Syndromic Surveillance Data Daily Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits)

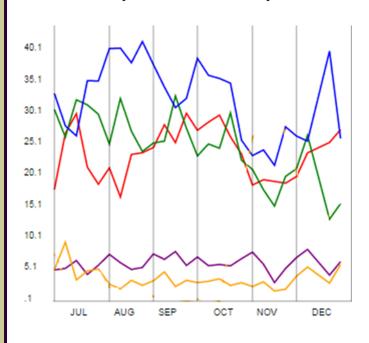
Daily Percent of ILI Syndrome Visits to Georgia Emergency

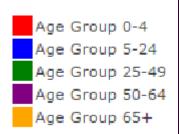


During **week 52** the daily percentage of patients seen for ILI in Georgia Emergency Departments reporting to our syndromic surveillance system fluctuated.

Weekly Percent of ILI Syndrome Visits by Age Group

Syndromic Surveillance Data Weekly Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits by Age Group)





Influenza Hospitalizations in the eight county metro Atlanta area 2014-2015 (Emerging Infections Program data)

Influenza-Associated
Deaths 2014-2015
Statewide (Influenzaassociated deaths are a notifiable condition in Georgia)

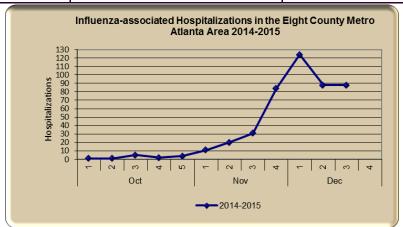
Influenza-Associated hospitalizations in the eightcounty metro Atlanta area (Emerging Infections Program data)

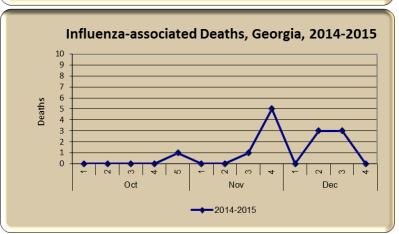
Influenza-Associated deaths reported to Public Health

Georgia Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations and Deaths

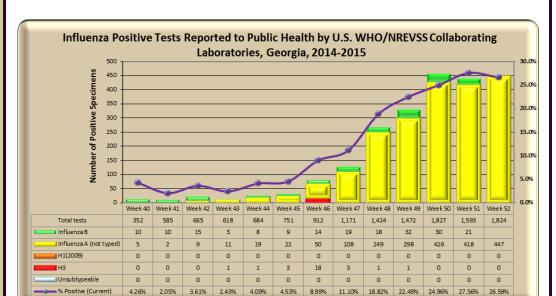
	Number of Hospitaliza-	
	tions (8– County Metro-Area Only)	Hospitalization Rate (Cases/100,000 people)
0 - 4	52 (11.3%)	19.30
5 -17	68 (14.8%)	9.54
18 - 49	96 (20.9%)	5.28
50 - 64	55 (12.0%)	7.93
65+	188 (41.0%)	50.76
Total	459 (For confirmation, these data are delayed)	12.23**data updated 12/30/2014
Age Group	Number of Deaths	

Age Group	Number of Deaths	
0 - 4	1	
5 -17	0	
18 - 49	2	
50 - 64	2	
65+	8	
Total	13 (death data includes all confirmed influenza -associated deaths, 9/29/2014-12/19/2014)	



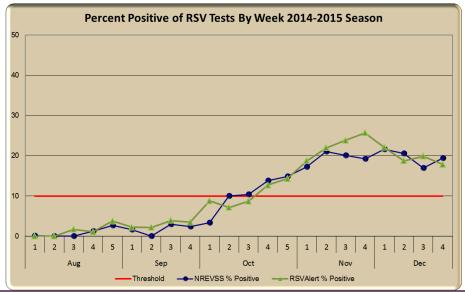


Georgia Virologic Surveillance Data



Note: Includes rapid tests reported from reference Laboratories and the Georgia Public Health Laboratory; not all positive laboratory results for influenza are reported to Public Health.

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Surveillance Data



Flu News

Find influenza vaccine providers in your area

<u>CDC Health Advisory Regarding the Potential for Circulation of Drifted Influenza A (H3N2) Viruses</u>

FDA approval of peramivir makes IV flu drug available

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

2 Peachtree St. N.W. Atlanta, GA 30303

Phone: 404-463-4625 Fax: 404-657-7517 E-mail: Audrey.Kunkes@dph.ga.gov

GA DPH on the web! http://dph.georgia.gov/

Georgia threshold of RSV season onset and end

RSV season onset is defined as the first week of two (2) consecutive weeks when the percent positive of **ALL** lab confirmed tests are greater than or equal to 10%. The end of RSV season is now defined as the first week of two consecutive weeks when the percent positive of **ALL** lab confirmed tests are less than 10%.

RSV Season Status: ON

