Week 20 (May 12 — May 18, 2019)

**Snapshot of Influenza Activity During Week 20:**

- **Outpatient Illness Surveillance (ILINet):** The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was 2.1%, which is **BELOW** the regional baseline of 2.2%
- **Activity Indicator Map:** MINIMAL
- **Geographic Spread of Influenza:** LOCAL
- **Influenza-associated Deaths:** 0 deaths were confirmed
- **Metro Area Hospitalizations:** 7 hospitalizations were reported
- **Influenza Outbreaks:** 0 outbreaks were reported
- **Viral Surveillance:** The percent of specimens testing positive for influenza by clinical laboratories was 4.5%
- **RSV Season Status:** OFF

**Summary of Select Influenza Surveillance Measures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Week 20</th>
<th>Cumulative Data since September 30, 2018 (Week 40)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of Influenza-</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of Metro Area Influenza Hospitalizations</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1,582</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of Influenza Outbreaks</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Contact: Audrey.Kunkes@dph.ga.gov or (404) 463-4625
Outpatient Illness Surveillance

In Georgia during week 20, 2.1% of patient visits reported through the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) were due to influenza-like illness (ILI). The percentage is above the regional baseline of 2.2%. (ILI is defined as fever (temperature of 100°F [37.8°C] or greater) and cough and/or sore throat.)

A total of 92 sentinel providers reported data for week 20.

Note: The regional baseline is formulated by averaging ILI percentage during weeks of endemic activity determined by laboratory results for influenza. HHS Region 4 (AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, and TN) (Baseline: 2.2%).

Percentage of Visits for Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Reported by the Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet), Weekly Georgia Summary, 2018-19 and Selected Previous Seasons
Number of Visits for Influenza-like Illness (ILI), by Age, Reported by the Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet), Weekly Georgia Summary, 2018-19 Influenza Season

Summary of ILI, by Age, Reported to ILINet, Weekly Georgia, 2018-19 Influenza Season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group in Years</th>
<th>No. of ILI Visits (Week 20)</th>
<th>Cumulative Data since September 30, 2018 (Week 40)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>535</td>
<td>32,916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-17</td>
<td>566</td>
<td>33,819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-49</td>
<td>358</td>
<td>23,299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-64</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>8,147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>5,502</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1,673</td>
<td>103,683</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ILI Activity Indicator

ILI Activity Levels measure ILI activity each week. Activity levels are based on the percent of outpatient visits in Georgia due to ILI compared to the 3 year average of ILI visits during weeks with little or no influenza virus circulation.

During week 20, the activity level in Georgia was **MINIMAL = 2**

Geographic Spread of Influenza

Geographic spread is measured weekly and reflects geographic dispersion of influenza and is not an indicator of influenza severity.

During week 20, the geographic spread of influenza in Georgia was **SPORADIC**

**No Activity:** No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI.

**Sporadic:** Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

**Local:** Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state.

**Regional:** Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.

**Widespread:** Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.
Influenza-Associated Mortality

Influenza-associated deaths (in all ages) are reportable by law in the state of Georgia. To be confirmed as an influenza-associated death, the person must have a clinically compatible illness, a positive influenza test, no documented recovery between the illness and death.

There were 0 influenza-associated deaths reported in Georgia during week 20.

A total of 44 influenza-associated deaths have been confirmed for the 2018-2019 season.

### Summary of Influenza-associated Deaths, by Age, Georgia, 2018-19 Influenza Season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group in Years</th>
<th>No. of Flu Deaths (Data Cumulative since Week 40)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-17</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-49</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-64</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>44</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations

The Influenza Hospitalization Surveillance Network (FluSurv-Net) reports laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations in the eight county metro Atlanta area (Fulton, DeKalb, Clayton, Cobb, Douglas, Gwinnett, Rockdale, and Newton) for the 2018-2019 influenza season.

There were 7 laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations confirmed for week 20.

A total of 1,582 laboratory confirmed influenza hospitalizations have been reported for the 2018-2019 season.

### Summary of Influenza Hospitalizations, by Age, Georgia, 2018-19 Influenza Season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group in Years</th>
<th>No. of Flu Hospitalization (Cumulative Data since Week 40)</th>
<th>Hospitalization Rate (per 100,000 population)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>56.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-17</td>
<td>121</td>
<td>16.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18-49</td>
<td>338</td>
<td>17.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-64</td>
<td>334</td>
<td>44.31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+</td>
<td>638</td>
<td>140.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,582</strong></td>
<td><strong>38.60</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Influenza Outbreaks

Influenza outbreaks are reportable by law in the state of Georgia.

0 influenza outbreaks were reported for week 20.

A total of 81 laboratory confirmed influenza outbreaks have been reported in Georgia for the 2018-2019 season.

Number of Laboratory Confirmed Influenza Outbreaks by Onset Week
Weekly Georgia, Summary, 2018-19 Influenza Season
**Virologic Surveillance**

The National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) and World Health Organization (WHO) collaborating laboratories (a combination of clinical and public health laboratories) report the total number of respiratory specimens tested for influenza and the number of positive for influenza, by virus type. Public Health Laboratories provide data about influenza virus subtypes and lineages (next page).

### Influenza Positive Tests Reported by Clinical Laboratories, Georgia, 2018-19 Influenza Season

![Graph showing influenza positive tests by week](image)

### Summary of Influenza Tests from Clinical Laboratories, Georgia,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Week 20</th>
<th>Cumulative Data Since Week 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of specimens tested</td>
<td>534</td>
<td>43,809</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of positive specimens</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>5,148</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza A</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4,684</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza B</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>464</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
During week 20, public health laboratories in Georgia reported testing 0 specimens for influenza.

**Summary of Influenza Tests from Public Health Laboratories, Georgia,**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Cumulative Data Since Week 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of specimens tested</td>
<td>1,562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of Positive Specimens</td>
<td>704</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza A (subtype not performed)</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A(H1N1)pmd09</td>
<td>196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H3</td>
<td>485</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza B (lineage not performed)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yamagata lineage</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victoria lineage</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Respiratory Syncytial Virus Infection (RSV) Surveillance

Data from NREVSS are also analyzed to measure the RSV seasonality. RSV season onset is defined as the first week of two (2) consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL laboratory confirmed tests are greater than or equal to 10%. The end of RSV season is now defined as the first week of two consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL laboratory confirmed tests are less than 10%.

RSV Season Status: **OFF**

During week 20, clinical laboratories in Georgia reported testing 142 specimens, of which 1% were positive for RSV.

**RSV Positive Tests Reported by Clinical Laboratories, Georgia, 2018-19 RSV Season**

![Graph showing RSV positive tests by week]

**Summary of RSV Tests from Clinical Laboratories, Georgia,**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Week 20</th>
<th>Data Cumulative Since Week 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. of specimens tested</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>8,557</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of positive specimens</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>945</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>