GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Georgia Weekly Influenza Report

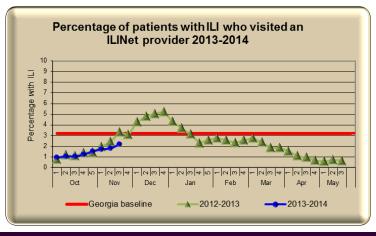
MMWR Week 47

Updated 12/02/2013

Week 47 (Nov. 17, 2013-Nov. 23, 2013) Synopsis

During week 47 there was local influenza activity in Georgia with minimal occurrences of sustained flu transmission.

- Outpatient Illness Surveillance (ILINet): The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was 2.20%, which is below the Georgia baseline of 3.2%.
- **Geographic Spread of Influenza:** The geographic spread of influenza in Georgia was **MINIMAL** during week 47.
- **Metro Area Hospitalizations:** There were 19 hospitalizations due to influenza infection in week 47.
- Influenza Related Deaths: There were 0 confirmed deaths due to influenza during week 47.
- Viral Surveillance: Of the 971 Specimens tested and reported by the Georgia Public Health Laboratory (GPHL) and the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 47, 121 (12.5%) were positive for influenza.
- **Reported Influenza Outbreaks:** There were **0** influenza-related outbreaks reported to public health during week 47.
- **RSV Viral Surveillance:** Of the 418 specimens tested and reported by the Georgia Public Health Laboratory (GPHL) and the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 47, 30.6% percent were positive for Respiratory syncytial virus, **above the season onset threshold of 10.0%**.



ILINet Provider Network Data

This Week: **2.20%** of patients seen in ILINet Provider offices were diagnosed with ILI.

Note: The Georgia baseline is formulated by averaging ILI percentage during weeks of endemic activity determined by laboratory results for influenza.

Percentage of patients with ILI reported by

ILINet providers (Volunteer providers who report percentage of patients with ILI seen by their practice or facility weekly. This week there are currently **29** ILINet providers reporting in Georgia.)

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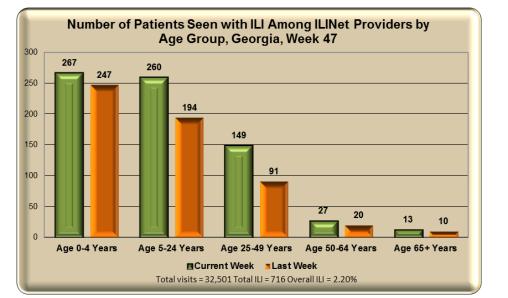
ILINet patient visits by age group

This graph displays the number of patients seen at sentinel provider offices and diagnosed with ILI in the past week. The data are stratified by age-group.

ILI Activity Level Indicator - ILINet

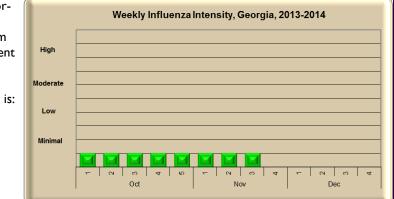
(This graph uses the proportion of outpatient visits for ILI to measure the ILI severity in Georgia.) For a national view, visit http://cdc.gov/flu/ weekly/)

ILINet Patient Visits By Age Group

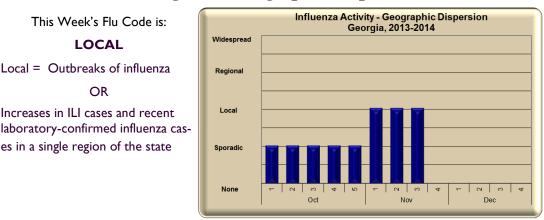


During week 47 those in the aged 0-24 years were most often seen with ILI symptoms by ILINet providers.

Georgia ILI Intensity Indicator



Georgia ILI Geographic Dispersion



Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists **Report - Geographic Dis**persion

(This graph reflects geographic dispersion and is not an indicator of influenza severity)

ILI Activity Levels (I - 10) correspond to the number of standard deviations away from the 3-year mean for the current week.

This week the intensity level is: Minimal = I

This Week's Flu Code is:

LOCAL

OR

Local = Outbreaks of influenza

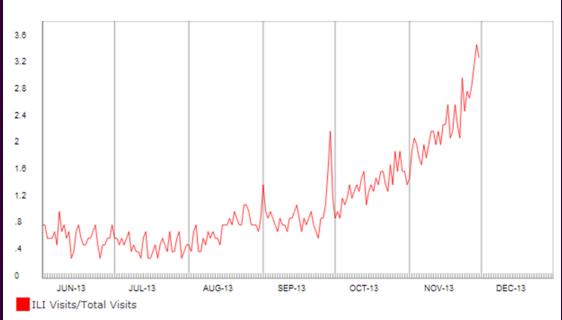
Increases in ILI cases and recent

es in a single region of the state

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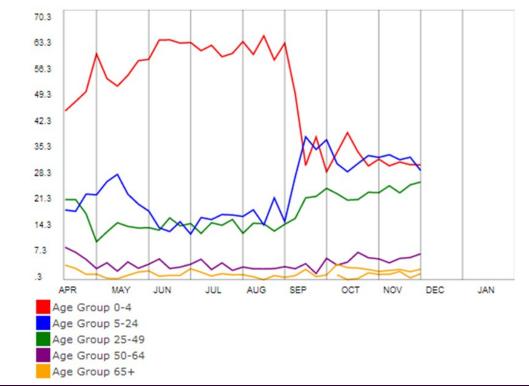
Syndromic Surveillance Data Daily Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits)

