Georgia Weekly Influenza Report

Updated 1/4/2019

Week 52 (December 23 — December 29, 2018)

Snapshot of Influenza Activity During Week 52:

- **Outpatient Illness Surveillance (ILINet):** The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was **7.4%**, which is **ABOVE** the regional baseline of 2.2%
- Activity Indicator Map: HIGH

Georgia Department of Public Health

- Geographic Spread of Influenza: WIDESPREAD
- Influenza-associated Deaths: 0 deaths were confirmed
- Metro Area Hospitalizations: 90 hospitalizations were reported
- Influenza Outbreaks: 4 outbreaks were reported
- **Viral Surveillance:** The percent of specimens testing positive for influenza by clinical laboratories was 14%
- RSV Season Status: ON

Summary of Select Influenza Surveillance Measures

	Week 52	Cumulative Data since September 30, 2018 (Week 40)
No. of Influenza- associated Deaths	0	4
No. of Metro Area Influ- enza Hospitalizations	90	440
No. of Influenza Out- breaks	4	19

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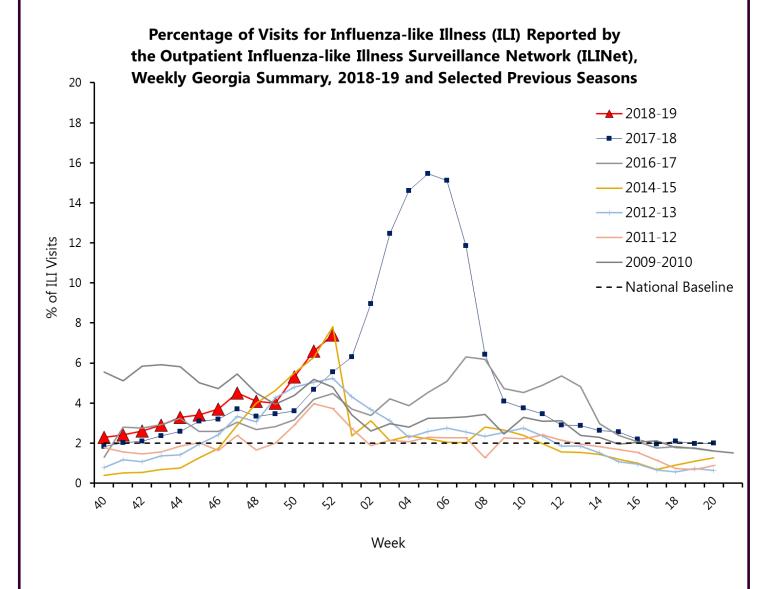


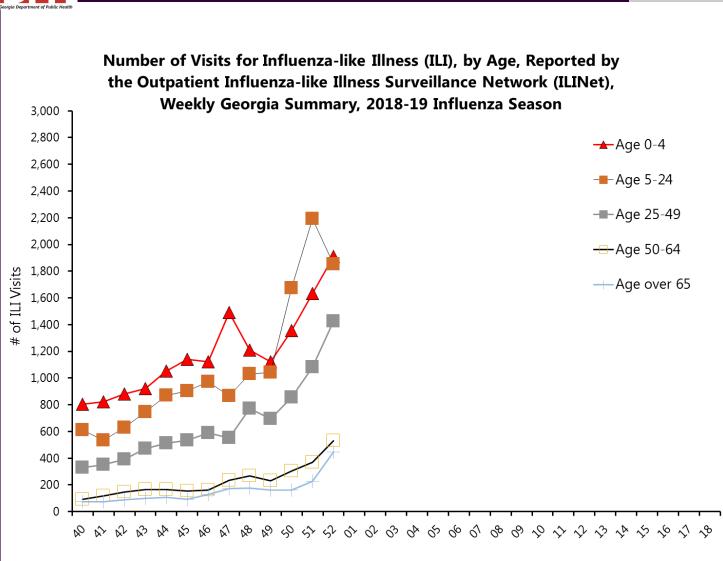
Outpatient Illness Surveillance

In Georgia during week 52, 7.4% of patient visits reported through the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) were due to influenza-like illness (ILI). The percentage is above the regional baseline of 2.2%. (ILI is defined as fever (temperature of 100°F [37.8°C] or greater) and cough and/or sore throat.)

A total of 98 sentinel providers reported data for week 52.

Note: The regional baseline is formulated by averaging ILI percentage during weeks of endemic activity determined by laboratory results for influenza. HHS Region 4 (AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, and TN) (Baseline: 2.2%).





Week

Summary of ILI, by Age, Reported to ILINet, Weekly Georgia, 2018-19 Influenza Season

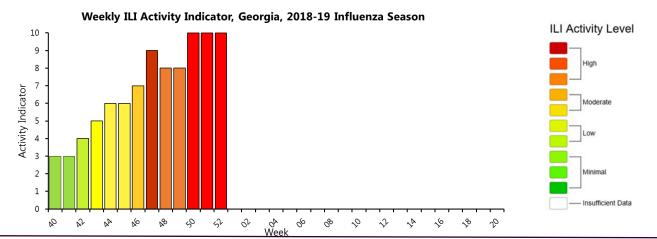
Age Group in Years	No. of ILI Visits (Week 52)	Cumulative Data since Sep- tember 30, 2018 (Week 40)
0-4	1,909	15,470
5-17	1,851	13,946
18-49	1,424	8,568
50-64	531	2,952
65+	448	2,010
Total	6,164	42,946



ILI Activity Indicator

ILI Activity Levels measure ILI activity each week. Activity levels are based on the percent of outpatient visits in Georgia due to ILI compared to the 3 year average of ILI visits during weeks with little or no influenza virus circulation.

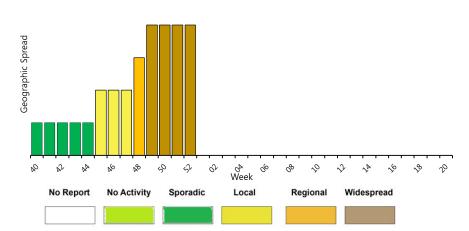
During week 52, the activity level in Georgia was **HIGH = 10**



Geographic Spread of Influenza

Geographic spread is measured weekly and reflects geographic dispersion of influenza and is not an indicator of influenza severity.

During week 52, the geographic spread of influenza in Georgia was WIDESPREAD



Weekly Influenza Activity Estimates of Geographic Spread, Georgia, 2018-19 Influenza Season

No Activity: No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI. **Sporadic:** Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

Local: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state. **Regional:** Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.

Widespread: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.

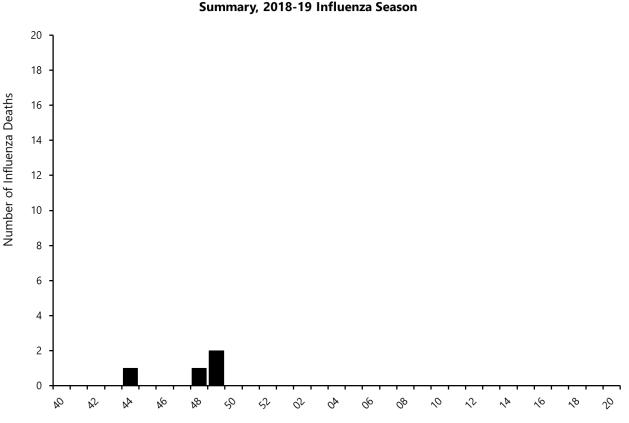


Influenza-Associated Mortality

Influenza-associated deaths (in all ages) are reportable by law in the state of Georgia. To be confirmed as a as influenza-associated death, the person must have a clinically compatible illness, a positive influenza test, no documented recovery between the illness and death.

There were 0 influenza-associated deaths reported in Georgia during week 52.

A total of 4 influenza-associated deaths have been confirmed for the 2018-2019 season.