Daily Percent of ILI Syndrome Visits to Georgia Emergency



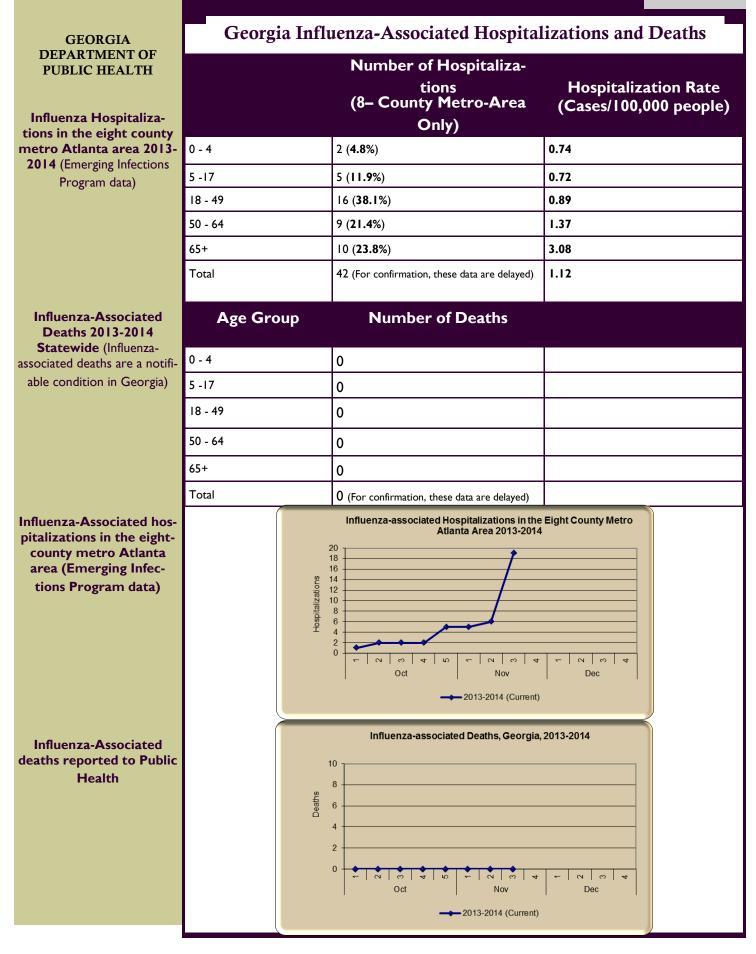
During **week 47** the daily percentage of patients seen for ILI in Georgia Emergency Departments reporting to our syndromic surveillance system increased.

Weekly Percent of ILI Syndrome Visits by Age Group



Syndromic Surveillance Data Weekly Influenza-like Illness Syndrome (percentage of ILI visits by Age Group)

Week 47



We Protect Lives.

Week 47

Georgia Virologic Surveillance Data

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GA DPH on the web ! http://dph.georgia.gov/

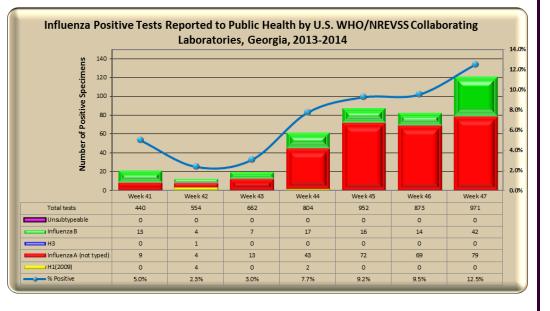
Georgia threshold of RSV season on-

set and end

RSV season onset is defined as the first week of two (2) consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL lab confirmed tests are greater than or equal to 10%. The end of RSV season is now defined as the first week of two consecutive weeks when the percent positive of ALL lab confirmed tests are less than 10%. **RSV Season Sta-**

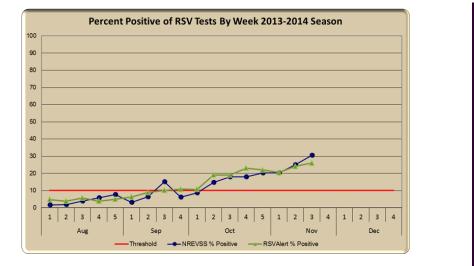
tus: ON





Note: Includes rapid tests reported from reference Laboratories and the Georgia Public Health Laboratory; not all positive laboratory results for influenza are reported to Public Health. Data may vary week to week due to late provider reporting

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) Surveillance Data



Note: Due to a decrease in the number of laboratories reporting to NREVSS, we have decided to look at the average RSV percent positives rather than the mean percent positives of all labs. We have also included data from the <u>RSVAlert program</u> to give a more robust view of RSV in Georgia. Data may vary week to week due to late provider reporting

Flu News

Flu Scan: Vaccine effectiveness in pregnancy; Flu mutation predictability; Social medial and flu contest

Flu activity picks up slightly in southern US

Flu educational information in different languages