Number of Laboratory Confirmed Influenza Deaths by Week of Death: Georgia Summary, 2018-19 Influenza Season

Week

Summary of Influenza-associated Deaths, by Age, Georgia, 2018-19 Influenza Season

Age Group in Years	No. of Flu Deaths (Data Cumulative since Week 40)
0-4	0
5-17	1
18-49	0
50-64	0
65+	3
Total	4

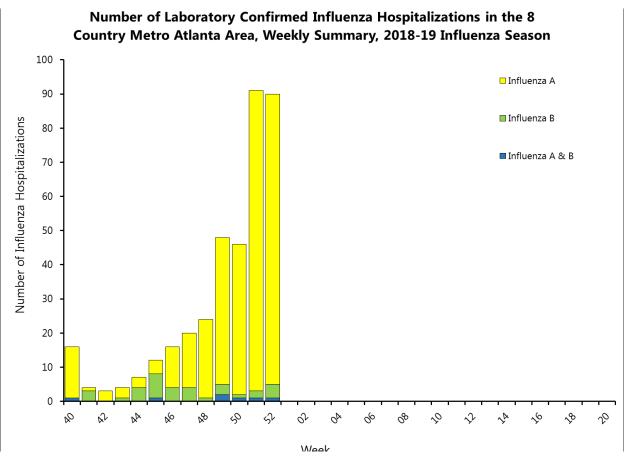


Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations

The Influenza Hospitalization Surveillance Network (FluSurv-Net) reports laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations in the eight county metro Atlanta area (Fulton, DeKalb, Clayton, Cobb, Douglas, Gwinnett, Rockdale, and Newton) for the 2018-2019 influenza season.

There were 90 laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations confirmed for week 52.

A total of 440 laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations have been reported for the 2018-2019 season.



Summary of Influenza Hospitalizations, by Age, Georgia, 2018-19 Influenza Season

Age Group in Years	No. of Flu Hospitalization (Cumulative Data since Week 40)	Hospitalization Rate (per 100,000 population)
0-4	75	28.03
5-17	82	11.08
18-49	78	4.14
50-64	81	10.75
65+	124	27.27
Total	440	10.74



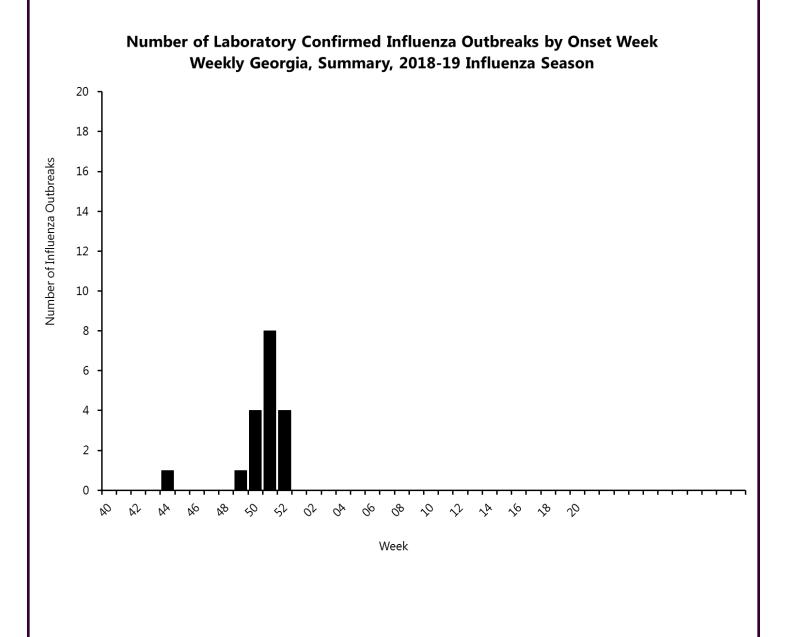
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Influenza Outbreaks

Influenza outbreaks are reportable by law in the state of Georgia.

4 influenza outbreaks were reported for week 52.

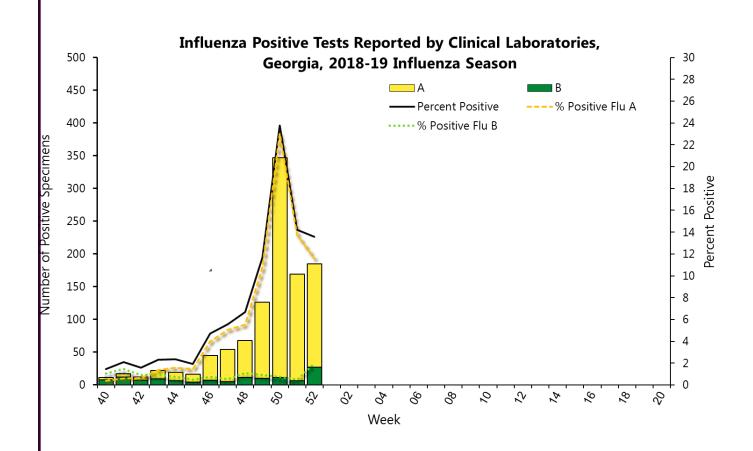
A total of 19 laboratory confirmed influenza outbreaks have been reported in Georgia for the 2018-2019 season.





Virologic Surveillance

he National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) and World Health Organization (WHO) collaborating laboratories (a combination of clinical and public health laboratories) report the total number of respiratory specimens tested for influenza and the number of positive for influenza, by virus type. Public Health Laboratories provide data about influenza virus subtypes and lineages (next page).



Summary of Influenza Tests from Clinical Laboratories, Georgia,

	Week 52	Cumulative Data Since Week 40
No. of specimens tested	1,364	12,965
No. of positive specimens	185	1,092
Influenza A	158	968
Influenza B	27	123

During week 52, public health laboratories in Georgia reported testing 1 specimen, and 0 were positive for influenza. 60 □ A (subtyping not performed) 55 A (H1N1)pdm09 50 Number of Positive Specimens A (H3N2) 45 ■ H3N2v ■ B (lineage not performed) 40 B (Victoria Lineage) 35 B (Yamagata Lineage) 30 25 20 15 10 5 0 Ŷ 20 D2 NA. 26 х⁹ ŝ Ś 0A 6 % ŝ $\sqrt{2}$ 2A \$ ~° P

Summary of Influenza Tests from Public Health Laboratories, Georgia,

	Cumulative Data Since Week 40
No. of specimens tested	480
No. of Positive Specimens	149
Influenza A (subtype not per- formed)	1
A(H1N1)pmd09	17
НЗ	130
Influenza B (lineage not performed)	1
Yamagata lineage	0
Victoria lineage	0

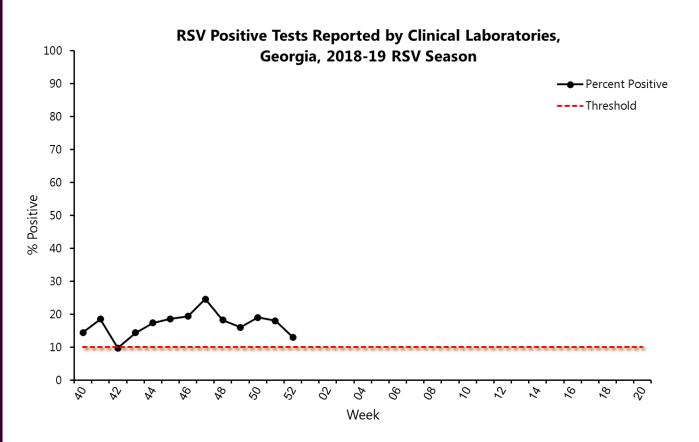


Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infection (RSV) Surveillance

Data from NREVSS are also analyzed to measure the RSV seasonality. RSV season onset is defined as the first week of two (2) consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL laboratory confirmed tests are greater than or equal to 10%. The end of RSV season is now defined as the first week of two consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL laboratory confirmed tests are less than 10%.

RSV Season Status: ON

During week 52, clinical laboratories in Georgia reported testing 298 specimens, of which 25% were positive for RSV.



Summary of RSV Tests from Clinical Laboratories, Georgia,

	Week 52	Data Cumulative Since Week 40
No. of specimens tested	376	3,217
No. of positive specimens	50	541